

PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT

ARVIN INDUSTRIES, INC. SITE

U.S. EPA ID: IND062812870

INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA

MARION COUNTY

MARCH 15, 1993

INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

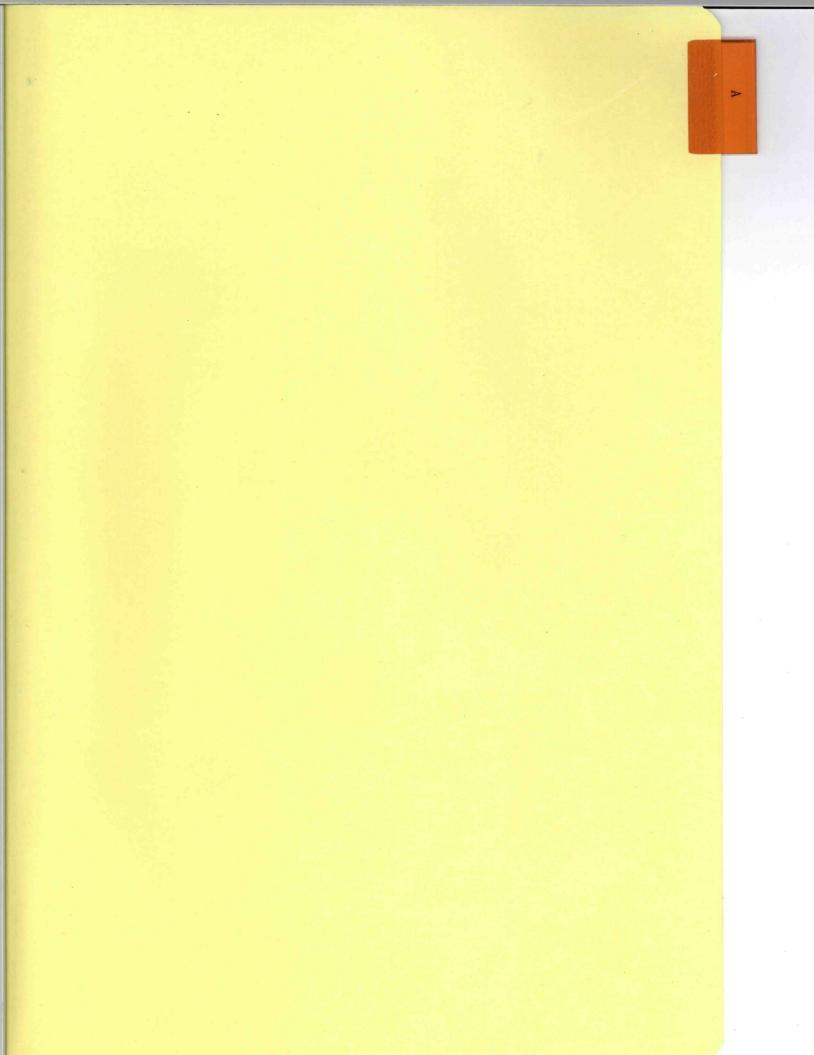
PREPARED BY:

MARK L. JAWORSKI ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENTIST HARRY E. ATKINSON, CHIEF SITE INVESTIGATION SECTION

ARVIN INDUSTRIES, INC. SITE

TABLE OF CONTENTS

- A. Site Narrative
- B. References
- C. Preliminary Assessment Form
- D. Site Photographs
- E. Site Maps
 - 1. 4-Mile Radius Map
 - 2. 15-Mile Surface Water Pathway Map/Sensitive Environment Information
 - 3. Aerial Blueprint Map
 - 4. FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Map
- F. Department of Natural Resources Well Logs and Locator Map



ARVIN INDUSTRIES, INC. SITE SITE NARRATIVE

INTRODUCTION

Under the authority of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) and the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA), the Site Investigation Section of the Indiana Department of Environmental Management (IDEM) conducted a Preliminary Assessment (PA) of the Arvin Industries, Inc. site in Indianapolis, Indiana, Marion County.

The purpose of this investigation was to collect information concerning conditions at the Arvin Industries site sufficient to assess the threat posed to human health and the environment and to determine the need for additional CERCLA/SARA or other appropriate action. The scope of the investigation included a review of available file information, a comprehensive target survey, and an on/off-site reconnaissance.

SITE DESCRIPTION, OPERATIONAL HISTORY, AND WASTE CHARACTERISTICS SITE DESCRIPTION

The site, formerly known as Arvin Automotive Industries, lies in an industrial area of Marion County and is located at the northeast corner of Interstate 70 and the Airport Expressway in Indianapolis, Indiana. The site is located in Township 15 North, Range 3 East, Section 18 SE \(\frac{1}{4} \), SE \(\frac{1}{4} \), and Section 19 NE \(\frac{1}{4} \), NE \(\frac{1}{4} \). The facility can also be found at 39° 44′ 06" latitude and 86° 14′ 13.45" longitude. Refer to the Site Location Map (Figure 1) on the following page.

supervision of Arvin Industries personnel. It was reported that at least one of these tanks was 15 years old at the time of removal. These two USTs contained blended solvents of primarily mineral spirits, toluene and xylene type products.

The 18,000 gallon UST contained raw chemical product for use in the facility and the 500 gallon UST contained waste chemicals resulting from operations in the processing area.

Upon complete removal of the USTs, the tanks were reportedly visually inspected on-site by Arvin representatives who determined that the structural integrity of the tanks was satisfactory. The soils were replaced and used as backfill. The removed tanks were then cut open to allow final cleaning and removal of remaining residues. Following this, the tanks were completely destroyed by being cut-up in smaller sections. The individual tank pieces were then collected and taken off-site as scrap metal.

As part of the Phase II report, soil borings samples along with groundwater samples from groundwater monitoring wells (installed by ATEC during the Phase II investigation) were obtained. Sample results indicated elevated levels of 1,1,1-Trichloroethane and tetrachloroethane in the soils. Groundwater samples revealed 1,1-Dichloroethane (49 ppb) and 1,1,1-Trichloroethane.

According to a letter by Mr. Gifford, dated December 21, 1992, the contents of the two UST's at the northwest corner of the building consisted almost exclusively of mineral spirits (with perhaps traces of toluene and xylene) and that trichloroethane was not used in the operation of the facility.

In December 1988, the facility was sold to Indianapolis Industrial Development #1, Inc. An on-site visit conducted on January 15, 1993, revealed that the north half of the facility is now being leased to the Tractor Supply Company (TSC). TSC, a farm equipment and supply company, is leasing the former plant building. TSC is using the building as a retail distribution center. The only known substance TSC is currently utilizing is a degreasing soap (HD5770) used to clean the plant floor. Spent hydraulic fluid from the forklifts used in the Warehouse is being disposed of by Material Handling Exchange, 1411 Century Club Road, in Indianapolis, Indiana.

The east half of the plant building is currently being leased by the State of Indiana and is being used as its form department.

GROUNDWATER PATHWAY

HYDRAULIC SETTING

The Urban land-Miami Complex makes up the majority of surface soils on site. Run off is generally rapid. Permeability of the soils range from .6-2.0 inches/hour and the pH is from 5.6 to 7.3. The Urban land-Crosby Complex encompasses the west to southwestern sector of the site property. This soil has virtually the same characteristics as the Urban land -Miami Complex.

The unconsolidated material above the bedrock may be described as a sequence of coarse sand and gravel with beds of gravely silt. The intervals described as gravel with silt or clay may, in fact, be the tills typical of Wisconsin (and possibly Illinoisan) glacial stratigraphy observed elsewhere in Marion County. Many of the

regional till sheets are tight gravel and clay mixtures. Since the ground surface topography is essentially flat, the thickness of these glacial deposits is controlled by the shape of the bedrock surface. The sand and gravel deposits discussed above are primarily the type of aquifers being used as sources of drinking water found in private and municipal wells.

The bedrock in the vicinity of the site is the New Albany Shale. This shale, lies directly beneath the glacial deposits. This shale is Devonian in age.

Due to the extremely low permeability characteristics associated with this shale, a water bearing reservoir in this rock type in unlikely. The underlying Devonian and Silurian carbonate rock are other sources of drinking water, however, the quality of the water is undetermined at this time.

GROUNDWATER TARGETS

Residents within a 4-mile radius rely on a municipal water supply system and water obtained from private residential wells. The nearest municipal well field is located approximately $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles to the north in Speedway, Indiana. This well field, located essentially upgradient to the site, services approximately 26,000 residents primarily within the town of Speedway.

The 26,000 people are located outside the 4-mile radius of the site. The municipal well fields which supply water to residents within the 4-mile radius, are located outside the 4-mile radius of the Arvin Industries site.

Non Responsive

GROUNDWATER CONCLUSIONS

A release of hazardous substances from the Arvin Industries Α site into a shallow aquifer is suspected. Subsurface Investigation and Sampling Results report conducted by the site noted elevated levels Environmental at Dichloroethane (49 ppb) and 1,1,1-Trichloroethane (1500 ppb) within shallow aguifer at a depth of around 17 feet. The report indicated that groundwater flow may be in an easterly direction. Due to the fact that 1) a potential exists for the detected volatile organic compounds (VOC) to migrate into the underlying aguifers used for drinking water and 2) numerous residential private wells lie close to the former Arvin Industries site, a potential for migration of contaminants into aquifer used for drinking water is suspected. As mentioned earlier, Mr. Page, an Arvin Industries representative, stated in a letter the VOCs detected on-site were not used in their manufacturing process. Therefore, it should be determined if a release of contaminants can be attributed to the former Arvin Industries site.

SURFACE WATER PATHWAY

HYDROLOGIC SETTING

Overland drainage from the majority of the site appears to flow in a southerly direction into an intermittent stream named State Ditch. Drainage along the west perimeter is controlled by a diversion ditch which allows surface runoff to flow north. It appears that drainage from the north trending ditch eventually

discharges into State Ditch. Drainage from State Ditch flows directly into the White River at a point located approximately $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles south of the site.

SURFACE WATER TARGETS

There are no surface water intakes located within 15 downstream miles of the site. Most residents are served by the municipal water company. Residents not served by the municipal system obtain drinking water from individual private wells.

White River is used for recreational fishing. Aquatic species commonly caught may include, bass, catfish, and various pan fish.

There are numerous sensitive environments within 15 downstream miles of the site. Below in table form is a list of the sensitive species/features and the status of each.

Species/Feature	<u>Status</u>		
Clonophis kirtlandii	Federal Candidate Snake		
Flood Plain Forest	Natural Community		
Epioblasma torulosa rangiana	State Endangered Mussel Federal Candidate Mussel		
Pleurobema clava	State Endangered Mussel Federal Candidate Mussel		
Quadrula cylindrica cylindrica	State Endangered Mussel		

SURFACE WATER CONCLUSIONS

There are no indications of a release of contaminants to surface water nor are any releases suspected. Contaminants on site were detected in deep subsurface soils (≈12 feet) and in the shallow groundwater. There does not appear to be a groundwater to

surface water pathway which could allow contaminants to be discharged into State Ditch or the White River. It appears that any potential contamination is confined to the subsurface.

SOIL EXPOSURE AND AIR PATHWAY

PHYSICAL CONDITIONS

As addressed in the site description of this narrative, a plant building covers approximately 12 acres. Parking lots encompassing approximately 4 acres surround the north, east, and south sectors of the plant building. The west perimeter of the site is grass covered. The entire site is fenced.

SOIL AND AIR TARGETS

There are no residents on site. The nearest resident is 500 feet to the west and the nearest school is Sanders School located 3000 feet to the southwest. The total population within a 4-mile radius is approximately 120,000. The population was determined by assuming 15% of the population of Indianapolis.

There is also the possibility that terrestrial sensitive environments of the State endangered bird, Bartramia bugicanda, may inhabit an area along the White River, one mile south of the site.

SOIL EXPOSURE AND AIR PATHWAY CONCLUSIONS

The soil exposure pathway appears to pose a minimal threat at the Arvin Industries site. According to a sample analysis report

by ATEC, it appears that any contamination on site is confined to the subsurface \geq 12 feet. In addition, access to the site is limited. A fence surround the entire site.

SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

The Arvin Industries site operated from 1974 to 1988.

A release of hazardous substances from the Arvin Industries site into a shallow aquifer is suspected. A substance Investigation and Sampling Results report conducted by ATEC Environmental at the site noted elevated levels of 1,1-Dichloroethane (49 ppb) and 1,1,1-Trichloroethane (1500 ppb) within & shallow aquifer at a depth of around 17 feet.

There are no indications of a release of contaminants to surface water nor are any releases suspected. It appears that any potential on-site contaminants are confined specifically to the subsurface.

Due to the fact that 1) the former plant building covers approximately 12 acres, 2) a paved parking lot covers the north, east and southern sectors of the property, and 3) due to the good cover of vegetation along the west perimeter of the site, the likelihood of human exposure to contaminated soil is probably minimal. No release to the air is suspected due to the paved areas and heavily vegetative cover and the lack of any odors or blowing particulates during the site reconnaissance.

The site encompasses approximately 15 acres, of which approximately 4 acres, located on the north, east, and south sectors of the site, are designated parking lot/storage areas. The plant building covers approximately 12 acres and consists of about 4,000 sq. ft. of office space and 484,000 sq. ft. of warehouse space. Except for certain areas, the majority of the parking lot areas are paved and appears to have been maintained. The west sector of the facility is grass covered. A north draining diversion ditch along with a billboard are also situated on the western portion of the site. Groundwater monitoring wells are present along the west and north sectors of the site. No evidence of previous underground storage tank excavation activity was observed.

OPERATIONAL HISTORY AND WASTE CHARACTERISTICS

The facility operated from 1974 to 1988. In a telephone conversation with Mr. Page Gifford on March 10, 1993, legal representative for Arvin Industries, the property was purchased with an industrial revenue bond in 1974. Mr. Gifford was unaware of any manufacturing occurring at the facility and was under the impression that the plant building was used principally as a warehouse. However, according to a Phase II report (Subsurface Investigation and Sampling Result for the Arvin Industries site) by ATEC Environmental, the northwest corner of the plant building was used as a processing area for creating and/or finishing automotive mufflers.

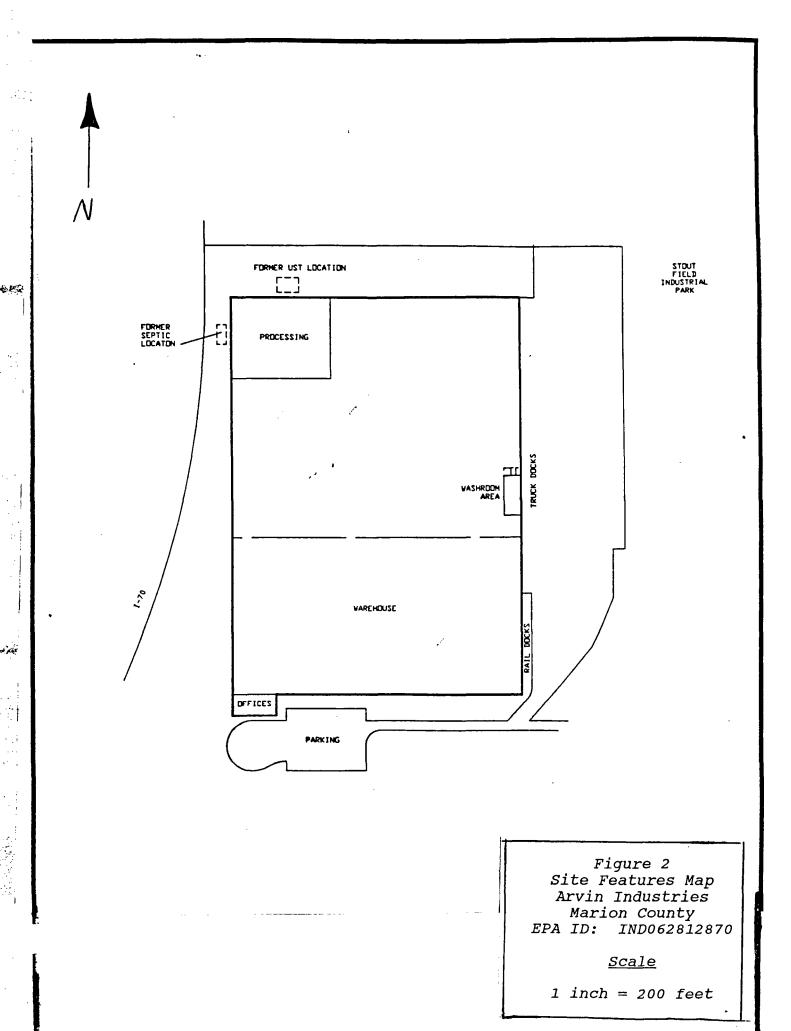
On March 12, 1993, Mr. Gifford stated that after further inquiries into the former operations at the site, it is believed that tail pipe and muffler pipe assembling work was performed in the processing area. The exhaust products went through a wash and clean operation in order to remove oil film. A baked on rust inhibitor was applied to some products. An automatic sprayer was used to paint glasspacks. In a letter dated December 21, 1992, stated that trichloroethane was not used in the operation of the facility.

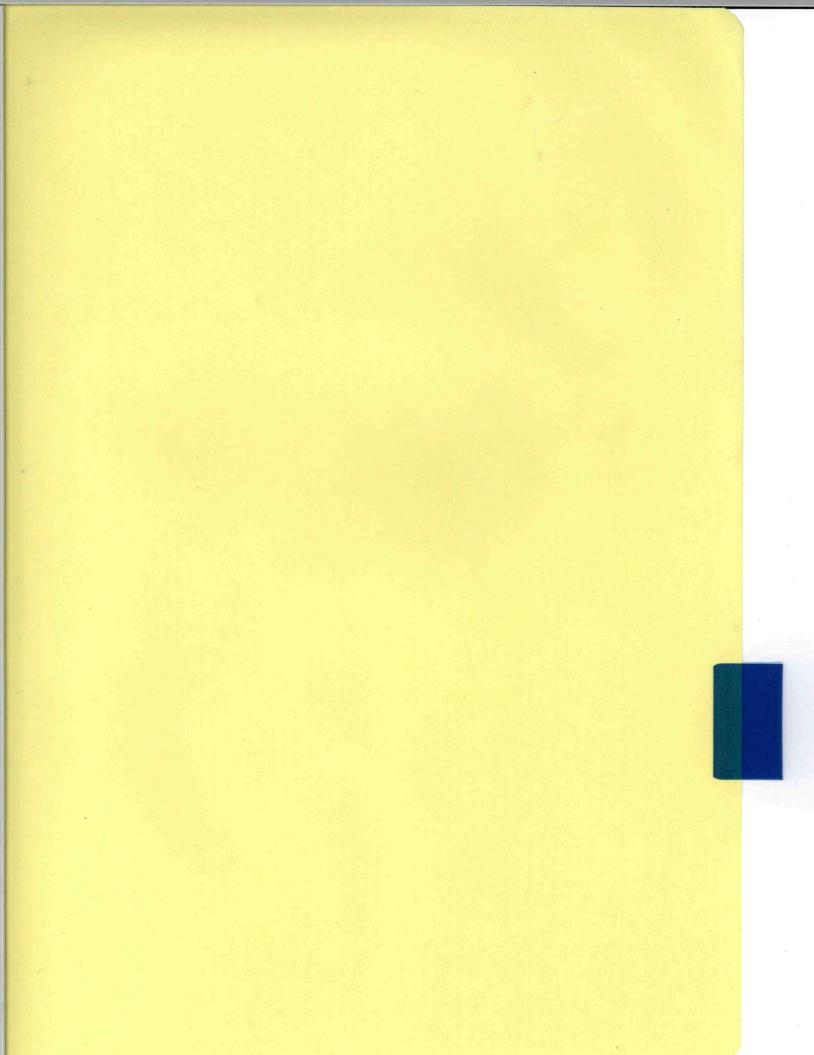
As a result of the Phase II report, several areas of environmental concern were identified for further investigation. These are as follows:

- The underground storage tanks (USTs) formerly located near the north side of the buildings.
- The septic tank system formerly located near the northwest corner of the building.
- Suspected asbestos-containing ceiling tile inside the building.

A site map showing the plant buildings, UST areas, and other site features can be found on Figure 2.

The report verified records that two underground storage tanks (USTs) were at one time located on the north side of the property. Piping used during the service life of the tanks were noted at the location of the removed USTs. In April of 1986, one 18,000 gallon UST and one 500 gallon UST were reportedly removed under the





REFERENCE LIST

- ATEC ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTANTS, SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION AND SAMPLING RESULTS FOR ARVIN INDUSTRIES; ATEC PROJECT NUMBER 21-97509; 9-28-92
- 2. INDIANA GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, CAVES OF INDIANA, RICHARD L. POWELL, CIRCULAR NO. 8; 1961
- 3. INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES/DIVISION OF WATER, DRILLER WELL LOGS
- 4. U.S.G.S. TOPOGRAPHIC MAP, MAYWOOD QUADRANGLE, 1986; CLERMONT QUADRANGLE 1984; INDIANAPOLIS WEST QUADRANGLE, 1980; MAYWOOD QUADRANGLE, 1986.
- 5. REFER TO ATTACHMENT A
- 6. U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE, BUREAU OF THE CENSUS, 1990 CENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING, SUMMARY POPULATION AND HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS OF INDIANA
- 7. TELEPHONE CONVERSATION WITH JIM HARRIS, INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT/DRINKING WATER BRANCH; 2-17-93
- 8. TELEPHONE CONVERSATION WITH MIKE LITTLEJOHN, SPEEDWAY WATER COMPANY; 2-10-93
- 9. SOIL SURVEY OF MARION COUNTY, U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE; 1978
- 10. INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT/DRINKING WATER BRANCH ARNIE VIER; 2-10-93
- 11. U.S.G.S. TOPOGRAPHIC MAP, MAYWOOD QUADRANGLE; 1986
- 12. U.S.G.S. WATER RESOURCES DATA, INDIANA; WATER YEAR 1991; U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY WATER DATA REPORT IN-91-1
- INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES/DIVISION OF NATURE PRESERVES-HERITAGE PROGRAM; MR. CLOYCE HEDGE, SENSITIVE ENVIRONMENT REQUEST

- 14. IINDIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT, ON-SITE VISIT WITH M. JAWORSKI, B. GILES, AND J. NADDY; 1-15-93
- 1. PERSONAL CONVERSATION WITH LLOYD PAXTON, MANAGER OF THE TRACTOR SUPPLY COMPANY WAREHOUSE, 1-15-93
- 16. REFER TO ATTACHMENT B

A 30 "

V



ARVIN INDUSTRIES, INC., One Noblitt Plaza, Box 3000, Columbus, IN 47202-3000 (812) 379-3000

Legal Department

21 December 1992

Mr. Mark Jaworski
Site Investigation Section
Indiana Department of
Environmental Management
105 S. Meridian St.
Indianapolis IN 46225

Re: 4430 Airport Expressway

Dear Mr. Jaworski:

Pursuant to your request, please find enclosed a copy of the report of the Phase II investigation which ATEC conducted on Arvin's behalf at the above-captioned location in September of 1989.

As is reflected in the report, I have additionally confirmed both that the contents of the two UST's at the northwest corner of the building consisted almost exclusively of mineral spirits (with perhaps traces of tolulene and xylene) and that trichlorethane was not used in the operation of the facility.

As regards the one "hot spot" for TCE reflected by the MW-2 sample, I note that the contour map (Fig. 4) shows that the groundwater flow is West-to-East, making MW-2 upgradient from MW-3. This is at least indicative that the source of the trichlorethane in the groundwater was off-site, an inference further supported by the fact that I am advised that this contaminant was not employed at the facility.

I trust this is responsive to your inquiry.

Page E.

Counsel

PEG/ego

encl.

SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION
AND SAMPLING RESULTS
ARVIN INDUSTRIES SITE
4430 AIRPORT EXPRESSWAY
INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA
ATEC PROJECT NUMBER 21-97509



Prepared For:

MR. GARY ADMIRE
DIRECTOR OF FINANCIAL SERVICES
ARVIN INDUSTRIES, INC.
1531 13th STREET
COLUMBUS, IN 47201



(317) 849-4990, FAX # (317) 849-4278

September 29, 1989

Mr. Gary Admire Director of Financial Services Arvin Industries, Inc. 1531 13th Street Columbus, IN 47201

Subsurface Investigation and Sampling Results

Solid & Hazardous Waste Site Assessments

Hydrogeologic Investigations & Monitoring

Industrial Hygiene / Hazard Communication **Environmental Audits & Permitting**

Exploratory Drilling & Monitoring Wells

Remedial Design & Construction

Underground Tank Management

Asbestos Surveys & Analysis

Analytical Testing / Chemistry

Arvin Industries Site 4430 Airport Expressway Indianapolis, Indiana

ATEC Project Number 21-97509

Dear Mr. Admire:

ATEC Environmental Consultants (ATEC) has completed the subsurface investigation and sampling project at the above-referenced site. The purposes of this project was to investigate areas of potential environmental concern outlined in our January, 1988 environmental site assessment (ATEC Project Number 21-87001).

The following report includes a description of the work performed, our findings and conclusions and recommendations.

Should you have any questions or comments regarding this report, please do not hesitate to contact either of the undersigned.

Very truly yours,

ATEC Associates, Inc.

Lawrence E. Kahrs

Project Engineering Geologist

Gregory B. Byer, P.E.

Project Hydrogeological Engineer

Trung B Byan / 15th

LEK/ca

cc: Mr. Rick Suja, Coldwell Banker Commercial

TABLE OF CONTENTS

			PAGE
1.0	INTRODUCTION		
2.0	WORK PERFORMED		
	2.1	Former UST Location	3
	2.2		8
		Groundwater Monitoring Well Installation	9
	2.4	Asbestos Sampling	10
3.0	FINDINGS		
	3.1	Subsurface Conditions	11
	3.2	Analytical Results - Soil and Groundwater	11
	3.3	Groundwater Conditions	14
	3.4	Asbestos	15
4.0	CONC	LUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	17

APPENDICES

Appendix A Boring Logs and Monitoring Well Construction Diagrams

Appendix B Laboratory Results

SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION AND SAMPLING RESULTS

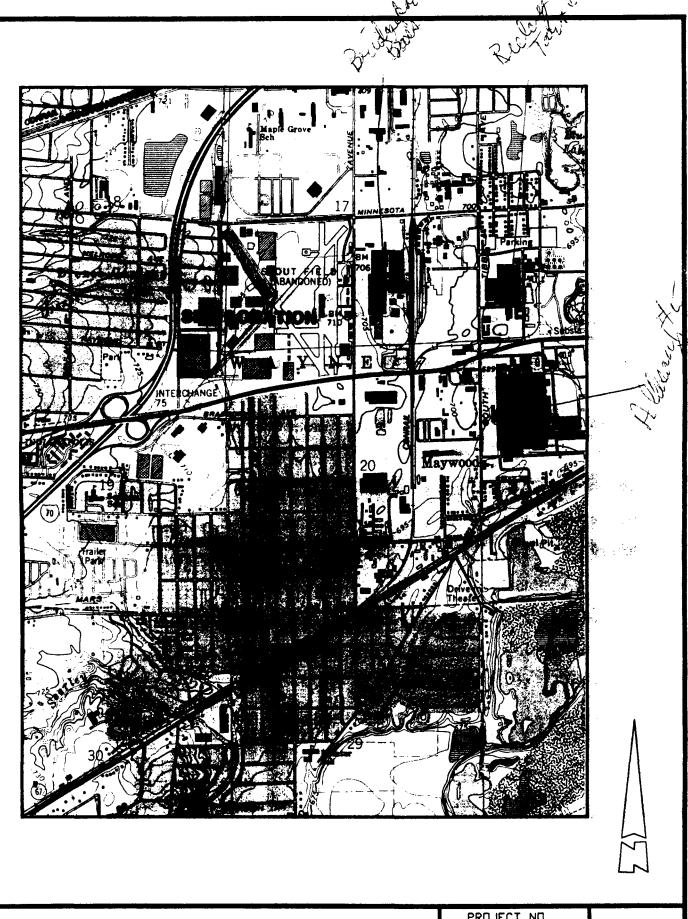
Arvin Industries Site 4430 Airport Expressway Indianapolis, Indiana ATEC Project Number 21-97509

1.0 INTRODUCTION

ATEC Environmental Consultants (ATEC) was retained by Arvin Industries, Inc. (Arvin) to perform a subsurface investigation and sampling project at the Arvin site located at 4430 Airport Expressway in Indianapolis, Indiana. The purpose of this project was to investigate areas of potential environmental concern which were identified in the January, 1988 environmental site assessment prepared by ATEC (ATEC Project Number 21-87001).

The study site, formerly known as Arvin Automotive Industries, is located at the northeast corner of Interstate 70 and the Airport Expressway. The location of the site relative to the surrounding area is shown on Figure 1. The building at the site consists of approximately 4,000 sq. ft of office space and 484,000 sq. ft of warehouse space. The northwest corner of the building was used as a processing area for creating and/or finishing automotive mufflers.

As a result of the environmental site assessment, several areas of environmental concern were identified for further investigation. These are as follows:



VICINITY MAP SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION & SAMPLING ARVIN INDUSTRIES SITE INDIANPOLIS, IN PROJECT NO. 21-97509

SCALE

1" = 2000'

FIGURE NO.



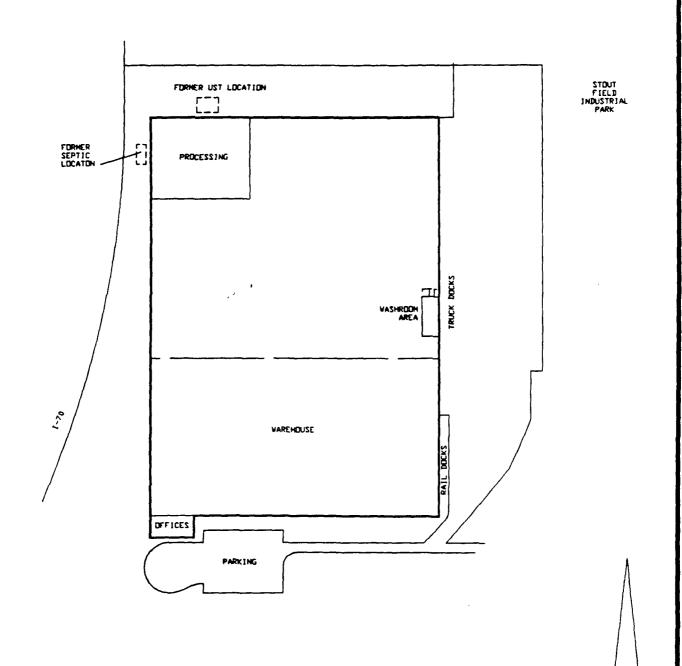
- * The underground storage tanks (USTs) formerly located near the north side of the building.
- * The septic tank system formerly located near the northwest corner of the building.
- * Suspected asbestos-containing ceiling tile inside the building.

The configuration of the site and the areas of potential environmental concern are shown on Figure 2. This report describes the activities undertaken by ATEC to investigate each of these areas and describes our subsequent findings.

2.0 WORK PERFORMED

2.1 Former: Underground Storage: Tanks: Location

The walk-through site investigation verified records that two underground storage tanks (USTs) were at one time located on the north side of the property. Piping and vent piping used during the service life of the tanks were noted at the location of the removed USTs. In April of 1986, one 18,000 gallon UST and one 500 gallon UST were reportedly removed under the supervision of Arvin Industries personnel. It was reported that at least one of these tanks was 15 years old at the time of removal. These two USTs contained blended solvents of primarily mineral spirits, toluene and xylene type products.



SITE PLAN SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION & SAMPLING ARVIN INDUSTRIES SITE INDIANPOLIS, IN

PROJECT	ND.
21-97	509

SCALE

1" = 200' FIGURE ND. 2



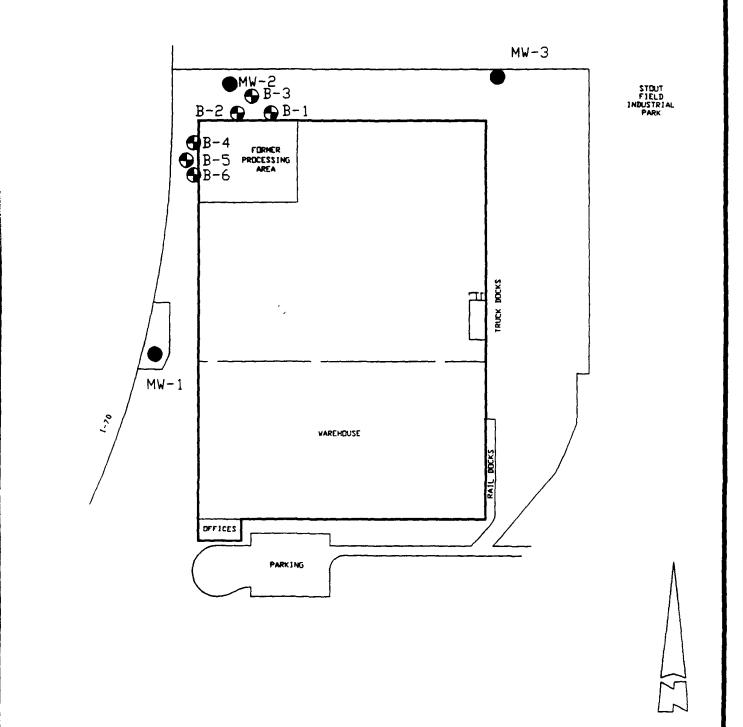
The 18,000 gallon UST contained raw chemical product for use in the facility and the 500 gallon UST contained waste chemicals resulting from operations in the processing area. Also, one small floor drain located near the center of the processing area was plumbed to the now removed 500 gallon UST.

Upon complete removal of the USTs, the tanks were reportedly visually inspected on-site by Arvin representatives who determined that the structural integrity of the tanks was The soils surrounding the USTs were also satisfactory. visually inspected and were reportedly at that time judged to be free of possible contamination. From the observations made during the UST removal, the soils were replaced and used as backfill along with extra backfill provided by the contractor. The removed tanks were then cut open to allow final cleaning and removal of remaining residues. Following this, the tanks were completely destroyed by being cut-up in smaller sections. The individual tank pieces were then collected and removed off-site as scrap metal. The tank removal reports do not indicate that any soil samples were collected and analyzed for potential contamination.

Due to the potential adverse environmental effects of the former USTs, ATEC advanced three (3) soil borings in the area of the former USTs. Each of the borings were drilled to

total depth of 12.5 ft which represented the approximate depth to groundwater in this area. All of the borings were drilled using hollow-stem auger techniques. The locations of the borings are shown in Figure 3. In order to evaluate the soil conditions of each boring location, split-spoon samples were collected at 2.5 ft intervals throughout each boring. Each soil sample was inspected visually for evidence of contamination. Logging of the soil sample consisted of describing the soil using the Unified Soil Classification System (USCS). Also recorded on the boring logs are the results of the Organic Vapor Analyzer screening performed on each soil sample, A Century Organic Vapor Analyzer (OVA) Model 128 was used for this purpose. Following extrusion of each soil sample, the OVA inlet was placed in a clean sample jar with a representative portion of the sample. The value recorded during this procedure was then recorded on the boring log. The OVA is a Flame Ionization Detector (FID) and is equipped with a small pump which draws sample vapors into The sample vapor is then ionized by a hydrogen a chamber. flame and a detector displays the degree of ionization on a dial gauge in units of parts per million (ppm). the boring logs describing the soil conditions and associated OVA readings can be found in Appendix A of this report.

The soil sample collected from the 11.0 to 12.5 ft interval at the base of each boring was submitted for analysis of



_ROUNDWATER CONTOUR MAP SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION & SAMPLING ARVIN INDUSTRIES SITE INDIANPOLIS, IN

PROJECT NO.

21-97509

1'' = 200'FIGURE NO.

SCALE

volatile organic compounds (VOC). This sampling interval represented the depth at which potential contamination from the former USTs may have been present.

2.2 Former Septic Tank Area

At the time Arvin Industries closed operations at this facility, the two (2) septic tanks were reportedly cleaned out, tops broken open and filled with sand. The lines leading from the drains to the septic tanks were emptied but were not plugged off. The lines to the septic tanks were serviced by floor drains and floor grates. The grated drains are composed of a small cement vault (sump) with a 3 in. diameter stand pipe or riser. The sump is designed to fill prior to draining through the pipe in order to prevent heavy slugs of waste material from entering the septic tanks in case of a spill. The septic tanks are set-up such that they function as settling tanks prior to the effluent leaving them and discharging to the sewers.

Due to the potential environmental concerns associated with the former septic area, ATEC advanced three (3) borings near this area. These borings were drilled and sampled in an identical manner to the aforementioned borings near the former UST area. A sample was collected for analysis from the 11.0 to 12.5 ft interval in borings B-4 and B-5, and from the 13.5 to 15.0 ft interval in boring B-6. These samples were submitted for VOC analysis to ATEC Analytical Laboratories.

2.3 Groundwater Monitoring Well Installation

In order to determine if the groundwater beneath the site has been adversely affected, ATEC installed three (3) groundwater monitoring wells at the Arvin site. Since subsurface conditions had previously been determined by the borings drilled at the site, each well was installed to the desired depth without collecting soil samples.

Each well consists of 10.0 ft of 2 in. diameter 10 mil factory slotted PVC well screen installed 7.0 ft into the water table at each well location. The provision for a portion of the well screen (3.0 ft) installed above the water table allows for seasonal fluctuations in the water level beneath the site and the detection of any free-floating product which may be present. A clean sand pack was emplaced around each well screen, in addition to the natural sands which were allowed to collapse around the lower portion of the well. A bentonite seal was then installed 1.0 ft over the well screen and the remainder of the borehole grouted with a cement/bentonite grout slurry to the ground surface. A locking steel protective casing protects each well riser

from damage. Following installation, each well was developed using a clean PVC bailer and cord to reduce well turbidity and to ensure a good hydraulic connection with the surrounding aguifer.

After development, each monitoring well was sampled using a decontaminated bailer and dedicated cord. Samples from the wells were submitted to ATEC Analytical Laboratories for VOC analysis.

After the wells had been sampled, ATEC personnel returned to the site to determine the elevation of each monitoring well riser. This data, in conjunction with the measured depth to water of each location, was then used to establish the direction of groundwater flow beneath the site.

The findings of the monitoring well installation are presented in the following section of this report. Monitoring well construction diagrams for the three (3) wells can be found in Appendix A.

2.4 Asbestos

Three (3) areas of potential asbestos-containing material were identified at the site: the drop ceiling tile in the front office area, the men's washroom, and then women's washroom, all in the northern portion of the warehouse. In

order to determine if these materials contain asbestos, ATEC personnel collected representative samples from each location. The samples were then submitted to ATEC Analytical Laboratories for analysis by Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) to determine the potential asbestos content. A material which contains 1% or more asbestos fibers is regarded as an asbestos-containing material.

3.0 FINDINGS

3.1 Subsurface Conditions

Information collected during the soil boring program indicates that the soils near the former UST and septic tank locations consist of predominantly sand with trace amounts of gravel. Some fill material consisting of brown silt and clay was observed in the upper 1.0 to 2.0 ft of material.

Similar conditions were countered in monitoring wells MW-1 and MW-2 near the northwest and western portions of the property. However, monitoring well MW-3, which was installed in the northeastern portion of the property, penetrated a gray clay at approximately 7.0 ft in depth and continued to the bottom of the borehole.

3.2 Analytical Results - Soil and Groundwater

The results of the analyses performed on the soil and groundwater samples collected from the Arvin site are summarized in Table 1.

Table 1
Summary of Analytical Results
Arvin Industries Site

Sample I.D.	Depth	Matrix	Area	Volatile Organic Compound	Concentration (ppb)
B-1	11.0 - 12.5	Soil	Former UST	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5
B-2	11.0 - 12.5	Soil	Former UST	BQL 1,1,1 Trichloroethane	29
B-3	11.0 - 12.5	Soil	Former UST	Tetrachloroethene	27 ,
B-4	11.0 - 12.5	Soil	Former Septic	BQL	
B- 5	11.0 - 12.5	Soil	Former Septic	BQL	
B-6	13.5 - 15.0	Soil	Former Septic	Tetrachloroethene	7
M W-1		Water	West side of Building	BQL	
MW- 2		Water	Northwest corner of Building	1,1-Dichloroethane 1,1,1-Trichloroethane	49 V 1,500
MN-3		Water	Northeast corner of Building	Chloroform	14
ppb BQL					

As shown, slightly elevated concentrations (5 ppb and 29 ppb, respectively) of 1,1,1-Trichloroethane were detected in borings B-1 and B-3. An elevated concentration of tetrachloroethene was also detected in B-3.

The soil samples collected from the former septic tank area indicated elevated concentrations of 1,1,1-Trichloroethane and 1,1-Dichloroethane in monitoring well MW-2. A concentration of 14 ppb chloroform was also detected in monitoring well MW-3. No volatile organic compounds were detected above the quantitation limit in the sample collected from monitoring well MW-1.

It should be noted that acetone, 2-butanone, and methylene chloride are used as laboratory extraction solvents for various organic analyses. Although not summarized in Table 2, these compounds were present in the majority of all of the samples collected from the site. Acetone is also used routinely as a cleaning solvent for sampling equipment. Although the extraction and preparation processes are all performed by trained personnel in separate rooms under a vented fumehood, some vapors escape and are released into the laboratory atmosphere. The release of these vapors into the laboratory atmosphere is basically a random process dependent upon daily usage and the care and diligence of laboratory

personnel involved in handling the solvents. Once these compounds are released into the atmosphere they can contaminate any sample once it is removed from the sample container and exposed to the atmosphere. Given the extreme sensitivity of the analytical instrumentation, these compounds are often detected in low levels in environmental samples. The United States Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA) recognizes concentrations of these contaminants up to five times the quantitation limit as laboratory artifacts. It should be emphasized that the presence of these laboratory artifacts in water matrix samples is a common occurrence in many analytical laboratories and is not limited to the laboratory used for this investigation.

3.3 Groundwater Conditions

Groundwater at the Arvin site was encountered at depths of 8.0 to 10.0 ft below ground surface. For the purpose of this project, an elevation of 710 ft above mean sea level was assigned to the parking lot surface on the north side of the Arvin site. Elevations for each monitoring well were then determined using this assumed datum. A summary of the water level information collected from the site is shown in Table 2.

Table 2
Summary of Water Level Information

Monitoring Depth to Water (ft)		Elevation Measuring Point-Top of PVC Casing (ft)	Elevation Water Level (ft)	
MW-1	16.65	721.87	705.22	
MW-2	12.47	716.97	704.50	
MW-3	12.77	712.88	700.11	

Using this water level information, ATEC developed a groundwater contour map for the site as shown in Figure 4. As shown, the inferred direction of groundwater flow is onto the site from the west/northwest direction. This would indicate that monitoring well MW-2 is "upgradient" of the former UST area and the water quality at this location would be controlled by conditions off-site.

3.4 Asbestos

The results of the asbestos sampling are summarized in Table 3.

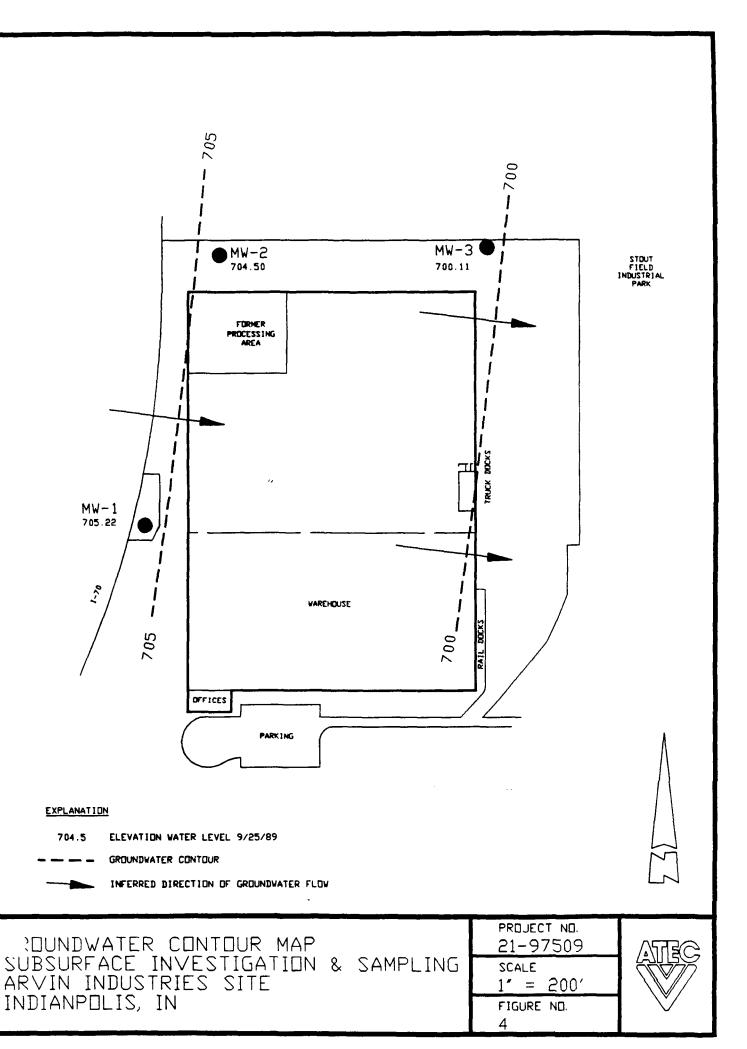
Table 3
Summary of Results
Asbestos Sampling

Sample	Location	Fiberglass	Cellulose	Asbestos
A- 1	Front office drop ceiling tile	15 - 20	35 - 45	ND
M-1	Men's washroom drop ceiling tile	70 - 80	5 - 10	ND
W-1	Women's washroom drop ceiling til		ND	ND

ND - Not detected

APPENDIX A

BORING LOGS AND MONITORING WELL CONSTRUCTION DIAGRAMS



LOG OF BORING N	0B-1
-----------------	------

CLIENT	Arvin Industries	JOB NO. 21-97509
PROJECT NAME	Subsurface Investigation	START DATE 9/21/89
PROJECT LOCATION	Airport Expressway	BORING METHOD HSA
BORING LOCATION_	Former UST location north side of building	ROCK CORE DIA. IN.
FOREMAN	J. McClain	SHELBY TUBE DIA IN.
INSPECTOR	L, Kahrs	

SOIL/ROCK DESCRIPTION	STRATUM					TPV	
	DEPTH	DEPTH	SAMPLE	SPT	REC	ppm	REMARKS
Surface Elevation	ft.	ft.	NO.	(*)		(**)	
O-O.5 Concrete (Fill material))						
Black cinders brown fine SAND and SILT,)		1	4/9/7		0.2	Offset four times
trace coarse Sand (Fill)(ML)			.	4/3//	}	0.2	orrsec rour times
	}				1		
Brown fine medium SAND, some Silt, trace	}	5	2	5/6/6		0.0	
coarse Sand (SM)	}				}]	
Brown medium SAND, some Silt, trace coarse Sand, moist (SM)	ł		3_	6/7/5	1	0.2	
Brown medium to coarse SAND, trace Silt,	}	<u> </u>			}		
(wet)(SP)		<u> </u>	4*	8/5/10	1	1.6	
		10		0, 3, 10	1	1.0	
Brown medium to coarse SAND, trace Silt,	ł				1		
(wet)(SP)			5	19/22/25	l	0.8	
			1		}	ł	
	Ì		1		Ì	l	
					l	ĺ	
	1		1		ł	ĺ	
			.			1	
_	[1	1	
<u> </u>	[<u> </u>			}	j	
 -			[[
- }		ļ	}		[
_]]]	
-			}			}	
-]]		}	}	
-		ļ ~~~			1]	
<u>-</u>]			1 1		Ì	į	
- {			1 1		1	1	
3			} [
_					}		
_					ł		
_					1	}	
_					1	[
4					{	ļ	
-			1 1		1	}	
_							
			1 1				
			1				
			Ll		1	l	1

WATER LEVEL OBSERVATIONS
NOTED ON ROOS 9.0 FT
AT COMPLETION 8.5 FT
AFTER HRS. FT

BORING METHODS
HSA-HOLLOW STEM AUGERS
CFA-CONT.FLIGHT AUGERS
HA-HAND AUGER



LOG OF BORING NO. B-2

CLIENT	Arvin Industries	JOB NO	21-97509
PROJECT NAME	Subsurface Investigation	START DA	TE 9/21/89
PROJECT LOCATION	Airport Expressway	BORING M	ethod HSA
BORING LOCATION	Former UST location	ROCK COR	E DIA. IN.
FOREMAN	J. McClain	SHELBY T	UBE DIAIN.
INSPECTOR	L. Kahrs		

-	SOIL/ROCK DESCRIPTION	STRATUM					TPV	
	Surface Elevation			SAMPLE	SPT (*)	REC %	ppm (**)	REMARKS
ı	0-0.5 Concrete (Fill material)	ft.	ft.	NO.	(-/	^	[/	
-	Black cinders brown find SAND and SILT,				0/1/0			
	trace coarse Sand (Fill) (ML)			1	3/1/2	ļ	0	
-	Brown fine medium SAND, some Silt, trace			2	3/5/5		0	
	coarse Sand (SM)		_ 5_		<i>3,3,3</i>			
-	Brown medium SAND, some Silt, trace coarse Sand, moist (SM)			3_	2/3/10		0.2	
	Brown medium SAND, some Silt, trace coarse							
-	Sand, moist (SM)		<u>_10</u>	4*	16/24/30		0.2	
	Brown medium to coarse SAND, trace Silt,			5	18/31/39		0.2	
-	(wet)(SP)			. 	10/ 31/ 33		0.2	
-		İ	<u></u>	1				
1							i	
						1		*Sample collected for
_				.]]		1		analysis
-		}]	
-						[
-								
-						1		
-					i:			
-						1		
-						1		
						1	İ	
-				:				
-		}	<u> </u>	.}				
-							'	
-				1				
				.				
_				.			'	
		j						

WATER L	evel obsei	EVATIONS
NOTED O	N RODS	FT
at compi	LETION	FT
AFTER	HRS.	FT

BORING METHODS
HSA-HOLLOW STEM AUGERS
CFA-CONT.FLIGHT AUGERS
HA-HAND AUGER



LOG OF BORING NO. B-3

CLIENT	Arvin Industries	JOB NO. 21-97509
PROJECT NAME	Subsurface Investigation	START DATE 9/21/89
PROJECT LOCATION	Airport Expressway	BORING METHOD HSA
BORING LOCATION	Former UST location north side of building	ROCK CORE DIA. IN.
FOREMAN	J. McClain	SHELBY TUBE DIA IN.
INSPECTOR	L. Kahrs	
		

SOIL/ROCK DESCRIPTION Surface Elevation	STRATUM DEPTH ft.		SAMPLE NO.	SPT (*)		TPV ppm (**)	REMARKS
		<u> </u>	1			`	
Black cinders brown fine SAND and SILT,	ĺ					_	
trace coarse Sand (Fill)(ML)	1	 	1_1	6/5/6	1 1	0	
crace coarse said (1111/(12)	}						
Brown fine medium SAND, some Silt, trace	}		2	2/3/5]	0	
coarse Sand (SM)	1	5	<u> </u>	2/3/3	1	U	
			ļ				
Brown medium SAND, some Silt, trace coarse	}	ļ	3	7/7/9	}	0	
Sand, moist (SM)	ł				ł i		
Brown medium to coarse SAND, trace Silt,	ľ	<u> </u>				0.2	
(wet)(SP)		-10-	4*	10/18/25		0.2	
Brown medium to coarse SAND, trace Silt,	[5	10/24/EE	1	0.2	
(wet)(SP)				10/24/55		0.2	
1	j			5			
]		
-							}
•}	}	}	1) ;		*Sample collected:f
·}		 	}))		
-}		 	1				analysis
		 	1				
-							
		<u> </u>	1		1 1		
		<u> </u>	ļ i		1 1		
j]		1 1		
]		1 1		
			[[[[
			j				
])		
]				
			1 1				
					1 1		1
		- -	i i	•			
		 	{		1 1		
		 	[[
	ļ		5 1				
)			ļ	la Company
}						- 1	
]]]	ĺ	
,]			ļ	
j			: 1		ıl	1	

WATER LEVEL OBSERVATIONS
NOTED ON RODS FT
AT COMPLETION FT
AFTER HRS. FT

BORING METHODS
HSA-HOLLON STEM AUGERS
CFA-CONT.FLIGHT AUGERS
HA-HAND AUGER



LOG	Œ	BORING	NO.	B-4	

CLIENT	Arvin Industries		JOB NO. 21-97509	
PROJECT NAME	Subsurface Investigation		START DATE 9/21/89	_
PROJECT LOCATION	Airport Expressway		BORING METHOD HSA	_
BORING LOCATION	Former septic area		ROCK CORE DIA. IN	Ī.
FOREMAN	J. McClain		SHELBY TUBE DIA IN	١.
INSPECTOR	L. Kahrs			
SOIL/ROCK DE	SCRIPTION	STRATUM	TPV	-

SOIL/ROCK DESCRIPTION	STRATUM DEPTH		SAMPLE	SPT	REC	TPV ppm	RENARKS
Surface Elevation	ft.	ft.	NO.	(*)		(**)	
Brown to gray SILT, trace fine Sand (ML)			1	3/3/4		0	
Brown fine SAND, some Silt, trace coarse Sand (SM)		<u> </u>	2	1/1/3		o	
Brown fine SAND except little coarse SAND (SM)			3	8/11/15		0	
Brown fine medium SAND, trace Silt (SP)		10	4	9/13/16		0.2	
Brown medium coarse SAND (wet)(SP)			5*	12/19/23		0.2	
- -		<u>`</u>					
- -							*Sample collected for
[-]							analysis
<u>-</u>							
-							
- -							
<u> - </u>							
<u> - </u>							
[-]							
I-)							

WATER LEVEL OBSERVATIONS
NOTED ON ROOS 10.5 FT
AT COMPLETION 8.5 FT
AFTER HRS. FT

BORING METHODS
HSA-HOLLON STEM AUGERS
CFA-CONT.FLIGHT AUGERS
HA-HAND AUGER



LOG C	F BORIN	G NO.	B-5	

CLIENT	Arvin Industries	JOB NO	21-97509
PROJECT NAME	Subsurface Investigation	START DATE	9/21/89
PROJECT LOCATION	Airport Expressway	BORING METH	100 HSA
BORING LOCATION_	Former septic system - west of building	ROCK CORE D	IA. IN.
FOREMAN	J. McClain	SHELBY TUBE	DIA IN.
INSPECTOR	L. Kathrs		

	SOIL/ROCK DESCRIPTION	STRATUM		SAMPLE	SPT	REC	TPV ppm	REMARKS
S	urface Elevation	ft.	ft.	NO.	(*)		(**)	
	rown SILT, some CLAY, moist (ML)			1	3/3/6		0	
	ark brown fine SAND, some SILT (moist) SM)			2	1/2/2		0	
	ark brown fine SAND except sandstone ragment in tip of spoon (SM)			3_	4/21/26		0	
	rown medium SAND, some Silt, trace Gravel moist)(SM)		10	4	13/17/19		0.2	
	ray medium coarse SAND, some Gravel moist)(SP)			5*	13/24/27		0.2	·
		i						
-								4.
								*Sample collected for analysis
								did 17515
-								
				.]			}	
-			<u></u>					
-								
	•							
-								
-				{ }				
		:						
-		ı						
		i						
'								
				1 1		}		

NATER LEVEL OBSERVATIONS
NOTED ON ROOS FT
AT COMPLETION FT
AFTER HRS. FT

BORING METHODS
HSA-HOLLOW STEM AUGERS
CFA-CONT.FLIGHT AUGERS
HA-HAND AUGER



LOG OF BORING NO. B-6

CLIENT	Arvin Industries	JOB NO	21-97509	
PROJECT NAME	Subsurface Investigation	START DATE	9/21/89	
PROJECT LOCATION	Airport Expressway	BORING METH	100 HSA	_
BORING LOCATION	Former septic system - west side of building	ROCK CORE D	DIA. IN	ī.
FOREMAN	J. McClain	SHELBY TUBE	DIA	ı.
INSPECTOR	L. Kahrs			

SOIL/ROCK DESCRIPTION	STRATUM				 TPV	
Surface Elevation	ft.	ft.	SAMPLE NO.	SPT (*)	ppm (**)	REMARKS
Dark brown SILT and CLAY, some organic material (ML)			1		0	
- Brown fine SAND, some Silt, trace Gravel at tip of spoon (SM)		——————————————————————————————————————	2		0	
Brown fine SAND grades to some Gravel (SM)			3		0	
- Brown fine to medium SAND, some Silt - (moist)(SM)		—10—	4*		0.2	
- Brown fine to medium SAND and SILT, some - Gravel (wet at top) (SM)	1		5		0.2	
- Brown fine to medium SAND and SILT, some - Gravel (wet at top) (SM)		<u>15</u>	6	17/31/29	0.6	
			*			
						*Sample collected for analysis
_ -						·
						e.
_ -						
- -						6.
-						
ATER LEGEL COCCUMATIONS	AND METRIC				 	

WATER LEVEL OBSERVATIONS
NOTED ON ROOS 13.5 FT
AT COMPLETION 10.0 FT
AFTER HRS. FT

BORING METHODS
HSA-HOLLON STEM AUGERS
OFA-CONT.FLIGHT AUGERS
HA-HAND AUGER

FIELD CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM FOR SOIL EXPLORATION

NON COHESIVE SOILS

(Silt, Sand, Gravel and Combinations)

Density		Particle Size	<u>Identification</u>		
Very Loose - 5 blows	s/ft. or less	Boulders	-8 inch dia	meter or more	
Loose - 6 to 10	blows/ft.	Cobbles	-3 to 8 inch diameter		
Medium Dense-11 to 30	blows/ft.	Gravel	-Coarse	-1 to 3 inch	
Dense -31 to 50	blows/ft.		Medium	-½ to 1 inch	
Very Dense -51 blows	s/ft. or more		Fine	-1/4 to 1/2 inch	
v		Sand	-Coarse	2.00mm to 1/4 inch	
				(dia. of pencil lead)	
Relative Proportions			Medium	0.42 to 2.00mm	
Descriptive Term	Percent			(dia. of broom straw)	
Trace	1 -10		Fine	0.074 to 0.42mm	
Little	11-20			(Dia. of human hair)	
Some	21-35	Silt		0.074 to 0.002mm	
And	36-50			(Cannot see particles)	

COHESIVE SOILS

(Clay, Silt and Combinations)

Consistency		Plasticity	
Very Soft	- 3 blows/ft. or less	Degree of	Plasticity
Soft	- 4 to 5 blows/ft.	Plasticity	Index
Medium Stiff	- 6 to 10 blows/ft.	None to slight	0-4
Stiff	-11 to 15 blows/ft.	Slight:	5- 7
Very Stiff	-16 top 30 blows/ft.	Medium	8-22
Hard	-31 blows/ft. or more	High to Very High	over 22

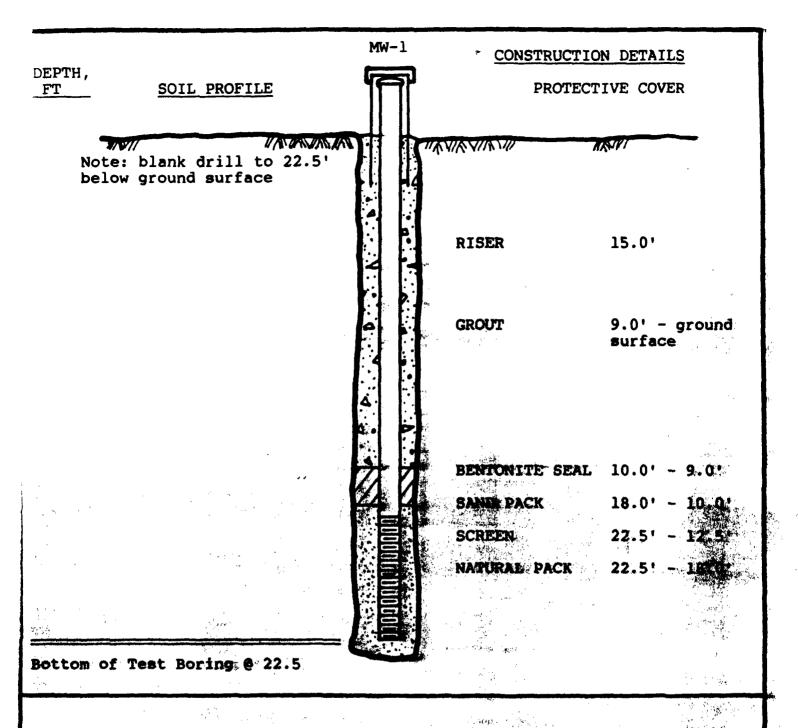
Classification on logs are made by visual inspection of samples.

Standard Penetration Test — Driving a 2.0" O.D., 1-3/8" I.D., sampler a distance of 1.0 foot into undisturbed soil with a 140 pound hammer free falling a distance of 30.0 inches. It is customary for ATE drive the spoon 6.0 inches to seat into undisturbed soil, then perform the test. The number of hammer block for seating the spoon and making the test are recorded for each 6.0 inches of penetration on the drill for (Example — 6/8/9). The standard penetration test result can be obtained by adding the last two figures (i.e. 8+9=17 blows/ft.). (ASTM D-1586-67)

Strata Changes — In the column "Soil Descriptions" on the drill log the horizontal lines represent stratachanges. A solid line (_____) represents an actually observed change, a dashed line (_____) represents an estimated change.

Cround Water observations were made at the times indicated. Porosity of soil strata, weather conditions, topography, etc., may cause changes in the water levels indicated on the logs.





Construction Material: Schedule 40 PVC

Groundwater Level Observations

Well Diameter:

2 in.

Screen Length: 10.0'

Date

Elev..

Slot Size:

0.010

9/28/89

Development Method: Bailer

Development Duration: 1 hour

March Commence Contraction

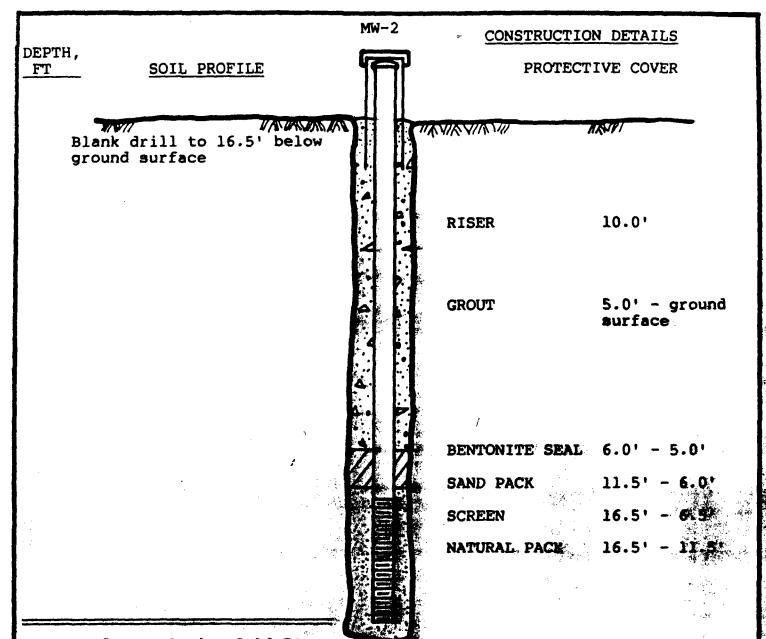
PROJECT NO. 21-97509

MONITORING WELL DETAILS

SCALE None

and the state of t





Bottom of Test Boring @ 16.5'

Construction Material: Schedule 40 PVC

Groundwater Level Observations

Well Diameter:

2 in.

Screen Length:

10.0'

Date

Slot Size:

0.010

9/28/89

704.50

Development Method: Bailer

Development Duration: 1 hour

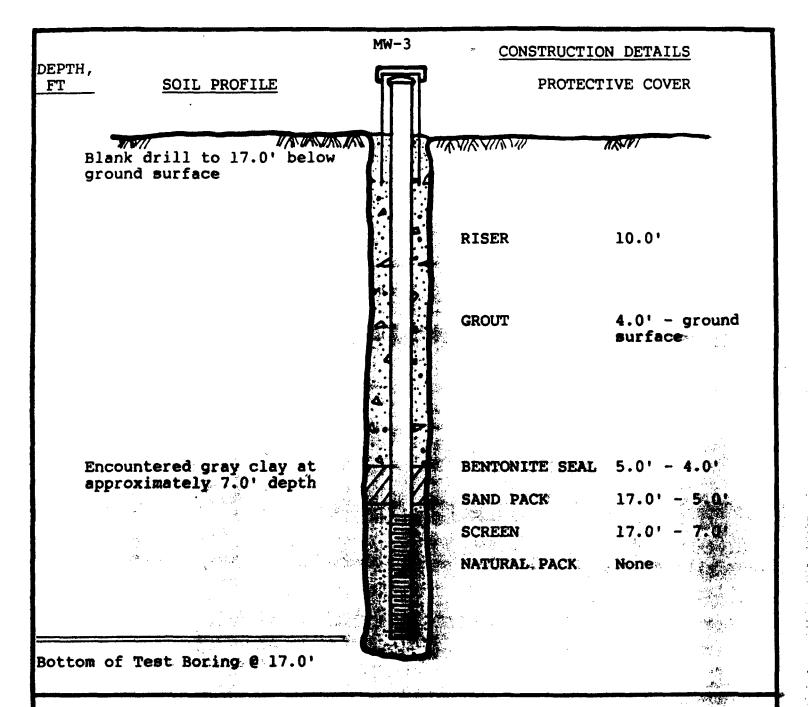
PROJECT NO. 21-97509

MONITORING WELL DETAILS

SCALE

None :-





Boye, Armin

Construction Material: Schedule 40 PVC Groundwater Level Observations

Well Diameter: 2 in.

Screen Length: 10.0'

Date

Elev.,

Slot Size: 0.010

9/28/89

700.11

Development Method: Bailer

Development Duration: 1 hour

PROJECT NO. 21-97509

MONITORING WELL DETAILS

SCALE

None



APPENDIX B LABORATORY RESULTS

nsultants

220

Six Soil/Three Water VOA
SW 846 Method 8240
U.S. EPA Method 624
Forty-eight Hour Rush
Arvin Industries, Inc.
ATEC Project Number 21-97509

results of the Organic Analyses for the three il samples which were submitted to the ATEC tical Testing Division on September 22, 1989, on in Industries, Inc. The volatile samples were gan 1020 OWA and Incos 50 GC/MS/DS systems, erincos Software, via SW 846 Method 8240 for Compounds in soil and U.S. EPA Method 624 for in water. Prior to analysis the system was Bromofluorobenzene and calibrated with the rd.

nality Control information will be maintained in ion files, a copy of which can be forwarded to you fter a thirty-day period, a fee will be assessed al information.

easure serving you and, as always, if there are any ning these results or the ATEC Policies, please eact me.

Respectfully submitted,

ATEC Associates, Inc.

Head 5 Heine

Keith S. Kline

Environmental/Analytical

Testing Division

ATEC Lab No. 91755A2

Analyte	CAS Number	Concentration (ug/kg)	Quantitation Limit (ug/kg)
Trans-1, 3-Dichloropropene	10061-02-6		5
Trichloroethene	79-01-6	< 5*	5
Dibromochloromethane	124-48-1	< 5	5
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5	< 5	5
Benzene	71-43-2	< 5	5
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	10061-01-5	< 5	5
2-Chloroethylvinylether	110-75-8	<10	10
Bromoform	75-25-2	< 5	5
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	108-10-1	<10	10
2-Hexanone	591-78-6	<10	10
Tetrachloroethene	127-18-4	< 5*	5
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79-34-5	< 5	5
Toluene	108-88-3	< 5*	5
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	< 5	5
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	< 5	5
Styrene	100-42-5	< 5	5
Total Xylenes		< 5	5

^{*} Analyte detected but amount present is less than the Quantitation Limit.

Analytical Method: SW 846 Method 8240

Analyst: D. Luckenbill Verified: K. Kline

Date Reported: September 26, 1989

Respectfully submitted,

Client: Arvin Industries, Inc.

Client Address: 1531 13th Street
Columbus, IN 47201

Client Sample Identification: B-2

Sample Matrix: Soil

Date Sample Collected: September 21, 1989
Date Sample Received: September 22, 1989
Date Sample Analyzed: September 25, 1989

Processed By: FEB

VOLATILE COMPOUNDS ANALYTICAL RESULTS

ATEC Lab No. 91755B

Analyte	CAS Number	Concentration (ug/kg)	Quantitation Limit (ug/kg)
Chloromethane	74-87-3	<23	23
Bromomethane	74-83-9	<23	23
Vinyl Chloride	75-01-4	<23	23
Chloroethane	75-00-3	<23	23
Methylene Chloride	75-09-2	40	11
Acetone	67-64-1	<23	23
Carbon Disulfide	75-15-0	<11	11
1,1-Dichloroethene	75-35-4	<11	11
1,1-Dichloroethane	75-35-3	<11	11
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	156-60-5	<11	11
Chloroform	67-66-3	<11	11
1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	<11	11
2-Butanone	78-93-3	<23	23
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71-55-6	<11	11
Carbon Tetrachloride	56-23-5	<11	11
Vinyl Acetate	108-05-4	<23	23
Bromodichloromethane	75-27-4	<11	11
1,2-Dichloropropane	78-87-5	<11	11

^{*} Analyte detected but amount present is less than the Quantitation Limit.

ATEC Lab No. 91755B

Analyte	CAS Number	Concentration (ug/kg)	Quantitation Limit (ug/kg)
Trans-1, 3-Dichloropropene	10061-02-6	<11	11
Trichloroethene	79-01-6	<11	11
Dibromochloromethane	124-48-1	<11	11
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5	<11	11
Benzene	71-43-2	<11	11
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	10061-01-5	<11	11
2-Chloroethylvinylether	110-75-8	<23	23
Bromoform	75-25-2	<11	11
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	108-10-1	<23	23
2-Hexanone	591-78-6	<23	23
Tetrachloroethene	127-18-4	<11	11
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79-34-5	<11	11
Toluene	108-88-3	<11	11
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	<11	11
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	<11	11
Styrene	100~42-5	<11	11
Total Xylenes		<11	11

^{*} Analyte detected but amount present is less than the Quantitation Limit.

Analytical Method: SW 846 Method 8240

Analyst: M. McGill Verified: K. Kline

Date Reported: September 26, 1989

Respectfully submitted,

Client: Arvin Industries, Inc.

Client Address: 1531 13th Street
Columbus, IN 47201

Client Sample Identification: B-3

Sample Matrix: Soil

Date Sample Collected: September 21, 1989
Date Sample Received: September 22, 1989
Date Sample Analyzed: September 25, 1989

Processed By: FEB

VOLATILE COMPOUNDS ANALYTICAL RESULTS

ATEC Lab No. 91755C

		Concentration	-
Analyte	CAS Number	(ug/kg)	Limit (ug/kg)
Chloromethane	74-87-3	<14	14
Bromomethane	74-83-9	<14	14
Vinyl Chloride	75-01-4	<14	14
Chloroethane	75-00-3	<14	14
Methylene Chloride	75-09-2	31	7
Acetone	67-64-1	<14	14
Carbon Disulfide	75-15-0	< 7	7
1,1-Dichloroethene	75-35-4	< 7	7
1,1-Dichloroethane	75-35-3	< 7	7
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	156-60-5	< 7	7
Chloroform	67-66-3	< 7	7
1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	< 7	7
2-Butanone	78-93-3	<14	14
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71-55-6	29	7
Carbon Tetrachloride	56-23-5	< 7	7
Vinyl Acetate	108-05-4	<14	14
Bromodichloromethane	75-27-4	< 7	7
1,2-Dichloropropane	78-87-5	< 7	7

^{*} Analyte detected but amount present is less than the Quantitation Limit.

ATEC Lab No. 91755C

Analyte	CAS Number	Concentration (ug/kg)	Quantitation Limit (ug/kg)
Trans-1, 3-Dichloropropene	10061-02-6	< 7	7
Trichloroethene	79-01-6	< 7	7
Dibromochloromethane	124-48-1	< 7	7
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5	< 7	7
Benzene	71-43-2	< 7	7
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	10061-01-5	< 7	7
2-Chloroethylvinylether	110-75-8	<14	14
Bromoform	75-25-2	< 7	7
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	108-10-1	<14	14
2-Hexanone	591-78-6	<14	14
Tetrachloroethene	127-18-4	27	7
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79-34-5	< 7	7
Toluene	108-88-3	< 7	7
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	< 7	7
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	< 7	7
Styrene	100-42-5	< 7	7
Total Xylenes		< 7	7

^{*} Analyte detected but amount present is less than the Quantitation Limit.

Analytical Method: SW 846 Method 8240

Analyst: M. McGill Verified: K. Kline

Date Reported: September 26, 1989

Respectfully submitted,

Client: Arvin Industries, Inc.

Client Address: 1531 13th Street
Columbus, IN 47201

Client Sample Identification: B-4

Sample Matrix: Soil

Date Sample Collected: September 21, 1989
Date Sample Received: September 22, 1989
Date Sample Analyzed: September 25, 1989

Processed By: FEB

VOLATILE COMPOUNDS ANALYTICAL RESULTS

ATEC Lab No. 91755D

Analyte	CAS Number	Concentration (ug/kg)	Quantitation Limit (ug/kg)
Chloromethane	74-87-3	<12	12
Bromomethane	74-83-9	<12	12
Vinyl Chloride	75-01-4	<12	12
Chloroethane	75-00-3	<12	12
Methylene Chloride	75-09-2	29	6
Acetone	67-64-1	<12	12
Carbon Disulfide	75-15-0	< 6	6
1,1-Dichloroethene	75-35-4	< 6	6
1,1-Dichloroethane	75-35-3	< 6	6
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	156-60-5	< 6	6
Chloroform	67-66-3	< 6	6
1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	< 6	6
2-Butanone	78-93-3	<12	12
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71-55-6	< 6	6
Carbon Tetrachloride	56 - 23 - 5	< 6	6
Vinyl Acetate	108-05-4	<12	12
Bromodichloromethane	75-27-4	< 6	6
1,2-Dichloropropane	78-87-5	< 6	6

^{*} Analyte detected but amount present is less than the Quantitation Limit.

ATEC Lab No. 91755D

Analyte	CAS Number	Concentration (ug/kg)	Quantitation Limit (ug/kg)
Trans-1, 3-Dichloropropene	10061-02-6	< 6	6
Trichloroethene	79-01-6	< 6	6
Dibromochloromethane	124-48-1	< 6	6
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5	< 6	6
Benzene	71-43-2	< 6	6
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	10061-01-5	< 6	6
2-Chloroethylvinylether	110-75-8	<12	12
Bromoform	75-25-2	< 6	6
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	108-10-1	<12	12
2-Hexanone	591-78-6	<12	12
Tetrachloroethene	127-18-4	< 6*	6
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79-34-5	< 6	6
Toluene	108-88-3	< 6	6
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	< 6	6
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	< 6	6
Styrene	100-42-5	< 6	6
Total Xylenes		< 6	6

^{*} Analyte detected but amount present is less than the Quantitation Limit.

Analytical Method: SW 846 Method 8240

Analyst: M. McGill Verified: K. Kline

Date Reported: September 26, 1989

Respectfully submitted,

Client:

Arvin Industries, Inc.

Client Address:

1531 13th Street Columbus, IN 47201

Client Sample Identification: B-5

Sample Matrix:

Soil

Date Sample Collected:
Date Sample Received:

September 21, 1989 September 22, 1989 September 26, 1989

Date Sample Analyzed: Processed By:

FEB

VOLATILE COMPOUNDS ANALYTICAL RESULTS

ATEC Lab No. 91755E

Analyte	CAS Number	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Quantitation Limit (ug/kg)
		(ug/kg)	
Chloromethane	74-87-3	<10	10
Bromomethane	74-83-9	<10	10
Vinyl Chloride	75-01-4	<10	10
Chloroethane	75-00-3	<10	10
Methylene Chloride	75-09-2	31	5
Acetone	67-64-1	<10*	10
Carbon Disulfide	75-15-0	< 5	5
1,1-Dichloroethene	75-35-4	< 5	5
1,1-Dichloroethane	75-35-3	< 5	5
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	156-60-5	< 5	5
Chloroform	67-66-3	< 5	5
1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	< 5	5
2-Butanone	78-93-3	<10	10
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71-55-6	< 5	5
Carbon Tetrachloride	56-23-5	< 5	5
Vinyl Acetate	108-05-4	<10	10
Bromodichloromethane	75-27-4	< 5	5
1,2-Dichloropropane	78-87-5	< 5	5

^{*} Analyte detected but amount present is less than the Quantitation Limit.

ATEC Lab No. 91755E

Analyte	CAS Number	Concentration (ug/kg)	Quantitation Limit (ug/kg)
Trans-1, 3-Dichloropropene	10061-02-6		5
Trichloroethene	79-01-6	< 5	5
Dibromochloromethane	124-48-1	< 5	5
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5	< 5	5
Benzene	71-43-2	< 5	5
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	10061-01-5	< 5	5
2-Chloroethylvinylether	110-75-8	<10	10
Bromoform	75-25-2	< 5	5
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	108-10-1	<10	10
2-Hexanone	591-78-6	<10	10
Tetrachloroethene	127-18-4	< 5	5
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79-34-5	< 5	5
Toluene	108-88-3	< 5*	5
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	< 5	5
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	< 5	5
Styrene	100-42-5	< 5	5
Total Xylenes		< 5	5

^{*} Analyte detected but amount present is less than the Quantitation Limit.

Analytical Method: SW 846 Method 8240

Analyst: D. Luckenbill Verified: K. Kline

Date Reported: September 26, 1989

Respectfully submitted,

Client: Arvin Industries, Inc.

Client Address: 1531 13th Street
Columbus, IN 47201

Client Sample Identification: B-6

Sample Matrix: Soil

Date Sample Collected: September 21, 1989
Date Sample Received: September 22, 1989
Date Sample Analyzed: September 25, 1989

Processed By: FEB

VOLATILE COMPOUNDS ANALYTICAL RESULTS

ATEC Lab No. 91755F

Analyte	CAS Number	Concentration (ug/kg)	Quantitation Limit (ug/kg)
Chloromethane	74-87-3	<12	12
Bromomethane	74-83-9	<12	12
Vinyl Chloride	75-01-4	<12	12
Chloroethane	75-00-3	<12	12
Methylene Chloride	75-09-2	32	6
Acetone	67-64-1	<12	12
Carbon Disulfide	75-15-0	< 6	6
1,1-Dichloroethene	75-35-4	< 6	6
1,1-Dichloroethane	75-35-3	< 6	6
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	156-60-5	< 6	6
Chloroform	67-66-3	< 6	6
1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	< 6	6
2-Butanone	78~93-3	<12	12
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71~55-6	< 6	6
Carbon Tetrachloride	56-23-5	< 6	6
Vinyl Acetate	108-05-4	<12	12
Bromodichloromethane	75-27-4	< 6	6
1,2-Dichloropropane	78-87-5	< 6	6

^{*} Analyte detected but amount present is less than the Quantitation Limit.

ATEC Lab No. 91755F

Analyte	CAS Number	Concentration (ug/kg)	Quantitation Limit (ug/kg)
Trans-1, 3-Dichloropropene	10061-02-6	< 6	6
Trichloroethene	79-01-6	< 6	6
Dibromochloromethane	124-48-1	< 6	6
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5	< 6	6
Benzene	71-43-2	< 6	6
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	10061-01-5	< 6	6
2-Chloroethylvinylether	110-75-8	<12	12
Bromoform	75-25-2	< 6	6
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	108-10-1	<12	12
2-Hexanone	591-78-6	<12	12
Tetrachloroethene	127-18-4	7	6
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79-34-5	< 6	6
Toluene	108-88-3	< 6*	6
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	< 6	6
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	< 6	6
Styrene	100-42-5	< 6	6
Total Xylenes		< 6	6

^{*} Analyte detected but amount present is less than the Quantitation Limit.

Analytical Method: SW 846 Method 8240

Analyst: M. McGill Verified: K. Kline

Date Reported: September 26, 1989

Respectfully submitted,

Keith 5 Kline
Environmental/Analytical Testing Division

Client: Arvin Industries, Inc.

Client Address: 1531 13th Street
Columbus, IN 47201

Client Sample Identification: MW-1

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Sample Collected: September 22, 1989
Date Sample Received: September 22, 1989
Date Sample Analyzed: September 25, 1989

Processed By: FEB

VOLATILE COMPOUNDS ANALYTICAL RESULTS

ATEC Lab No. 91755G

Analyte	CAS Number	Concentration (ug/L)	Quantitation Limit (ug/L)
Chloromethane	74-87-3	<10	10
Bromomethane	74-83-9	<10	10
Vinyl Chloride	75-01-4	<10	10
Chloroethane	75-00-3	<10	10
Methylene Chloride	75-09-2	9	5
Acetone	67-64-1	<10*	10
Carbon Disulfide	75-15-0	< 5	5
1,1-Dichloroethene	75-35-4	< 5	5
1,1-Dichloroethane	75-35-3	< 5	5
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	156-60-5	< 5	5
Chloroform	67-66-3	< 5	5
1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	< 5	5
2-Butanone	78 - 93-3	<10*	10
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71-55-6	< 5	5
Carbon Tetrachloride	56-23-5	< 5	5
Vinyl Acetate	108-05-4	<10	10
Bromodichloromethane	75-27-4	< 5	5
1,2-Dichloropropane	78-87-5	< 5	5

^{*} Analyte detected but amount present is less than the Quantitation Limit.

ATEC Lab No. 91755G

Analyte	_ CAS Number	Concentration (ug/L)	Quantitation Limit (ug/L)
Trans-1, 3-Dichloropropene	10061-02-6	< 5	5
Trichloroethene	79-01-6	< 5	5
Dibromochloromethane	124-48-1	< 5	5
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5	< 5	5
Benzene	71-43-2	< 5	5
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	10061-01-5	< 5	5
2-Chloroethylvinylether	110-75-8	<10	10
Bromoform	75-25-2	< 5	5
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	108-10-1	<10	10
2-Hexanon e	591-78-6	<10	10
Tetrachloroethene	127-18-4	< 5	5
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79-34-5	< 5	5
Toluene	108-88-3	< 5	5
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	< 5	5
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	< 5	5
Styrene	100-42-5	< 5	5
Total Xylenes		< 5	5

^{*} Analyte detected but amount present is less than the Quantitation Limit.

Analytical Method: U.S. EPA Method 624

Analyst: D. Luckenbill Verified: K. Kline

Date Reported: September 26, 1989

Respectfully submitted,

Heird 5. Kline
Environmental/Analytical Testing Division

Client: Arvin Industries, Inc.

Client Address: 1531 13th Street
Columbus, IN 47201

Client Sample Identification: MW-2

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Sample Collected: September 22, 1989
Date Sample Received: September 22, 1989
Date Sample Analyzed: September 25, 1989

Processed By: FEB

VOLATILE COMPOUNDS ANALYTICAL RESULTS

ATEC Lab No. 91755H

Analyte	CAS Number	Concentration (ug/L)	Quantitation Limit (ug/L)
Chloromethane	74-87-3	<50	50
Bromomethane	74-83-9	<50	50
Vinyl Chloride	75-01-4	<50	50
Chloroethane	75-00-3	<50	50
Methylene Chloride	75-09-2	65	25
Acetone	67-64-1	<50*	50
Carbon Disulfide	75-15-0	<25	25
1,1-Dichloroethene	75-35-4	49	25
1,1-Dichloroethane	75-35-3	<25*	25
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	156-60-5	<25	25
Chloroform	67-66-3	<25	25
1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	<25	25
2-Butanone	78-93-3	<50	50
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71-55-6	1,500	25
Carbon Tetrachloride	56-23-5	<25	25
Vinyl Acetate	108-05-4	<50	50
Bromodichloromethane	75-27-4	<25	25
1,2-Dichloropropane	78-87-5	<25	25

^{*} Analyte detected but amount present is less than the Quantitation Limit.

ATEC Lab No. 91755H

Analyte	CAS Number	Concentration (ug/L)	Quantitation Limit (ug/L)
Trans-1, 3-Dichloropropene	10061-02-6	<25	25
Trichloroethene	79-01-6	<25	25
Dibromochloromethane	124-48-1	<25	25
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5	<25*	25
Benzene	71-43-2	<25	25
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	10061-01-5	<25	25
2-Chloroethylvinylether	110-75-8	<50	50
Bromoform	75-25-2	<25	25
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	108-10-1	<50	50
2-Hexanone	591-78-6	<50	50
Tetrachloroethene	127-18-4	<25	25
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79-34-5	<25	25
Toluene	108-88-3	<25*	25
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	<25	25
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	<25	25
Styrene	100-42-5	<25	25
Total Xylenes		<25	25

^{*} Analyte detected but amount present is less than the Quantitation Limit.

Analytical Method: U.S. EPA Method 624

Analyst: D. Luckenbill Verified: K. Kline

Date Reported: September 26, 1989

Respectfully submitted,

Client:

Arvin Industries, Inc.

Client Address:

1531 13th Street Columbus, IN 47201

Client Sample Identification: MW-3

Sample Matrix:

Water

Date Sample Collected:
Date Sample Received:

September 22, 1989 September 22, 1989 September 25, 1989

Date Sample Analyzed: Processed By:

FEB

VOLATILE COMPOUNDS ANALYTICAL RESULTS

ATEC Lab No. 91755I

Analyte	CAS Number	Concentration (ug/L)	Quantitation Limit (ug/L)
Chloromethane	74-87-3	<10	10
Bromomethane	74-83-9	<10	10
Vinyl Chloride	75-01-4	<10	10
Chloroethane	75-00-3	<10	10
Methylene Chloride	75-09-2	27	5
Acetone	67-64-1	<10*	10
Carbon Disulfide	75-15-0	< 5	5
1,1-Dichloroethene	75-35-4	< 5	5
1,1-Dichloroethane	75-35-3	< 5	5
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	156-60-5	< 5	5
Chloroform	67-66-3	14	5
1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	< 5	5
2-Butanone	78-93-3	<10*	10
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71-55-6	< 5	5
Carbon Tetrachloride	56-23-5	< 5	5
Vinyl Acetate	108-05-4	<10	10
Bromodichloromethane	75-27-4	< 5*	5
1,2-Dichloropropane	78-87-5	< 5	5

^{*} Analyte detected but amount present is less than the Quantitation Limit.

ATEC Lab No. 91755I

		Concentration	Quantitation
Analyte	CAS Number	(ug/L)	Limit (ug/L)
Trans-1, 3-Dichloropropene	10061-02-6	< 5	5
Trichloroethene	79-01-6	< 5	5
Dibromochloromethane	124-48-1	< 5	5
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5	< 5	5
Benzene	71-43-2	< 5	5
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	10061-01-5	< 5	5
2-Chloroethylvinylether	110-75-8	<10	10
Bromoform	75-25-2	< 5	5
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	108-10-1	<10	10
2-Hexanone	591-78-6	<10	10
Tetrachloroethene	127-18-4	< 5	5
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79-34-5	< 5	5
Toluene	108-88-3	< 5*	5
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	< 5	5
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	< 5	5
Styrene	100-42-5	< 5	5
Total Xylenes		< 5	5

^{*} Analyte detected but amount present is less than the Quantitation Limit.

Analytical Method: U.S. EPA Method 624

Analyst: D. Luckenbill

Verified: K. Kline

Date Reported: September 26, 1989

Respectfully submitted,

Houth 5. House
Environmental/Analytical Testing Division

Client:

Arvin Industries, Inc.

Client Address: 1531 13th Street Columbus, IN 47201

Client Sample Identification: Method Blank - 1020

Sample Matrix:

Water

Date Sample Analyzed:

September 25, 1989

Processed By:

FEB

VOLATILE COMPOUNDS ANALYTICAL RESULTS

ATEC Lab No. BLANK092589

Analyte	CAS Number	Concentration (ug/L)	Quantitation Limit (ug/L)
Chloromethane	74-87-3	<10	10
Bromomethane	74-83-9	<10	10
Vinyl Chloride	75-01-4	<10	10
Chloroethane	75-00-3	<10	10
Methylene Chloride	75-09-2	65	5
Acetone	67-64-1	<10	10
Carbon Disulfide	75-15-0	< 5	5
1,1-Dichloroethene	75-35-4	< 5	5
1,1-Dichloroethane	75-35-3	< 5	5
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	156-60-5	< 5	5
Chloroform	67-66-3	< 5	5
1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	< 5	5
2-Butanone	78-93-3	<10*	10
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71-55-6	< 5	5
Carbon Tetrachloride	56-23-5	< 5	5
Vinyl Acetate	108-05-4	<10	10
Bromodichloromethane	75-27-4	< 5	5
1,2-Dichloropropane	78-87-5	< 5	5

^{*} Analyte detected but amount present is less than the Quantitation Limit.

ATEC Lab No. BLANK092589

Analyte	CAS Number	oncentration (ug/L)	Quantitation Limit (ug/L)
Trans-1, 3-Dichloropropene	10061-02-6	< 5	5
Trichloroethene	79-01-6	< 5	5
Dibromochloromethane	124-48-1	< 5	5
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5	< 5	5
Benzene	71-43-2	< 5	5
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	10061-01-5	< 5	5
2-Chloroethylvinylether	110-75-8	<10	10
Bromoform	75-25-2	< 5	5
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	108-10-1	<10	10
2-Hexanone	591-78-6	<10	10
Tetrachloroethene	127-18-4	< 5	5
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79-34-5	< 5	5
Toluene	108-88-3	< 5	5
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	< 5	5
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	< 5	5
Styrene	100-42-5	< 5	5
Total Xylenes		< 5	5

^{*} Analyte detected but amount present is less than the Quantitation Limit.

Analytical Method: U.S. EPA Method 624

Analyst: D. Luckenbill Verified: K. Kline

Date Reported: September 26, 1989

Respectfully submitted,

Client:

Arvin Industries, Inc.

Client Address: 1531 13th Street Columbus, IN 47201

Client Sample Identification: Method Blank - 1020

Sample Matrix:

Soil

Date Sample Analyzed: September 25, 1989 Processed By: FEB

VOLATILE COMPOUNDS ANALYTICAL RESULTS

ATEC Lab No. BLANK092589

Analyte	CAS Number	Concentration (ug/kg)	Quantitation Limit (ug/kg)
Chloromethane	74-87-3	<10	10
Bromomethane	74-83-9	<10	10
Vinyl Chloride	75-01-4	<10	10
Chloroethane	75-00-3	<10	10
Methylene Chloride	75-09-2	65	5
Acetone	67-64-1	<10	10
Carbon Disulfide	75-15-0	< 5	5
1,1-Dichloroethene	75-35-4	< 5	5
1,1-Dichloroethane	75-35-3	< 5	5
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	156-60-5	< 5	5
Chloroform	67-66-3	< 5	5
1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	< 5	5
2-Butanone	78-93-3	<10*	10
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71-55-6	< 5	5
Carbon Tetrachloride	56-23-5	< 5	5
Vinyl Acetate	108-05-4	<10	10
Bromodichloromethane	75-27-4	< 5	5
1,2-Dichloropropane	78-87-5	< 5	5

^{*} Analyte detected but amount present is less than the Quantitation Limit.

ATEC Lab No. BLANK092589

Analyte	CAS Number	Concentration (ug/kg)	Quantitation Limit (ug/kg)
Trans-1, 3-Dichloropropene	10061-02-6	< 5	5
Trichloroethene	79-01-6	< 5	5
Dibromochloromethane	124-48-1	< 5	5
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5	< 5	5
Benzene	71-43-2	< 5	5
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	10061-01-5	< 5	5
2-Chloroethylvinylether	110-75-8	<10	10
Bromoform	75-25-2	< 5	5
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	108-10-1	<10	10
2-Hexanone	591-78-6	<10	10
Tetrachloroethene	127-18-4	< 5	5
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79-34-5	< 5	5
Toluene	108-88-3	< 5	5
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	< 5	5
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	< 5	5
Styrene	100-42-5	< 5	5
Total Xylenes		< 5	5

^{*} Analyte detected but amount present is less than the Quantitation Limit.

Analytical Method: SW 846 Method 8240

Analyst: D. Luckenbill Verified: K. Kline

Date Reported: September 26, 1989

Respectfully submitted,

Client: Arvin Industries, Inc.

Client Address: 1531 13th Street
Columbus, IN 47201

Client Sample Identification: B-5, Duplicate

Sample Matrix: Soil

Date Sample Collected: September 21, 1989
Date Sample Received: September 22, 1989
Date Sample Analyzed: September 25, 1989

Processed By: FEB

VOLATILE COMPOUNDS ANALYTICAL RESULTS

ATEC Lab No. 91755EDUP

1 of 2

Analyte	CAS Number	Concentration (ug/kg)	Quantitation Limit (ug/kg)
			Dimic (ug/kg)
Chloromethane	74-87-3	<10	10
Bromomethane	74-83-9	<10	10
Vinyl Chloride	75-01-4	<10	10
Chloroethane	75-00-3	<10	10
Methylene Chloride	75-09-2	54	5
Acetone	67-64-1	<10*	10
Carbon Disulfide	75-15-0	< 5	5
1,1-Dichloroethene	75-35-4	< 5	5
1,1-Dichloroethane	75-35-3	< 5	5
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	156-60-5	< 5	5
Chloroform	67-66-3	< 5	5
1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	< 5	5
2-Butanone	78-93-3	<10*	10
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71-55-6	< 5	5
Carbon Tetrachloride	56-23-5	< 5	5
Vinyl Acetate	108-05-4	<10	10
Bromodichloromethane	75~27~4	< 5	5
1,2-Dichloropropane	78-87-5	< 5	5

^{*} Analyte detected but amount present is less than the Quantitation Limit.

ANALYTICAL RESULTS

ATEC Lab No. 91755EDUP

Analyte	CAS Number	Concentration (ug/kg)	Quantitation Limit (ug/kg)
Trans-1, 3-Dichloropropene	10061-02-6		5
Trichloroethene	79-01-6	< 5	5
Dibromochloromethane	124-48-1	< 5	5
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5	< 5	5
Benzene	71-43-2	< 5	5
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	10061-01-5	< 5	5
2-Chloroethylvinylether	110-75-8	<10	10
Bromoform	75-25-2	< 5	5
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	108-10-1	<10	10
2-Hexanone	591-78-6	<10	10
Tetrachloroethene	127-18-4	< 5*	5
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79-34-5	< 5	5
Toluene	108-88-3	< 5*	5
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	< 5	5
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	< 5	5
Styrene	100-42-5	< 5	5
Total Xylenes		< 5	5

^{*} Analyte detected but amount present is less than the Quantitation Limit.

Analytical Method: SW 846 Method 8240

Analyst: D. Luckenbill Verified: K. Kline

Date Reported: September 26, 1989

Respectfully submitted,

Environmental/Analytical Testing Division

Client: Arvin Industries, Inc.

Client Address: 1531 13th Street

Columbus, IN 47201

Client Sample Identification: Method Blank - Incos

Sample Matrix:

Soil

Date Sample Analyzed: September 25, 1989

Processed By:

FEB

VOLATILE COMPOUNDS ANALYTICAL RESULTS

ATEC Lab No. BLANK092589

1 of 2

Analyte	CAS Number	Concentration (ug/kg)	Quantitation Limit (ug/kg)
Chloromethane	74-87-3	<10	10
Bromomethane	74-83-9	<10	10
Vinyl Chloride	75-01-4	<10	10
Chloroethane	75-00-3	<10	10
Methylene Chloride	75-09-2	7	5
Acetone	67-64-1	<10	10
Carbon Disulfide	75-15-0	< 5	5
1,1-Dichloroethene	75-35-4	< 5	5
1,1-Dichloroethane	75-35-3	< 5	5
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	156-60-5	< 5	5
Chloroform	67-66-3	< 5	5
1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	< 5	5
2-Butanone	78-93-3	<10	10
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71-55-6	< 5	5
Carbon Tetrachloride	56-23-5	< 5	5
Vinyl Acetate	108-05-4	<10	10
Bromodichloromethane	75-27-4	< 5	5
1,2-Dichloropropane	78-87-5	< 5	5

^{*} Analyte detected but amount present is less than the Quantitation Limit.

ANALYTICAL RESULTS

ATEC Lab No. BLANK092589

Analyte	CAS Number	Concentration (ug/kg)	Quantitation Limit (ug/kg)
Trans-1, 3-Dichloropropene	10061-02-6		5
Trichloroethene	79-01-6		5
Dibromochloromethane	124-48-1		5
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5	< 5	5
Benzene	71-43-2	< 5	5
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	10061-01-5	< 5	5
2-Chloroethylvinylether	110-75-8	<10	10
Bromoform	75-25-2	< 5	5
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	108-10-1	<10	10
2-Hexanone	591-78-6	<10	10
Tetrachloroethene	127-18-4	< 5	5
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79-34-5	< 5	5
Toluene	108-88-3	< 5	5
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	< 5	5
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	< 5	5
Styrene	100-42-5	< 5	5
Total Xylenes		< 5	5

^{*} Analyte detected but amount present is less than the Quantitation Limit.

Analytical Method: SW 846 Method 8240

Analyst: M. McGill Verified: K. Kline

Date Reported: September 26, 1989

Respectfully submitted,

Environmental/Analytical Testing Division

Client:

Arvin Industries, Inc.

Client Address: 1531 13th Street Columbus, IN 47201

Client Sample Identification: Method Blank

Sample Matrix:

Soil

Date Sample Analyzed:

September 26, 1989

Processed By:

FEB

VOLATILE COMPOUNDS ANALYTICAL RESULTS

ATEC Lab No. BLANK092689

1 of 2

Analyte	CAS Number	Concentration (ug/kg)	Quantitation Limit (ug/kg)
Chloromethane	74-87-3	<10	10
Bromomethane	74-83-9	<10	10
Vinyl Chloride	75-01-4	<10	10
Chloroethane	75-00-3	<10	10
Methylene Chloride	75-09-2	15	5
Acetone	67-64-1	<10*	10
Carbon Disulfide	75-15-0	< 5	5
1,1-Dichloroethene	75-35-4	< 5	5
1,1-Dichloroethane	75-35-3	< 5	5
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	156-60-5	< 5	5
Chloroform	67-66-3	< 5	5
1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	< 5	5
2-Butanone	78-93-3	<10*	10
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71-55-6	< 5	5
Carbon Tetrachloride	56-23-5	< 5	5
Vinyl Acetate	108-05-4	<10	10
Bromodichloromethane	75-27-4	< 5	5
1,2-Dichloropropane	78-87-5	< 5	5

^{*} Analyte detected but amount present is less than the Quantitation Limit.

ANALYTICAL RESULTS

ATEC Lab No. BLANK092689

Analyte	CAS Number	Concentration (ug/kg)	Quantitation Limit (ug/kg)
Trans-1, 3-Dichloropropene	10061-02-6	< 5	5
Trichloroethene	79-01-6	< 5	5
Dibromochloromethane	124-48-1	< 5	5
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5	< 5	5
Benzene	71-43-2	< 5	5
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	10061-01-5	< 5	5
2-Chloroethylvinylether	110-75-8	<10	10
Bromoform	75-25-2	< 5	5
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	108-10-1	<10	10
2-Hexanone	591-78-6	<10	10
Tetrachloroethene	127-18-4	< 5	5
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79-34-5	< 5	5
Toluene	108-88-3	< 5	5
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	< 5	5
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	< 5	5
Styrene	100-42-5	< 5	5
Total Xylenes		< 5	5

^{*} Analyte detected but amount present is less than the Quantitation Limit.

Analytical Method: SW 846 Method 8240

Analyst: D. Luckenbill Verified: K. Kline

Date Reported: September 26, 1989

Respectfully submitted,

Kein 5 Kling
Environmental/Analytical Testing Division

Client: Arvin Industries, Inc.

Client Address: 1531 13th Street
Columbus, IN 47201

Client Sample Identification: B-4, Duplicate

Sample Matrix: Soil

Date Sample Collected: September 21, 1989
Date Sample Received: September 22, 1989
Date Sample Analyzed: September 25, 1989

Processed By: FEB

VOLATILE COMPOUNDS ANALYTICAL RESULTS

ATEC Lab No. 91755DDUP

1 of 2

3mal seta	CAC Number	Concentration	Quantitation
Analyte	CAS Number	(ug/kg)	Limit (ug/kg)
Chloromethane	74-87-3	<23	23
Bromomethane	74-83-9	<23	23
Vinyl Chloride	75-01-4	<23	23
Chloroethane	75-00-3	<23	23
Methylene Chloride	75-09-2	48	12
Acetone	67-64-1	<23	23
Carbon Disulfide	75-15-0	<12	12
1,1-Dichloroethene	75-35-4	<12	12
1,1-Dichloroethane	75-35-3	<12	12
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	156-60-5	<12	12
Chloroform	67-66-3	<12	12
1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	<12	12
2-Butanone	78-93-3	<23	23
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71-55-6	<12	12
Carbon Tetrachloride	56-23-5	<12	12
Vinyl Acetate	108-05-4	<23	23
Bromodichloromethane	75-27-4	<12	12
1,2-Dichloropropane	78-87-5	<12	12

^{*} Analyte detected but amount present is less than the Quantitation Limit.

ANALYTICAL RESULTS

ATEC Lab No. 91755DDUP

Analyte	CAS Number	Concentration (ug/kg)	Quantitation Limit (ug/kg)
Trans-1, 3-Dichloropropene	10061-02-6	<12	12
Trichloroethene	79-01-6	<12	12
Dibromochloromethane	124-48-1	<12	12
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5	<12	12
Benzene	71-43-2	<12	12
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	10061-01-5	<12	12
2-Chloroethylvinylether	110-75-8	<23	23
Bromoform	75-25-2	<12	12
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	108-10-1	<23	23
2-Hexanone	591-78-6	<23	23
Tetrachloroethene	127-18-4	<12	12
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79-34-5	<12	12
Toluene	108-88-3	<12*	12
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	<12	12
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	<12	12
Styrene	100-42-5	<12	12
Total Xylenes		<12	12

^{*} Analyte detected but amount present is less than the Quantitation Limit.

Analytical Method: SW 846 Method 8240

Analyst: M. McGill Verified: K. Kline

Date Reported: September 26, 1989

Respectfully submitted,

Ketch 5. Kluni
Environmental/Analytical Testing Division



Solid & Hazardous Waste Site Assessments
Remedial Design & Construction
Underground Tank Management
Asbestos Surveys & Analysis
Hydrogeologic Investigations & Monitoring
Analytical Testing / Chemistry
Industrial Hygiene / Hazard Communication
Environmental Audits & Permitting
Exploratory Drilling & Monitoring Wells

DATE:

September 29, 1989

CLIENT:

ATEC Environmental Consultants

5150 E. 65th Street Indianapolis, IN 46220

SAMPLE TAKEN BY:

Client

DATE RECEIVED: DATE ANALYZED: September 26, 1989 September 29, 1989

PROCESSED BY:

SAS

ATEC LAB I.D. BATCH

#A-892994

SUBJECT:

BULK ASBESTOS ANALYSIS

Subsurfacé Investigation Airport Expressway

The attached bulk asbestos analysis report is provided for your records. This analysis was completed by ATEC's Analytical Laboratory. The methodology employed to obtain this analysis is Polarized Light Microscopy and Dispersion Staining. It should be noted that samples that contain greater than 1% asbestos should be treated as asbestos containing material.

ATEC Indianapolis and its Sub-Facilities appends its PLM analysis of vinyl tile with the following footnote:

Analysis of floor tile and other resinously bound materials by EPA Method 600/M4-82-020 December 1982 may yield false negative results because of method limitations in separating closely bound fibers and in detecting fibers of small length and diameter. When analysis of such materials by the EPA Method yields negative results for the presence of asbestos, ATEC Indianapolis and its Subfacilities recommend utilizing alternative methods of identification including Transmission Electron Microscopy.

Should you have any questions, please contact me at (317) 849-4990.

Sincerely,

ATEC Associates, Inc.

Pature? Sturford

Patrick Stanford

Assistant Asbestos Laboratory Supervisor



5150 East 65th Street Indianapolis, Indiana 46220-4871 (317) 849-4990, FAX # (317) 849-4278 Solid & Hazardous Waste Site Assessments
Remedial Design & Construction
Underground Tank Management
Asbestos Surveys & Analysis
Hydrogeologic Investigations & Monitoring
Analytical Testing / Chemistry
Industrial Hygiene / Hazard Communication
Environmental Audits & Permitting
Exploratory Drifling & Monitoring Wells

ATEC ASSOCIATES, INC. BULK SAMPLE ANALYSIS REPORT

NVALP Accredited NVLAP Code Number 1265-00

Polarized Light-Dispersion Staining Method ATEC Project Number 21-98054

DATE:

September 29, 1989

CLIENT:

ATEC Environmental Consultants

5150 E. 65th Street Indianapolis, IN 46220

SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION:

Subsurface Investion Airport Expressway

SAMPLE TAKEN BY:

Client

DATE RECEIVED:

September 26, 1989

DATE ANALYZED: PROCESSED BY:

September 29, 1989 SAS

ATEC LAB I.D. BATCH

#A-892994

ASBESTOS CONTENT PERCENT

OTHER FIBROUS MATERIAL PERCENT

SAMPLE I.D.	CHRYSOTILE	AMOSITE	CROCIDOLITE	<u>OTHER</u>	FIBROUSGLASS	MANMADE	CELLULOSE	OTHER
A-1	ND	ND	ND	ND	15-25	ND	35-45	NOF
M-1	ND	ND	ND	ND	70-80	ND	05-10	NOF
W-1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	60-65	NOF

Analytical Instrument: Olympus Polarizing Microscope-BHTP-2

Sample Not Homogenized

NMLAP Bulk Asbestos Identification Quality Assurance Program

Percentages given on visual estimate

Laboratories not responsible for sampling techniques

Test report relates only to items tested

Report can not be used to claim product endorsement

ANALYST: Scott P. Lindsay

SIGNATURE: _ Englisher

Respectfully submitted, ATEC Associates, Inc.

Environmental/Analytical Testing Division

ATEC Form A/8806 A Subsidiary of American Testing and Engineering Corporation Offices in Major U.S. Cities/Since 1958

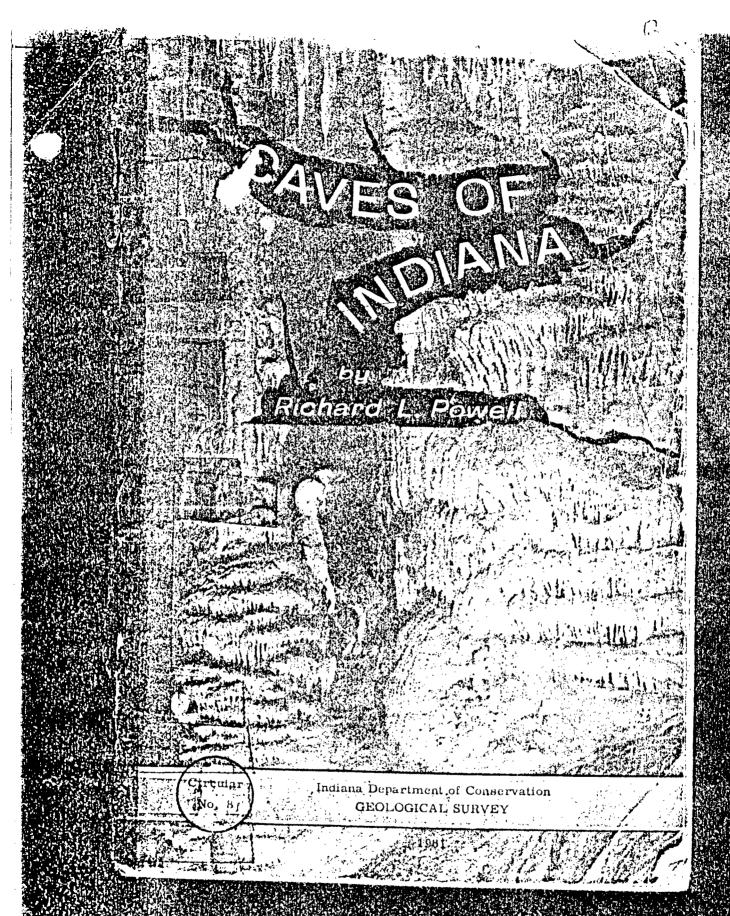
Rev. 0

ND - NONE DETECTED

HH - HORSE HAIR

NOF- NO OTHER FIBERS

IS - INSUFFICIENT SAMPLE



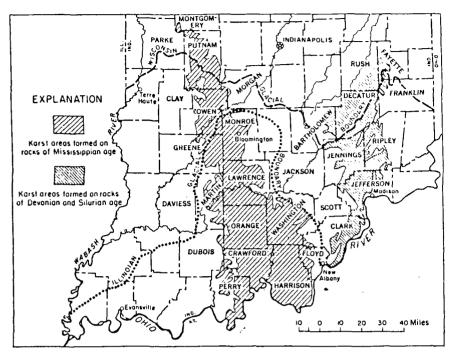


Figure 1. -- Map of Indiana showing two major karst areas.

Salem, St. Louis, Ste. Genevieve, and Paoli Limestones (table 1). These limestones are thicker and more susceptible to solution and erosion than the other limestones of Indiana. Underground drainage is so extensive in the Mitchell Plain that few streams flow across the surface of the ground. Karst areas in the Crawford Upland are less extensive and are limited to the eastern part of the upland, which is underlain by the limestones, sandstones, and shales of the Chester Series.

The Crawford Upland is a hilly, roughly dissected upland formed upon upper Mississippian and lower Pennsylvanian shales, sandstones, and limestones. The Beaver Bend, Reelsville, Beech Creek, Golconda, and Glen Dean Limestones crop out in the upland, contain some caverns, and in some places exhibit karst features. Karst valleys, formed in inliers of Paoli and Ste. Genevieve Limestones, are common along the east edge of the upland. Most of Indiana's larger caverns also are associated with the east edge of the Crawford Upland.

The Mitchell Plain and the Crawford Upland are separated by an eastward-facing escarpment called the Chester Escarpment. This escarpment separates the resistant sandstones in the upland and the more easily eroded and dissolved limestones in the plain.

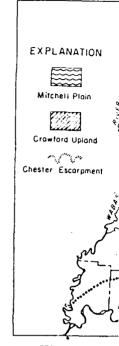
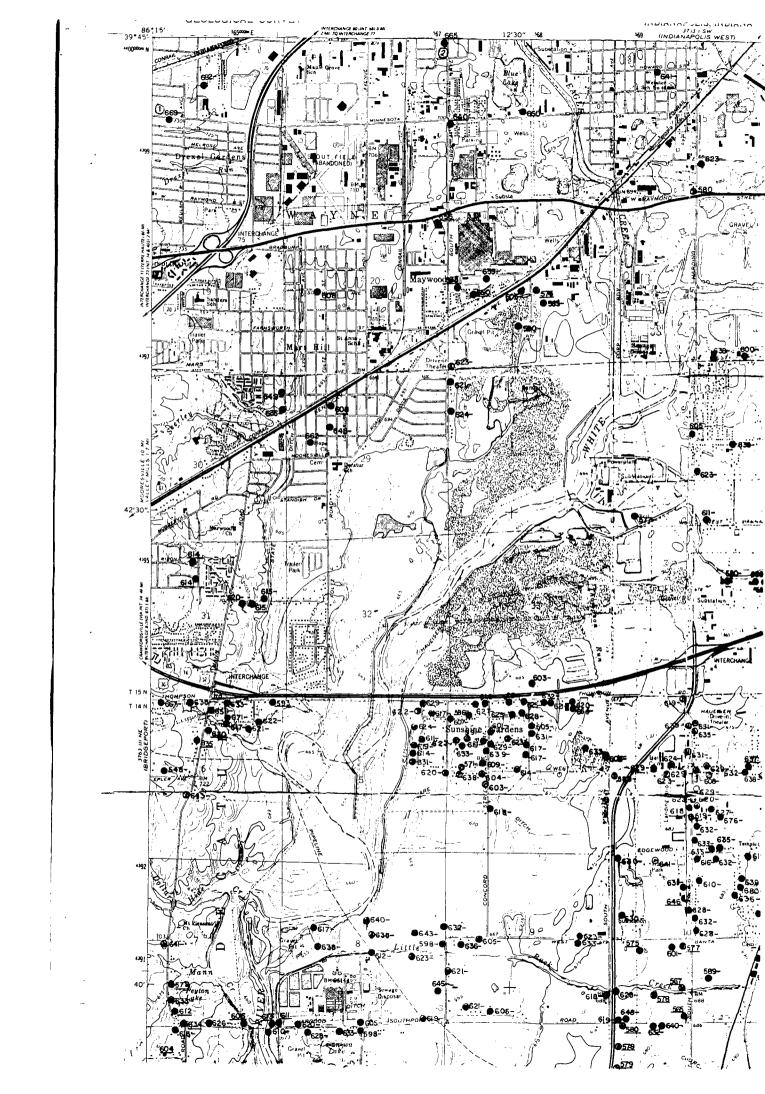


Figure 2. -Crawfor
Malott,

The limesto. southwest at a ra of 450 feet in th p. 190). The low Limestone, whic contains a few sn Salem Limestone ranges from 20 t a few of which are and Endless Cave examples. Above which ranges fro varying size are : Donaldson's, Tw Caves. Lost Rive in the top of the :





DIVISION OF WATER DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES, STATE OF INDIANA STATE OFFICE BUILDING INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA 46209

WATER WELL RECORD



DIVISION OF WATER
DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES, STATE OF INDIANA

STATE OFFICE BUILDING INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA 46209 MElrose 3-6757

WATER WELL RECORD



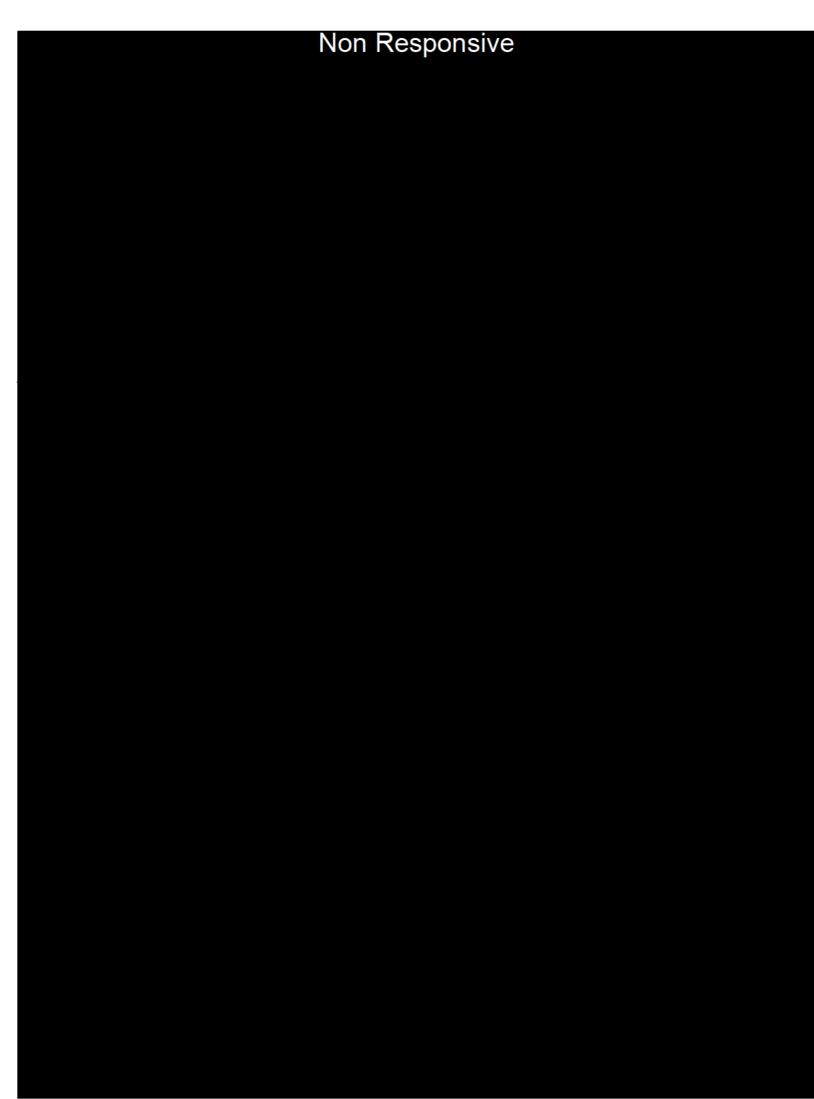


5 45

DIVISION OF WATER RESOURCES INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION 311 WEST WASHINGTON STREET INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA



WATER WELL RECORD





Mail completed record within 30 days to:
DIVISION OF WATER
INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES 2475 DIRECTORS ROW INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA 46241 PHONE (317) 232,4160

1) A tACK - AND TO

550

DIVISION OF WATER RESOURCES 1NDIANA DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION 311 WEST WASHINGTON STREET INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA

WATER WELL RECORD





Caralle.

Attachment A

Average household = 2.42 people/household

- $0-\frac{1}{4}$ Mile \rightarrow 10 people 4 houses
- $\frac{1}{4}$ Mile → 180 people assume 50 houses in Mars Hill residential area and 25 houses in Drexel Gardens
- ½-1 Mile → 666 people assume 175 houses in the Mars Hill residential area and 100 houses in Drexel Gardens
- 1-2 Miles → 726 people assume 300 houses in the Mars Hill residential area
- 2-3 Miles $\rightarrow 0$ people
- 3-4 Miles → 26,000 people the Speedway Municipal wells supply $\approx 26,000$ people

Attachment B

Average household = 2.42 people/household

- $0-\frac{1}{4}$ Mile \rightarrow assume 30 houses west of site
- $\frac{1}{4}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$ Mile \rightarrow assume 120 houses northwest and southeast of site
- $\frac{1}{2}$ -1 Mile \rightarrow assume 250 houses northwest and southeast of site
- 1-2 Miles \rightarrow assume 17,000 people (2% of the population of Indianapolis)
- 2-3 Miles → assume 35,000 people (4% of the population of Indianapolis)
- 3-4 Miles → assume 67,000 people (8% of the population of Indianapolis)

Table 5. Household, Family, and Group Quarters Characteristics: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

. .			Fami	ly households			Nontamily I	nouseholds		Persons p	er-	Persons	in group qu	orters
State County							House	halder living al	lane					
ity Subdivision					Female house-			65 years a	ind over					Other pe
riace	Persons in households	All house- holds	Total	Married- couple family	holder, no husband present	Total	Total	Total	female	Hausehold	family	Total	Institu- tionalized persons	sons i grou guarte
D 4 (1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1														
a Parte County—Con. Coolspring township	14 232	5 517	3 943	3 225	592	1 574	1 366	534	427	2.58	3 11	260	256	
Michigan (ity city (pt.)	6 756 1 073	2 924 410	1 814 316	1 325 279	422 28	1 110	973 87	368 35	302 32	2 31 2 62	2 98 3 04	256	256	
Dewey township	1 179 677	413 237	331 187	296 165	24 15	82 50	68 43	40 27	29 21	2 85 2.86	3 22 3 27	-	-	
Galena township	1 543	546	441	407	23 }	105	87	57	43	2.83	3.18	_	_	
Hanna township	930 2 151	319 800	261 592	235 507	17 54	58 208	53 176	26 72	22 49	2.92 2.69	3.29 3.14	-	-	
Johnson township	229	80	69	59	8	11	7	3	3	2.86	3 06	-	-	
Kankakee township	3 361 1 013	1 232	955 279	822 231	97 37	277 123	244 108	112 38	87 28	2.73 2.52	3 14 3 07	-	-	
Lincoln township	1 862	668	546	486	37	122	106	55 1 321	45 1 022	2.79 2.57	3.10 3.13	2 014	1 989	
Long Beach town	29 1B2 2 044	11 356 808	7 799 628	5 708 564	1 671 48	3 557 180	3 034 155	81	62	2.53	2.91		- 1	
Michigna Shores town (pt.)	255	106	73	64 4 499	1 575	33 3 177	26 2 702	11	8 888	2.41 2.57	2.90 l 3.17 l	2 014	1 989	
Michigan City City (pt.)	24 796 281	9 638 106	6 461 88	79	7 (18	15	9	7	2.65	2.86	-	, ,,,,	
Trail Creek town (pt.)	1 390	552 1 346	431 1 005	396 843	27 113	121 341	111 284	63 106	52 78	2.52 2.62	2.90 3.06	3 174	3 174	
New Durham township Westville town	3 521 2 081	829	589	476	Β1	240	176	64	53	2.51	2 99	3 174	3 174	
Noble township	1 333 2 897	477 1 018	369 832	321 675	36 133	108 186	98 162	67 72	49 58	2.79 2.85	3.27 3.19	-	-	
La Porte city (pt.)	1 131	435	337	233	95	98	88	39	32	2 60 3 03	2 99	~	-	
Scipio township	224 3 285	74 1 254	61 990	56 893	2 72	13 264	13 246	7 93	5 74	2.62	3.44 3.01	205	205	
La Porte city (pt.)	1 134	478	333	297	28	145	134	49 95	43 74	2.37 2.76	2.93 3 10	161 16	161	
Michigan Shores town (pt.)	4 584 123	1 660 59	1 319 34	1 115 27	142	341 25	27 I 22	8	6	2.08	2.76	-	~	
Union township	2 505	826	658	507	113 88	168 95	139 80	58 32	46 26	3.03	3.41 3.48	_	-	
Kingsford Heights town	1 486 926	476 310	381 262	266 235	16	48	42	19	13	2.99	3 28	_	-	
Kingsbury town	258 1 291	92 443	72 365	56 313	14 36	20 78	17 66	10 38	7 30	2.80	3.18 3.25	_	-	
Wills township	1 271	443	303	313	30	, ,		1		İ	- 1			
owrence County	42 155	16 235	12 171	10 409	1 355	4 064	3 654	1 913 23	1 547 16	2.60 2.85	3.05 3.20	186	617	
Bono township	1 358	234 484	192 398	173 359	10 24	42 86	36 79	44	31	2.81	3.16	-	_	
Indian Creek township	2 528	870	742	673	48	128	118	48	40	2.91 6.00	3.19 6.00	~	_	
Oblitic town (pt.)	8 798	3 334	2 520	2 131	301	814	724	369	294	2 64	3 08	185	160	
Mitchell city	4 484 3 800	1 781 1 372	1 245 1 109	981 998	216 81	536 263	483 239	257 105	209 75	2.52 2.77	3.05 3.13	185	160	
Marshall township	1 726	586	488	443	33	98	73	30	27	2.95	3.25	-	~	
Pleasant Run township	1 649 19 640	589 8 023	481 5 656	422 4 679	47 ° 777	108 2 367	100 2 139	1 174	27 979	2.80 2.45	3.12 2.97	496	457	
Bedford city	13 321	5 757	3 799	3 051	605	1 958	1 774	1 021	867	2.31	2 B9 3.00	496	457	
Oplitic town (pt.)	1 418	560 743	420 585	340 531	61 34	140 158	136 146	56 79	41 58	2 53 2.68	3.08	-	_	
	125 486	49 804	35 804	28 617	5 688	14 000	12 385	5 843	4 79B	2.52	3.01	5 183	4 048	1
Madison County	3 688	1 347	1 099	961	99	248	224	118	86	2.74	3.07		-	•
Anderson city (pt.)	412	1 150	119	106	12	31	30	20	13	2.00 2.75	2.00 3.15	-	_	
Anderson township	57 928	24 474	16 041	11 842	3 406	B 433	7 460	3 513	2 892	2.37	2.95	1 964	846	1
Anderson city (pt.) Country Club Heights town	55 634	23 517 39	15 295	11 156 29	3 357	8 222	7 266 6	3 381	2 789 3	2.37 2.87	2.95 3.29	1 964	846	1
Edgewood town	2 057	866	676	623	43	190	177	118	94	2.38 2.00	2 73 2.33	-	-	
River Forest town Woodlawn Heights town	16	8 44	33	28	5	11	2 9	}	5		2.88	_	_	
Boone township	681 547	243 199	202 156	191 140	7 8	41	37 39	13	7 12	2.80 2.75	3.13 3.17	~	-	
Duck Creek township	6	2	2	1		1 -	-	-	~	3.00	3.00		.	
Fall Creek township	9 239	3 410 905	2 715 604	2 355 473	274 110	695 301	616 278	280 149	218 125		3.08 3.03	2 815 118	2 815 118	
Green township	2 863	1 017	836	724	76	181	153	53	39	2.82	3,12	_		
Ingalis town	889 1 910	324 681	250 564	202 503	35 42	74 117	64 104	30 45	22 37		3.14 3.13	_	_	
Lafayette township	5 408	2 069	1 610	1 324	224	459	403	171	145	2 61	2.98	-	-	
Anderson city (pt.)	1 339	592 149	386	283 102	79 14	206	182 30	78 14	68 14		2.80 3.19	_	-	
Monroe township	9 942 5 610	3 742 2 210	2 797	2 275 1 203	406 291	945	824 578	388 281	329 246	2.66	3.11 3.06	115 99	101 85	
Alexandria city Orestes town	458	152	1 556	94	18	654 36	28	15	14	3.01	3.48	-	-	
Pipe Creek township	13 623 9 312	5 275 3 614	3 875 2 576	3 161 2 028	558 435	1 400	1 260 931	688 494	575 419		3.05 3.10	172 172	172 172	
Frankton town (pt.)	1 323	496	395	330	47	101	93	59	45	2.67	3 01	, "-	-	
Richland townshipAnderson city (pt.)	5 494 461	1 986 179	1 679	1 504 107	133	307	259 37	97	80 8		3.02 2.94	_	_	
Stony Creek township	3 588	1 352	1 047	914	102	305	275		117	2.65	3.07	-	-	
Union township	1 742 8 673	671 3 295	2 626	407 2 239	73 304	176	162 585	79 225	66 183		3.10 2.98	117	114	
Anderson city (at.)	59	22	17	16	1	5	5 287	106	2 84	2.68	3.18 2.87	_ 55	55	
Chesterfield town (pt.) Van Buren township	2 666 1 902	1 110 714	784 557	602 484	150 49	326 157	146	91	78	2.66	3.07	-	-	
Summitville town	1 010	385	289	240	31	96	90	59	52	2.62	3.09	-	-	
Marion County	782 830	319 471	205 652	150 965	44 232	113 819	93 696	29 430	23 529		3 06	14 329	9 725	
Center township	177 355	70 266 1 287	42 562	24 B20 777	14 480 136	27 704 337	23 139 288	8 205 143	6 094 112		3.25 2.91	4 785 240	3 568 240	
Beech Grove city (pt.)	3 203 174 152	68 979	950 41 612	24 043	14 344	27 367	22 851	8 062	5 982	2.52	3 26	4 545	3 328	
Decatur township	20 966	7 312	5 941	4 769	892 892	1 371	1 108	385	305 305		3 18 3.18	126 126	126 126	
Indianapolis city (remainder) (pt) Franklin township	20 966 21 458	7 312 7 370	5 941 6 075	4 769 5 303	590	1 371	1 076	389	339	2.91	3.24	120	120	
Beech Grove city (pt.)	854	425 6 945	206	146 5 157	47 543	1 076	205 871	137 252	132 207		2.93 3.25	-	-	
Indianapolis city (remainder) (pt.)	20 604 93 689	36 880	25 555	19 682	4 792	11 325	9 217	1 939	1 565	2.54	3.07	859	590	
Castleton town Indianapolis city (remainder) (pt.)	37	24 26 244	9	14 022	3 516	7 955	13 6 488		1 986	1.54 2.57	2 00 3 10	347	347	
Lawrence City (remainder) (pr.)		10 612		5 655	1 274				578		3.00	512	243	

1.

Table 5. Household, Family, and Group Quarters Characteristics: 1990—Con.

[for definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

[FOR GENINIONS OF FEMALS and Insentings of Symbol	_ 		Fam	ly households	,		Nonfamily I	households		Persons	per —	Person	s in group qu	orters
State County							House	holder living a	lone					
County Subdivision				Morned-	Female house- holder, no			65 years o	and over				Institu-	Other per-
Place	Persons in households	All house- holds	Total	couple family	husband present	Total	Total	Total	Female	Household	family	Total	tionolized persons	group quarters
Marion County—Con. Perry township	83 634	33 764	23 324	18 954	3 447	10 440	8 662	3 341	2 799	2 48	3.00	1 426	718	7(- <u>9</u>
Beech Grove city (pt.)	9 086 758	3 776 303	2 537 242	1 989 211	432 23	1 239 61	1 039 56	430 38	372 31	2 41 2 50	2.95 2.83	-	-	
Indianapolis city (remainder) (pt.) Southport city	71 821 1 969	28 955 730	19 970 575	16 266 488	2 918 74	8 985 155	7 438 129	2 825 48	2 357 39	2 48 2 70	3 01 3 07	1 426	718	708
Pike township	44 819 454	20 322 152	11 545 139	9 066 134	2 049	8 777 13	7 090	1 380	1 182	2.21 2.99	2 91 3.13	385	366	19
Indianapolis city (remainder) (pt.)	44 365 86 483	20 170 34 609	11 406 23 894	8 932 18 102	2 046 4 733	8 764 10 715	7 081 9 078	1 377 3 407	1 180 2 821	2.20 2.50	2.91 3.03	385 1 506	366 1 423	19 23
Beech Grove city (pt.) Cumberland town (pt.) Indianapolis city (remainder) (pt.)	2 933 81 856	1 084 32 556	763 22 731	502 17 279	227 4 440	321 9 825	277 8 253	77 2 869	63 2 346	2.71	3 28 3 02	1 437	1 354	- 83
Warren Park town	1 694 130 826	969 57 965	400 34 415	321 26 428	66 6 582	569 23 550	548 19 309	461 5 800	412 4 771	1.75 2.26	2.73 2.93	69 3 143	69	1 783
Crows Nest town Indianapolis city (remainder) (pt.)	114 127 370	40 56 623	34 33 373	31 25 501	6 492	23 250	19 050	5 675	3 4 667	2.85 2.25	3 18 2 92	3 143	1 355	1 763
Meridian Hills town North Crows Nest town	1 728 57	653 18	533 18	486 16	35 2	120	112	69	58 -	2.65 3.17	2.98 3.17	-	-	-
Spring Hill town	751 112	323 55	199 35	149 35	38	124	100 15	33 4	27 3	2.33 2.04	2.96 2.43	-	_	-
Williams Creek town Wynnedale town	425 269 123 600	156 97	137 86	129 81	8	19	19	10	9 4	2.72	2.94 2.91	-	-	-
Vayne township Clermont town (pt.) Indianapolis city (remainder) (pt.)	1 224 1 224 109 284	50 983 477 44 162	32 341 360 28 426	23 841 293 20 786	6 667 50 5 966	18 642 117 15 736	15 017 94 12 586	4 584 34 3 617	3 653 27 2 867	2.42 2.57 2.47	3.03 2.95 3.07	2 099 - 2 099	1 579 - 1 579	520 520
Speedway town	13 092	6 344	3 555	2 762	651	2 789	2 337	933	759	2.06	2.70	2 099	1 3/9	-
Marshall CountyBourbon township	41 530 2 976	15 146 1 060	11 508 809	9 945 711	1 137 81	3 638 251	3 185 217	1 565 114	1 237 101	2.74 2.81	3.20 3.26	652	494	158
Center township	1 672 12 147 7 979	635 4 592	454 3 279	380 2 714	63 443	181	161 1 144	82 530	74 432	2.63 2.65	3.17 3.18	354	354	-
Plymouth city	8 348 4 646	3 194 2 945 1 770	2 090 2 269 1 282	1 613 1 985 1 087	384 - 195 142	1 104 676 488	967 612 449	459 333 266	383 274	2.50	3.14 3.31	324 79 79	324 79	-
Bremen town Green township Argos town (pt.)	970 31	332 10	279	251	21	53	46	24	225 19	2.62 2.92 3.10	3 17 3.19 3.33	, y 	79 - -	-
North township	4 088 562	1 456 214	1 146 150	1 021 133	86 14	310 64	256 56	127 28	79 16	2.81	3.19 3.21	-	-	-
Polk township Koontz Lake CDP (pt.)	2 497 165	887 68	721 41	641 36	48 4	166 27	147 24	78 20	56 13	2.82 2.43	3.14 3.07	-	-	_
Tippecanoe township Union township	1 188 3 211	412 1 289	336 935	303 800	18 91	76 354	69 314	32 147	23 124	2.88 2.49	3.23 2.97	78	61	17
Culver town Walnut township	1 404 2 648	589 940	404 730	324 604	57 99	185 210	169 179	86 100	73 76	2.38 2.82	2.93 3.23	12	_	12
Argos town (pt.)	1 611 3 457	569 1 233	439 1 004	356 915	66 55	130 229	108 202	60 80	51 53	2 83 2.80	3.26 3.14	129		129
Martin County	10 113 1 813	3 836 718	2 840 508	2 430 441	303 48	996 210	916 194	469 113	364 93	2.64 2.53	3.14 3.07	256	81 7	175
Shoals town (pt.) Halbert township	523 1 587	254 594	139 453	117 376	19 56	115	105	74 66	65 47	2.06 2.67	2.79 3.11	7	; -	=
Shoals town (pt.) Lost River township	323 449	142 168	92 135	59 122	31 7	50 33	46 30	26 18	22 11	2.27 2.67	2.88 3.04	=	Ξ.	-
Mitcheltree township	539 5 044	191 1 933	1 401	1 194	20 159	532	41 493	22 234	13 188	2.82 2.61	3.30 3.15	167 82	74	167 8
Crane town Loogootee city Rutherford township	216 2 846 681	90 1 181 232	790 201	51 635 179	127 13	33 391 31	32 357	191	154 154	2.40 2.41	3 18 3.02	38	, 38	-
Miami County	36 070	13 484	10 284	8 763	1 153	3 200	2 863	1 342	12 1 114	2.94	3.17 3.11	827	256	571
Allen township	697 218	244 79	200 64	179 57	10 5	44 15	39 15	20 5	14	2.86 2.76	3 20 3.14	-	-	-
Butler township Clay township Deer Creek township	790 847 1 656	292 303	225 250	205 228	12 14	53	56 51	27 22	23 18		3.11 3.14	1 -	-	<u> 1</u>
Grissom AFB CDP (pt.)	451	610 - 167	489 - 137	, 432 126	39 7	121	98 - 28	39 - 14	31 - 10	2.71	3.06 - 3.04	-	-	-
Harrison township Jackson township	748 2 021	245 753	217 596	200 514	11 63	28 157	27 145	15 76	10 63		3.30 -3.07	-	-	-
Amboy town Converse town (pt)	370 965	140 367	114 270	97 227	15 34	26 97	25 88	17 40	16 31	2.64 2.63	3.00 3.13	-	-	-
Jefferson township	2 630 504	949 180	757 139	674 120	56 13	192	173 40	96 25	73 20	2.80	3 15 3.27	-	-	- -
Mexico CDP	1 003 836 12 465	381 275 5 074	290 233 3 450	257 209 2 725	24 15 583	91 42 1 624	82 38 1 450	43 19 699	36 14 601	3 04	3 08 3 33	-	- -	- -
Peru city (pt) Pipe Creek township	10 303 7 513	4 238 2 501	2 820 2 175	2 196 1 981	503 139	1 418	1 275	630	550 84	2 46 2 43 3.00	3 02 3 03 3 25	265 255 561	255 255	10 560
Bunker Hill town Grissom AFB (DP (pt.)	1 010 3 710	391 1 057	298 1 040	243 997	45 21	93	83	25	21	2.58 3.51	2.99 3.53	561	1 - 1	Sec
Richland township Union township	1 000 813	35 <i>2</i> 272	268 227	264 201	10 17	64 45	56 39	38 21	27 16	2 84	3.19 3.34		-	
Peru city (pt.)	3 603 2 285	1 447 975	1 040 642	825 465	177 152	407 333	372 305	153 118	130 104		3.00 2.96	-	-	-
Monroe County	93 866 2 358	39 351 818	22 953 677	18 753 579	3 270 66	16 398 141	11 216 108	2 822 44	2 305 27	2.39	2.93 3.14	15 112	778	14 334
Stinesville town	204 3 116	76 1 180	58 921	46 818	11 76	18 259	14 209	63	7 48	2 68	3.14 3.07 3.01	-	-	-
Bloomination city (pt)	28 560 22 534	12 803 10 309	5 577 3 910	4 424 3 034	898 682	7 226 6 399	4 432 3 768	877 604	725 505	2.23	2 84 2 80	13 596 13 500	226 131	13 3 1 13 242
Clear Creek township	3 883 1 429	1 496 503	1 111	972 367	104 38	385 85	306	81	58 10	2.60 2.84	3.02 3 11	-	-	-
Perry townsn.p Bloomington city (pt)	30 748 20 956	13 597 9 605	7 458 4 655	5 901 3 544	1 254 910	6 139 4 950	4 328 3 354	1 194 837	987 707	2.26	2 85 2 80	1 237 1 125	305 193	6); c:;
Polk township Richland township Bloomington city (pt.)	10 093 52	131 3 704 24	100 2 884 18	88 2 436	341 341	820 820	677	18 246	11 212		2.93 3.11	63	63	-
Ellettsville town	3 212	1 186 526	887	17 700 342	157 25	299 139	258 105	128 21	3 117 15	2 17 2 71 2.50	2 56 3 17 2.87	63	63	
,		510	. 007	3-1	23	. 137	. 103	. 41	13	2.30	2.07	' '	-	

TELEPHONE CALL REPORT



Q

SOIL SURVEY OF

Marion County, Indiana





United States Department of Agriculture
Soil Conservation Service
In cooperation with
Purdue University Agricultural Experiment Station

Sloan Series

The Sloan series consists of deep, nearly level, very poorly drained soils on bottom land along the White River and the larger creeks. These soils formed in loamy alluvium. The native vegetation is water tolerant grasses and hardwoods.

In a representative profile, the surface layer is 14 inches thick. The upper 8 inches is very dark gray, heavy silt loam, and the lower 6 inches is very dark grayish brown silty clay loam. The subsoil is about 19 inches thick. The upper 7 inches is mottled very dark gray, firm silty loam, and the lower 12 inches is mottled gray, firm clay loam. The underlying material to a depth of about 45 inches is mottled gray heavy silt loam. Below this to a depth of 60 inches is gray, stratified gravelly loamy sand, loamy sand, and sand.

Permeability is moderate. Available water capacity is high. Organic-matter content of the surface layer is high. The seasonal high water table is at the surface or $\frac{1}{2}$ foot below the surface during some part of the year.

If adequately drained, Sloan soils are well suited to farming. Because of wetness and flooding, they have severe limitations for most nonfarm uses.

Representative profile of Sloan silt loam in a cultivated field 2,640 feet east and 500 feet south of the northwest corner of sec. 9, T. 14 N., R. 3 E.

Ap-0 to 8 inches; very dark gray (10YR 3/1) heavy silt loam; moderate medium granular structure; friable; few fine roots; neutral; abrupt smooth boundary.

A12—8 to 14 inches; very dark grayish brown (2.5Y 3/2) silty clay loam; common medium distinct brown (7.5YR 4/4) mottles; weak medium subangular blocky structure; firm; few fine roots; neutral; gradual wavy boundary.

B21g-14 to 21 inches; very dark gray (10YR 3/1) silty clay loam; few fine prominent brown (7.5YR 4/4) mottles; moderate medium subangular blocky structure; firm; neutral; gradual wavy boundary.

B22t—21 to 28 inches; gray (10YR 5/1) clay loam; many medium prominent yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) mottles; weak medium subangular blocky structure; firm; fine very dark grayish brown (10YR 3/2) iron and manganese oxide concretions; neutral; clear smooth boundary.

B3g-28 to 33 inches; gray (10YR 5/1) clay loam; many coarse prominent yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) mottles; weak medium subangular blocky structure; firm; neutral; clear smooth boundary.

C1g-33 to 45 inches; gray (10YR 5/1) heavy silt loam; few fine faint grayish brown (10YR 5/2) mottles; weak medium subangular blocky structure; firm; moderately alkaline; gradual wavy boundary.

erately alkaline; gradual wavy boundary.

IIC2g-45 to 60 inches; gray (10YR 6/1) stratified gravelly loamy sand, loamy sand, and sand; single grained; loose; strong effervescence; moderately alkaline.

The solum is typically 25 to 45 inches thick, but ranges from 20 to 50 inches. Reaction is neutral to moderately alkaline.

The Ap horizon, A1 horizon, or A12 horizon is black (10YR 2/1), very dark brown (10YR 2/2), very dark gray (10YR 3/1) silt loam, heavy silt loam, silty clay loam, or clay loam.

The B horizon is very dark gray (10YR 3/1), dark gray (10YR 4/1), or gray (10YR 5/1) clay loam, silty clay loam, or loam. It has weak or moderate fine to coarse subangular or angular blocky structure. Mottles are few to many, fine to coarse, and faint to prominent.

The upper part of the C horizon has weak or medium or coarse subangular blocky structure or structure. Mottles are few to many, fine to coarse, to prominent.

Sloan soils are in the same landscape as wel Genesee soils, moderately well drained Eel soils, a what poorly drained Shoals soils. Sloan soils poorly drained. They have a darker surface la Genesee, Eel, and Shoals soils. They are mottled inches of the surface, whereas mottles are at a great in Eel and Shoals soils.

Sn—Sloan silt loam. This nearly level soil i broad bottom land along the White River; narrower bottom land along some creeks; in lov of both the broad bottom land along the river narrower bottom land along the creeks; and in of the river and creeks. Areas range from 2 to 5 in size; the largest are on the broad bottom lat the White River. Most areas are irregularly but those in low swales are long or irregularly and those in old oxbows are half moon shaped are 0 to 2 percent.

Included with this soil in mapping are smoof somewhat poorly drained Shoals soils a poorly drained Rensselaer soils. Also inclusmall areas of muck, which occur where the soil is lowest lying. The muck, which dries a slowly than Sloan soils, is indicated by spot on the soil map.

Runoff is very slow. Wetness and flooding main limitations. This soil is subject to flooding winter and early in spring and to floodin parts of the growing season. Because of wet flooding, limitations for most nonfarm uses ar If adequately drained, this soil is well suited soybeans, and other crops, but crops are st damage during periods of flooding. Woodsupport poor stands of hardwoods. Capabi IIIw-9; woodland suitability subclass 2w.

Urban Land

Urban land is so altered and obscured k works and structures that identification of is not feasible.

Ub—Urban land-Brookston complex. Thi level mapping unit is on smooth upland flat depressions and drainageways. Slopes are 0 cent. Areas range from 2 to 110 acres in size irregularly shaped.

This mapping unit is about 50 percent Ur and 30 percent very poorly drained Brooks Brookston soils are identifiable in lawns, parks, and other open areas. They have similar to the one described as representatiseries, but alteration is evident where small ways have been filled or leveled and other sn have been cut, built up, or smoothed.

Included with this unit in mapping are sn of well drained Miami soils and somewhat drained Crosby soils. Also included are area and fill land.

Runoff is generally rapid on the Urban slow on the Brookston soils. Most areas ar by sewer systems and gutters, and some ar by surface ditches. Some areas of Brookston soils in depressions and drainageways are ponded for brief

3 by runoff from adjacent higher lying areas. Construction and engineering work should be based largely on the properties and qualities of the Brookston soils. Because of wetness, the Brookston soils have severe limitations for most nonfarm uses. If excess water is removed, they are well suited to lawns, vegetable and flower gardens, and water-tolerant shrubs and trees. Not assigned to a capability unit or woodland suitability subclass.

Uc-Urban land-Crosby complex. This nearly level mapping unit is on smooth upland flats. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. Areas range from 10 to 1,000 acres and

are irregularly shaped.

This mapping unit is about 50 percent Urban land and 30 percent somewhat poorly drained Crosby soils. Crosby soils are identifiable in lawns, gardens, parks, and other open areas. They have a profile similar to the one described as representative of the series, but alteration is evident where small, low lying ridges have been cut or smoothed.

Included with this unit in mapping are small areas of well drained Miami soils, very poorly drained Brookston soils, and Cut and fill land.

Runoff is generally rapid on the Urban land and slow on the Crosby soils. Most areas are drained by sewer systems and gutters, and some are drained by surface ditches. Construction and engineering work should be based largely on the properties and qualities of the Crosby soils. Erosion is a problem if disturbed areas are left bare for a considerable period. Bare areas are subject to gullying, sheet erosion, and water erosion, all of which remove much of the surface soil and subsoil. Because of wetness and slow permeability, the Crosby soils have severe limitations for most nonfarm uses. If excess water is removed, they are well suited to lawns, vegetable and flower gardens, and water-tolerant shrubs and trees. Not assigned to a capability unit or woodland suitability subclass.

UfA—Urban land-Fox complex, 0 to 3 percent slopes. This is a dominantly nearly level mapping unit on smooth terrace flats. In a few areas it is gently sloping. Areas range from 5 to 1,700 acres and are irregularly

shaped.

This mapping unit is about 50 percent Urban land and 35 percent well drained Fox soils. Fox soils are identifiable in lawns, gardens, parks, and other open areas. They have a profile similar to the one described as representative of the series, but alteration is evident where small low knolls and ridges have been cut and the soil has been used as fill in lower lying areas.

Included with this unit in mapping are small areas of well drained Ockley and Martinsville soils, very poorly drained Westland soils, somewhat poorly

drained Sleeth soils, and Cut and fill land.

Runoff is generally rapid on the Urban land and slow on the Fox soils. Most areas are drained by sewer systems and gutters, and some are drained by surface ditches. Construction and engineering work should be based largely on the properties and qualities Fox soils. Erosion is a problem if disturbed areas where the slopes are 2 or 3 percent are left bare for a considerable period. Bare areas on slopes are subject to gullying, sheet erosion, and water erosion, all of which remove much of the surface soil and subsoil. The Fox soils have slight limitations for most nonfarm uses. If adequately watered, they are well suited to lawns, vegetable and flower gardens, and drought-tolerant shrubs and trees. Not assigned to a capability unit or woodland suitability subclass.

UfC-Urban land-Fox complex, 6 to 12 percent slopes. This moderately sloping mapping unit is on the short slopes between broad, level terraces or outwash plains and bottom land and on the short slope breaks on terraces or outwash plains. Areas range from 10 to 65

acres in size and are long.

This mapping unit is about 50 percent Urban land and 35 percent well drained Fox soils. Fox soils are identifiable in lawns, gardens, parks, and other open areas. They have a profile similar to the one described as representative of the series, but the surface layer is thinner, depth to the underlying gravelly sand and sand is 24 to 32 inches, and in places alteration is evident.

Included with this unit in mapping are small areas of gently sloping soils and strongly sloping, well drained soils. Also included are areas of Cut and fill

Runoff is generally very rapid on the Urban land and medium on the Fox soils. Most areas are drained by sewer systems and gutters, and some are drained by surface ditches. Construction and engineering work should be based largely on the properties and qualities of the Fox soils. Erosion is a problem if disturbed areas are left bare for a considerable period. Bare areas are subject to gullying, sheet erosion, and water erosion, all of which remove much of the surface soil and subsoil. Because of slope, the Fox soils have moderate limitations for most nonfarm uses. If adequately watered, they are well suited to lawns, vegetable and flower gardens, and drought tolerant shrubs and trees. Not assigned to a capability unit or woodland suitability subclass.

Ug—Urban land-Genesee complex. This nearly level mapping unit is on bottom land. Areas range from 40 to 1,300 acres. Most are irregularly shaped, but some are long. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. Large areas

are protected by levees.

This mapping unit is about 40 percent Urban land and 40 percent well drained Genesee soils. Genesee soils are identifiable in lawns, gardens, parks, and other open areas. They have a profile similar to the one described as representative of the series, but alteration is evident in many areas where topsoil has been stripped.

Included with this unit in mapping are small areas of very poorly drained Sloan soils, somewhat poorly drained Shoals soils, and moderately well drained Eel

soils. Also included are areas of fill.

Runoff is generally rapid on the Urban land and slow on the Genesee soils. Most areas are drained by sewer systems and gutters, and some are drained by surface ditches. Construction and engineering work should be based largely on the properties and qualities of the Genesee soils. Erosion is not a problem. Because

TABLE 11.—Physical and chemical properties of soils—Continued

Soil name and map symbol		Permen-		Soil	Shrink-	Risk of	orrosion		osion ctors	Win
map symbol	Depth	bility	water capacity	reaction		Unconted steel	Concrete	к	т	bilit
Miami clay loam part	7n 0-8 8-24	7n/hr 0.6-2.0 0.6-2.0	/n/in 0.18-0.20 0.15-0.20	5.6-7.3 5.6-6.0	Moderate Moderate	Moderate Moderate	Moderate Moderate	0.37 0.37	4	8
Ockley: OcA, OcB2	24-60 0-9	0.2-2.0 0.6-2.0	0.05-0.19 0.20-0.24	6.6-8.4 5.6-6.5	Low	Low	Low Moderate	0.87 0.37	4	5
	9–27 27–56 56–60	0.6-2.0 0.6-2.0 >20	0.15-0.20 0.12-0.14 0.02-0.04	4.5-6.0 5.6-6.5 7.4-8.4	Moderate Moderate Low	Moderate Moderate Low	Moderate Moderate Low	0.37 0.24 0.10		
tensselaer: Re	0-15 15-36	0.2-0.6 0.06-0.2	0.20-0.24 0.15-0.19	6.6-7.3 6.6-7.3	Low Moderate	High High	Low		•	5
hoals:	36–60	0.6-2.0	0.19-0.21	7.9-8.4	Low	High				
Sh	0-10 10-35 35-60	0.6 -2.0 0.6 -2.0 0.6 -2.0	0.22-0.24 0.20-0.22 0.19-0.21	6.6-7.3 6.6-7.3 6.6-7.3	Low Low Low	High High High	Low Low Low			5
Sleeth:	0-11	0.6-2.0	0.20-0.24	6.6-7.3	Low	High	Low			5
	11-20 20-54 54-60	0.6-2.0 0.6-2.0 >20	0.15-0.19 0.14-0.16 0.02-0.04	5.6–6.5 6.6–8.4 7.9–8.4	Moderate Moderate Low	High	Low Low			
Sloan:	0-8	0.6-2.0	0.20-0.24	6.1-7.8	Moderate		Low	•	.	
·	845 4560	0.2-2.0 0.2-2.0	0.15-0.19 0.16-0.20	6.1-7.8 6.6-7.8	Moderate		Low			
Jrban land:	00	0.2 2.0	0.10 0.20	0.0				-		
Brookston part	0-14 14-54 54-60	0.6-2.0 0.6-2.0 0.2-0.6	0.21-0.24 0.15-0.19 0.05-0.19	6.6-7.3 6.6-7.3 7.4-8.4	Moderate Moderate Moderate	High High High	Low			7
¹Uc: Crosby part:	0-9 9-27 27-60	0.6-2.0 0.06-0.2 0.06-0.6	0.20-0.24 0.15-0.20 0.05-0.19	5.1-6.5 5.1-7.3 7.9-8.4	Low Moderate Low	High High High	Moderate	0.37 0.37 0.37	3-2	5
' UfA; Fox part	0-8 8-24 24-38 38-60	0.6-2.0 0.6-2.0 0.6-2.0 >6.0	0.20-0.22 0.18-0.20 0.12-0.14 0.02-0.04	5.1-6.5 5.1-6.0 6.1-7.8 7.9-8.4	Low Moderate Moderate Low	LowLowLow		0.32 0.32 0.32 0.10	3-2	6
'UfC: Fox part	0-8 8-24 24-38	0.6-2.0 0.6-2.0 0.6-2.0	0.20-0.22 0.18-0.20 0.12-0.14	5.1-6.5 5.1-6.0 6.1-7.8	Low Moderate Moderate	Low Low	Moderate Moderate Moderate	0.32 0.32 0.32	3-2	6
¹ Ua:	38–60	>6.0	0.02-0.04	7.9–8.4	Low	Low	Low	0.10		
Genesee part	0-6 6-34 34-60	0.6-2.0 0.6-2.0 0.6-2.0	0.20-0.24 0.17-0.22 0.19-0.21	6.1-7.8 6.1-8.4 7.4-8.4	Low Low	Low Low Low	Low			5
¹ UmB; Miami part	0-8 8-32	0.6-2.0 0.6-2.0 0.2-2.0	0.20-0.24 0.15-0.20 0.05-0.19	5.6-7.3 5.6-6.0 6.6-8.4	Low	Low	1 -	0.37 0.37 0.32	5-4	5
'UmC: Miami part	32-60 0-8 8-32	0.6-2.0 0.6-2.0	0.20-0.24 0.15-0.20	5.6-7.3 5.6-6.0	Low Moderate	Low Moderate	Moderate Moderate	0.37 0.37	5-4	5
'Uw: Westland part	32-60 0-12	0.2-2.0	0.05-0.19	6.6-8.4 5.6-7.3	Moderate	High				6
187 Al J .	12-42 42-60	$\begin{vmatrix} 0.06-0.2\\ > 20 \end{vmatrix}$	0.15-0.19 0.02-0.04	5.6-7.3 7.4-8.4	Moderate Low	High High	Low		-	
Westland: We	0-12 12-42	0.6-2.0 0.06-0.2	0.18-0.21	5.6-7.3 5.6-7.3	Moderate Moderate Low	High High	Low		-	6
Whitaker:	42-60	>20	0.02-0.04	7.4-8.4	1_) `		ļ	ĺ	_
Wh	0-9 9-58 58-60	0.6-2.0 0.6-2.0 0.6-6.0	0.20-0.24 0.15-0.19 0.19-0.21	5.6-7.3 5.1-6.0 6.6-8.4	Low Moderate Low	Moderate High High	I =	0.37 0.37 0.37	5	5

is mapping unit is made up of two or more dominant kinds of soil. See mapping unit description for the composition and beof the whole mapping unit.



TELEPHONE CALL REPORT Non Responsive



Water Resources Data Indiana Water Year 1991





U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY WATER-DATA REPORT IN-91-1 Prepared in cooperation with the State of Indiana and with other agencies

03353000 WHITE RIVER AT INDIANAPOLIS, IN

LOCATION.--Lat 39°45'05", long 86°10'30", in NWANWA sec.14, T.15 N., R.3 E., Marion County, Hydrologic Unit 05120201, on downstream side of second pier from right bank of Morris Street bridge in Indianapolis, 2.6 mi downstream from Fall Creek, 3.4 mi upstream from Eagle Creek, 4.0 mi upstream from Indianapolis Power and Light

downstream from fail Creek, 3.4 mi upstream from Eagle Creek, 4.0 mi upstream from Indianapolis Power and Light Company dam, and at mile 230.3.

DRAINAGE AREA.--1,635 mi .

PERIOD OF RECORD.--March 1904 to July 1906 and April 1930 to current year. Gage-height record published in reports of National Weather Service for site 1.1 mi upstream feb. 8, 1911, to Mar. 25, 1913, and at site 2.3 mi upstream since Oct. 16, 1913. Prior to October 1948, published as West Fork White River at Indianapolis.

REVISED RECORDS.--WSP 1335: 1932-33, 1937, 1939-41. WSP 1505: 1938. WSP 2109: Drainage area.

GAGE.--Water-stage recorder. Datum of gage is 662.26 ft above National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929. March 1904 to July 1906, nonrecording gage at railroad bridge 0.8 mi upstream at datum approximately 2.9 ft higher. April 1930 to July 20, 1931, nonrecording gage at Indianapolis sanitation plant, 2.5 mi downstream at datum 660.00 ft lower. July 21, 1931 to Mar. 2, 1932, nonrecording gage and March 3, 1932, to September 30, 1960, water-stage recorder at present site at datum 660.00 ft lower.

REMARKS.--Records good except for estimated daily discharges, which are poor. Natural flow affected by regulation of Morse Reservoir and Geist Reservoir, and by diversion of municipal water supply by the Indianapolis Water Company. Stage-discharge relation affected at times by large releases from Eagle Creek and by variable leakage at Indianapolis Power and Light Company dam.

EXIREMES OUTSIDE PERIOD OF RECORD.--flood of Mar. 26, 1913, reached a stage of 30.0 ft, from floodmarks determined by Indianapolis Water Company, discharge, 70,000 ft 7s.

DISCHARGE CHRIC FEEL PER SECOND. WATER YEAR OCTOBER 1990 TO SEPTEMBER 1991

		D1 SCHAR	GE, CUBIC	FEET PER		ATER YE MEAN Y	EAR OCTOBER VALUES	1990 TO	SEPTEMBE	R 1991		
DA Y	001	NOV	DE C	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	Jul	AUG	SEP
1 2 3 4 5	500 478 509 2260 2740	739 711 681 663 943	3040 2300 4250 6990 6790	35400 24100 9130 4940 3860	1370 1300 1430 1690 2680	1450 1550 1520 1450 1340	2300 2070 1840 1810 1990	1420 1290 1200 1310 1290	4670 5700 4490 2830 1970	306 290 272 246 245	e100 e98.0 e130 e220 e310	99 85 83 179 145
6 7 8 9 10	2890 2120 1760 1710 3900	1040 1250 1110 945 859	4180 2970 2450 2020 1790	3280 2800 2530 2230 2020	4820 6740 6600 4700 3410	1240 1250 1150 1120 1030	1990 1880 1940 2350 2110	1410 1260 1160 1080 1070	1460 1180 978 840 725	243 238 234 315 725	e465 209 186 192 149	132 106 81 71 74
11 12 13 14 15	7020 6800 4260 2910 2310	815 766 734 693 665	1640 1520 1370 1310 2230	2260 3220 3840 3000 2680	2800 2370 2120 2090 2030	991 1900 8290 8480 7320	1820 1590 2440 3160 5910	1040 1040 1000 1060 1070	656 642 597 523 468	444 463 359 e290 e230	143 116 83 86 100	71 143 405 192 134
16 17 18 19 20	1890 1610 1680 2010 2230	670 670 651 621 609	3960 4680 4810 6900 7550	3430 5110 5100 3590 2950	1750 1540 2020 2810 4280	6530 6610 8240 8700 7870	6320 4560 3120 4310 5560	1530 1550 2890 3840 3070	799 641 640 481 383	e200 e180 e170 e160 e152	76 138 163 200 190	131 109 83 70 58
21 22 23 24 25	1840 1660 1510 1360 1210	614 857 819 845 857	6310 7370 8430 6070 3920	2810 2590 2260 1980 1710	4040 3100 2530 2100 1870	4990 6200 8120 8510 6680	5400 3870 2950 2480 2180	1990 1740 1850 2000 1710	340 314 418 1110 1010	el 45 el 50 el 58 el 50 el 41	184 219 143 113 89	56 96 244 152 126
26 27 28 29 30 31	1080 969 882 844 796 760	784 1480 3850 5150 4700	e2900 e2500 e2350 4900 26300 36800	1590 1510 1450 1390 1530 1390	1690 1550 1450	5270 5730 5970 4550 3240 2620	1930 1760 1660 1630 1470	1590 1410 1200 1100 1220 1520	824 525 409 334 308	e137 e130 e123 e117 e110 e105	76 68 89 142 127 132	127 104 73 64 81
TOTAL MEAN MAX MIN CFSM IN.	64498 2081 7020 478 1.27 1.47	35791 1193 5150 609 .73 .81	180600 5826 36800 1310 3.56 4.11	145680 4699 35400 1390 2.87 3.31	76880 2746 6740 1300 1.68 1.75	139911 4513 8700 991 2.76 3.18	84400 2813 6320 1470 1.72 1.92	47910 1545 3840 1000 .95 1.09	36265 1209 5700 308 .74 .83	7228 233 725 105 .14 .16	4736.0 153 465 68 .09	3574 119 405 56 .07 .08
e E	sti∎ated											
MEAN MAX (WY) MIN (WY)	424 2081 1991 70.1 1941	775 4518 1973 110 1935	1405 5826 1991 77.3 1964	1917 12120 1950 78.4 1977	2209 6452 1950 178 1964	- 199 2769 6610 1963 207 1941	1, BY WATER 2704 7777 1964 274 1941	1857 8594 1943 113 1941	1368 7910 1958 126 1988	814 3149 1957 90.3 1936	534 3399 1979 42.5 1941	410 5063 1989 31.5 1941
SUMMAR	TZITATZ Y	108	FOR	1990 CALE	NUAR YEAR		FOR 1991 N	ATER YEAR		WATER	YEARS 1931	- 1991
LOWEST HIGHES LOWEST ANNUAL INSTAN INSTAN ANNUAL ANNUAL 10 PER		(EAN JEAN AN LY MINIMUI PEAK FLOW PEAK STAGI (CFSM) [INCHES) ELDS		976776 2676 30000 386 462 1.6 22.3 6440 1640 674			827473.0 2267 36800 56 86 38000 20.5 1.3 18.8 5320 1410	Dec 31 Sep 21 Sep 16 Dec 31 1 Dec 31		1428 2698 233 36800 12 38000 21.5 11.8 3300 635	Sep 2 Sep 2 Dec 3 7 Jan 1	1950 1941 31 1990 29 1941 24 1941 31 1990 16 1937



MEMORANDUM

State of Indiana • Department of Natural Resources • Indianapolis

TO:

Mark Jaworski

Site Investigation Section, Ofc of Environmental Response

IDEM

Room 837 Chesapeake Building

105 S. Meridian Street

FROM:

Cloyce L. Hedge CLA

Coordinator, Indiana Natural Heritage Data Center

DATE:

1-19-93

SUBJECT: Sensitive Species, etc. - Arvin Industries

I am responding to your request for information on the endangered, threatened, or rare (ETR) species and high quality natural communities and natural areas documented from the area indicated in the subject. The Indiana Natural Heritage Data Center has been checked. If a Land and Water Conservation Fund (LWCF) Site or a Natural and Scenic River is involved, you should contact the Division of Outdoor Recreation, (317)232-4070.

see attached sheet	X LWCF Site
no ETR species or natural areas documented	Designated or candidate Natural & Scenic River

The information I am providing does not preclude the requirement for further consultation with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service as required under Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act of 1973. Contact:

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service 718 North Walnut Bloomington, Indiana 47401 (812)334-4261

At some point, you may need to contact the Department of Natural Resources' Environmental Review Coordinator so that other divisions within the department have the opportunity to review your proposal. For more information, please contact:

Patrick R. Ralston, Director Department of Natural Resources attn: Steve Jose Environmental Review Coordinator 402 W. Washington Street, Room W271 Indianapolis, IN 46204 (317)232-4070 The Indiana Natural Heritage Data Center relies on the observations of many individuals for our data. In most cases, the information is not the result of comprehensive field surveys conducted at particular sites. Therefore, our tatement that there are no documented significant natural features at a site anould not be interpreted to mean that the site does not support special plants or animals.

Due to the dynamic nature and sensitivity of the data, this information should not be used for any project other than that for which it was intended. It may be necessary for you to request updated material.

Thank you for contacting the Indiana Natural Heritage Data Center. You may reach me at (317)232-4052 if you have any questions or need additional information.

SENSITIVE SPECIES, ETC. Arviv Industries

Species/Feature	*Status	<u>Location</u>
Bartramia bugicanda	SE BIN	
Clonophis Kirtlandi:	FC, ST SNA	ke @ L
Floalphin Forest	Natural Comm	writy 3
zwcF site		, N
ZWCF SILE		-
Andes herodias	untited Biv	1
Epioblasma tornosa	ranghana FC, SE Mus	55el 5 V
LAMPSILIS OVATA		
Ligumia recta	N.	,. H
Obovavia subvotund.	4	
fleuro bema chra	FC, 3E	
Quadrula cylindric		

*Status: SE - State Endangered

ST - State Threatened SR - State Rare

SSC - State Special Concern

FE - Federal Endangered FT - Federal Threatened FC - Federal Candidate

ON-SITE WSIT

Date [1 151 1]	Time 10.00 4M
From:	To:
Subject Discussed	
Summary On 1-15-93, I met	with Layer Parton the pesent ware house
manager for 156. To	I said to Gund I wind and the at half at
is leased (by the State of	the Tractor Supply Company and the south is I notiona (Forms Department). The saith is The building is being used as a warehouse for The. The building is being used as a warehouse for The. The is a plegreaser to keep the the floors free of all.
equipment and supply company , the only substatute uskal key	The building is sun free the the floors free
Action Required	- "

Details

File in County____



ARVIN INDUSTRIES, INC., One Noblitt Plaza, Box 3000, Columbus, IN 47202-3000 (812) 379-3000

Legal Department

21 December 1992

Mr. Mark Jaworski
Site Investigation Section
Indiana Department of
Environmental Management
105 S. Meridian St.
Indianapolis IN 46225

Re: 4430 Airport Expressway

Dear Mr. Jaworski:

Pursuant to your request, please find enclosed a copy of the report of the Phase II investigation which ATEC conducted on Arvin's behalf at the above-captioned location in September of 1989.

As is reflected in the report, I have additionally confirmed both that the contents of the two UST's at the northwest corner of the building consisted almost exclusively of mineral spirits (with perhaps traces of tolulene and xylene) and that trichlorethane was not used in the operation of the facility.

As regards the one "hot spot" for TCE reflected by the MW-2 sample, I note that the contour map (Fig. 4) shows that the groundwater flow is West-to-East, making MW-2 upgradient from MW-3. This is at least indicative that the source of the trichlorethane in the groundwater was off-site, an inference further supported by the fact that I am advised that this contaminant was not employed at the facility.

I trust this is responsive to your inquiry.

Page E. Giff

inc∉re, y

Counsel

PEG/ego

encl.



determine if flood insurance is available in this community, ntact your insurance agent, or call the National Flood Insurance agram, at (800) 638-6620.



APPROXIMATE SCALE

1000 0 1000 FEET

NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM

FIRM FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP

CITY OF INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA

MARION COUNTY (INCLUDES CITY OF BEECH GROVE, CITY OF LAWRENCE, CITY OF SOUTHPORT AND TOWN OF SPEEDWAY)

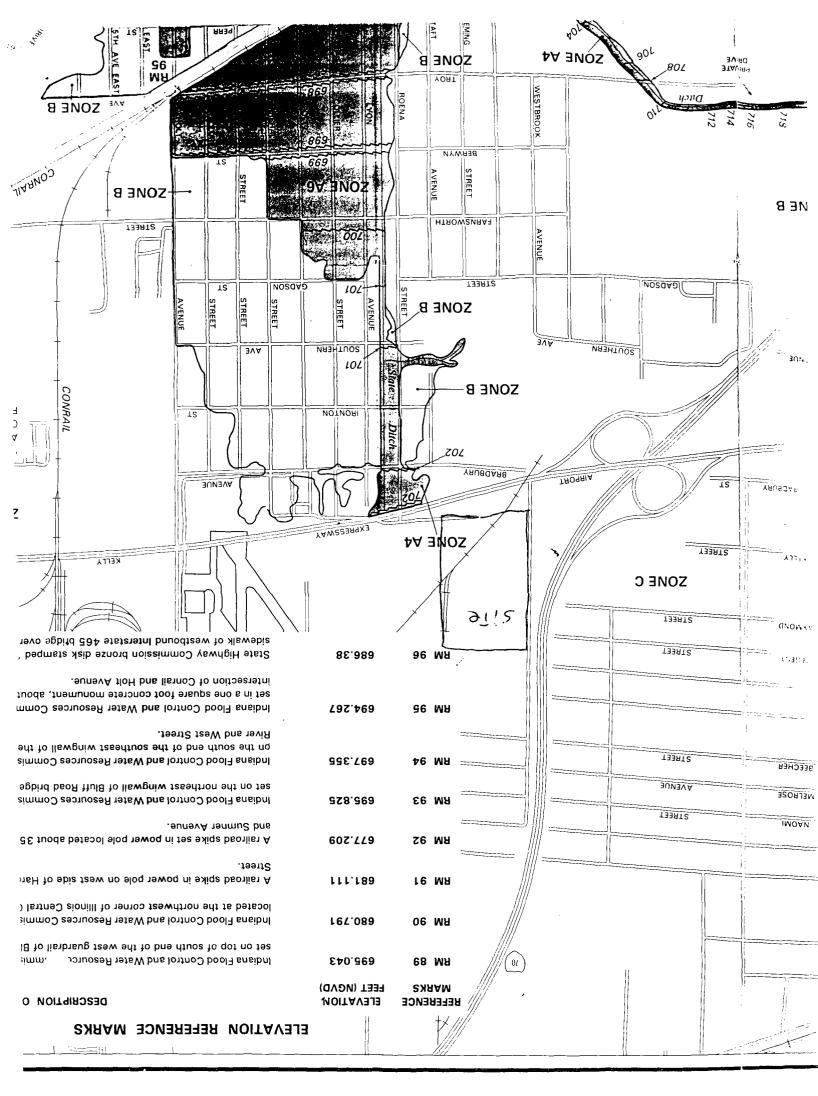
PANEL 70 OF 100

COMMUNITY-PANEL NUMBER 180159 0070 D

> MAP REVISED: JUNE 3, 1988



Federal Emergency Management Agency





KEY TO MAP

500-Year Flood Boundary	ZONE B
100-Year Flood Boundary	20 m 2 m /2 m
Zone Designations*	
100-Year Flood Boundary	ZONE B
500-Year Flood Boundary	
Base Flood Elevation Line With Elevation In Feet**	513
Base Flood Elevation in Feet Where Uniform Within Zone**	(EL 987)
Elevation Reference Mark	RM7 _X
Zone D Boundary	
River Mile	●M1.5
**Referenced to the National Geode	tic Vertical Datum of 1929

*EXPLANATION OF ZONE DESIGNATIONS

ZONE	EXPLANATION
A	Areas of 100-year flood; base flood elevations and flood hazard factors not determined.
Α0	Areas of 100-year shallow flooding where depths are between one (1) and three (3) feet; average depths of inundation are shown, but no flood hazard factors are determined.
АН	Areas of 100-year shallow flooding where depths are between one (1) and three (3) feet; base flood elevations are shown, but no flood hazard factors are determined.
A1-A30	Areas of 100-year flood; base flood elevations and flood hazard factors determined.
A99	Areas of 100-year flood to be protected by flood protection system under construction; base flood elevations and flood hazard factors not determined.

Areas between limits of the 100-year flood and 500year flood; or certain areas subject to 100-year flooding with average depths less than one (1) foot or where the contributing drainage area is less than one square mile; or areas protected by levees from the base flood. (Medium shading)

C Areas of minimal flooding. (No shading)

Areas of undetermined, but possible, flood hazards.

V Areas of 100-year coastal flood with velocity (wave action); base flood elevations and flood hazard factors not determined.

V1-V30 Areas of 100-year coastal flood with velocity (wave action); base flood elevations and flood hazard factors determined.

NOTES TO USER

This map is for use in administering the National Flood Insurance Program; it does not necessarily identify all areas subject to flooding, particularly from local drainage sources of small size, or all planimetric features outside Special Flood Hazard Areas.

Certain areas not in the Special Flood Hazard Areas may be protected by flood control structures.

Corporate limits shown are current as of the date of this map. The user should contact appropriate community officials to determine if corporate limits have changed subsequent to the issuance of this map.

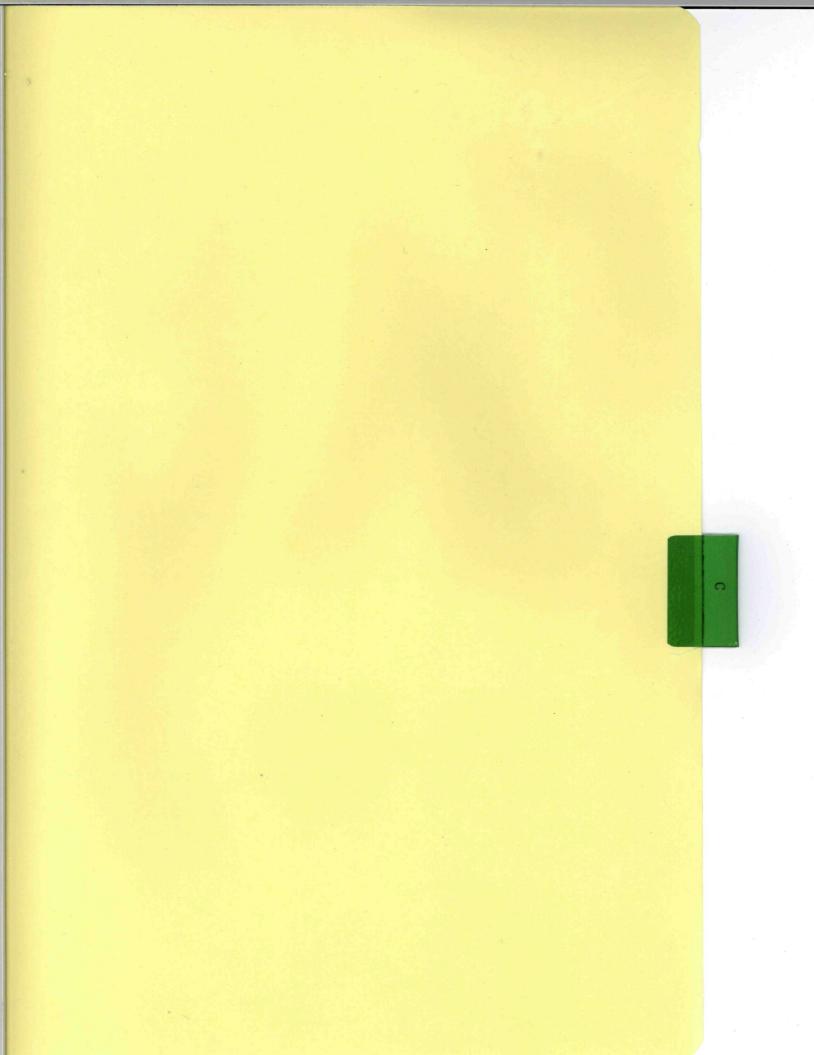
For adjoining panels, see separately printed Map Index.

INITIAL IDENTIFICATION:

MAY 17, 1974

FLOOD HAZARD BOUNDARY MAP REVISIONS:

SEPTEMBER 24, 1976 SEPTEMBER 15, 1978



PA-Score 2.1 Scoresheets ARVIN INDUSTRIES

- 03/19/93

OMB Approval Number: 2050-0095 Approved for Use Through: 4/95

Page: 1

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS				IDENTIFICATION				
				State:	CERCLIS Number			
WASTE SITE			Ĺ	IN	INI	0062812	2870	
PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT	r FORM			CERCLIS	Disco	overy 1	Date:	
				10) <u>–23–89</u>			
1. General Site Information								
Name: ARVIN INDUSTRIES		1	Addre AIRPO	ess: RT EXPRE	SSWAY			
City: INDIANAPOLIS	Zip Co 47201	Zip Code: County: MARION			Co. Code: 97	Cong. Dist: 10		
Latitude: Longitude: 39° 44' 6.0" 86° 14' 13.4"		Area of Site: Status of Site: Active						
2. Owner/Operator Information	n							
Owner: C.B.COMMERCIAL		Operator: ARVIN INDUSTRIES						
Street Address: 115 W WASHINGTON ST. E11705		Street Address: ONE NOBLITT PLAZA, BOX 3000						
City: INDIANAPOLIS		City: COLUMBUS						
State: Zip Code: Telepho IN 46204 317-26	ne: 9-1000	State: Zip C 1000 IN 47202-			Code: Telephone: 812-379-3000			
Type of Ownership: Private	How Initially Identified: Other FACILITY INFORMED IDEM							

PA-Score 2.1 Scoresheets

ARVIN INDUSTRIES

- 03/19/93

Page:

2

IDENTIFICATION POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS CERCLIS Number: State: IND062812870 WASTE SITE IN PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT FORM CERCLIS Discovery Date: 10-23-89 3. Site Evaluator Information Name of Evaluator: Agency/Organization: Date Prepared: 3-15-93 MARK JAWORSKI IDEM Street Address: State: City: 105 SOUTH MERIDIAN INDIANAPOLIS IN Name of EPA or State Agency Contact: Telephone: 317-232-8928 HARRY ATKINSON Street Address: State: City: 105 SOUTH MERIDIAN INDIANAPOLIS IN 4. Site Disposition (for EPA use only) Sidnature: Emergency CERCLIS Response/Removal Recommendation: Assessment SEA / Priority SI Recommendation: No Name: MARK JAWORSKI Date: Date: 3-15-93 Position: ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENTIST

						
POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS				IDENTIFICATION		
WASTE SITE		State: IN	CERCLIS Number: IND062812870			
PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT	FORM				Discovery Date: 0-23-89	
5. General Site Characteristic	cs					
Predominant Land Uses Within 1 Mile of Site: Industrial Urban			Years of Operation: Beginning Year: 1974 Ending Year: 1988			
Type of Site Operations: Manufacturing Paints, Varnishes Fabricated Structural Metal Products				e Generate Onsite	ed:	
			Waste Deposition Authorized By: Former Owner			
			Waste Accessible to the Public No			
			Distance to Nearest Dwelling, School, or Workplace: 3000 Feet			
6. Waste Characteristics Info	rmation		·			
Source Type Quantity Non-drum containers 1.85e+04	Tier (Sol	vents	pes of Wa	ste:	
Tier Legend C = Constituent W = Wastes V = Volume A = Area		Physic Liq		tate of W	aste as Deposited	

PA-Score 2.1 Scoresheets Page: 4 JSTRIES - 03/19/93 ARVIN INDUSTRIES

	IDI	IDENTIFICATION			
POTENTIAL HAZARDO WASTE SITE	State: IN	CERCLIS IND062	Number: 812870		
PRELIMINARY ASSES	CERCLIS Discovery Date: 10-23-89				
7. Ground Water Pathway	7. Ground Water Pathway				
Is Ground Water Used for Drinking Water Within 4 Miles: Yes	Is There a Suspected Release to Ground Water: Yes	Population	ondary Ta on Served ater With	by	
Type of Ground Water Wells Within 4 Miles: Municipal Private	Have Primary Target Drinking Water Wells Been Identified: Yes	0 - 1, >1/4 - 1, >1/2 - 1		0 180 665	
Depth to Shallowest Aquifer: 12 Feet Karst Terrain/Aquifer Present: No	Primary Target Population: 5 Nearest Designated Wellhead Protection Area: None within 4 Miles	>2 - 3	Miles Miles Miles	726 0 13092 14663	

PA-Score 2.1 Scoresheets ARVIN INDUSTRIES

- 03/19/93

IDENTIFICATION POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS State: CERCLIS Number: IND062812870 IN WASTE SITE CERCLIS Discovery Date: PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT FORM 10-23**-89** Part 1 of 4 8. Surface Water Pathway Type of Surface Water Draining Shortest Overland Distance From Any Site and 15 Miles Downstream: Source to Surface Water: Stream 0 Feet River 0.0 Miles Is there a Suspected Release to Site is Located in: Annual - 10 yr floodplain Surface Water: No 8. Surface Water Pathway Part 2 of 4 Drinking Water Intakes Along the Surface Water Migration Path: Have Primary Target Drinking Water Intakes Been Identified: No Secondary Target Drinking Water Intakes: Water Body/Flow(cfs) Name Population Served NONE minimal stream/ <10 Total Within 15 Miles: 0

Page: 6

PA-Score 2.1 Scoresheets ARVIN INDUSTRIES

- 03/19/93

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS

WASTE SITE

PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT FORM

CERCLIS Number:
IN IND062812870

CERCLIS Discovery Date:
10-23-89

8. Surface Water Pathway

Part 3 of 4

Fisheries Located Along the Surface Water Migration Path: Yes

Have Primary Target Fisheries Been Identified: No

Secondary Target Fisheries:

Fishery Name Water Body Type/Flow(cfs)

STATE DITCH small-moderate stream/ 10-100 WHITE RIVER moderate-large stream/ >100-1000

8. Surface Water Pathway

Part 4 of 4

Wetlands Located Along the Surface Water Migration Path? (y/n) No

Have Primary Target Wetlands Been Identified? (y/n) No

Secondary Target Wetlands:
None

Other Sensitive Environments Along the Surface Water Migration Path: Yes

Have Primary Target Sensitive Environments Been Identified: No

Secondary Target Sensitive Environments:

Water Body/Flow(cfs)

small-moderate stream/ 10-100

minimal stream/ <10

small-moderate stream/ 10-100

small-moderate stream/ 10-100

small-moderate stream/ 10-100

Habitat used by Fed. des.species

Habitat used by Fed. des.species

Habitat used by Fed. des.species

PA-Score 2.1 Scoresheets ARVIN INDUSTRIES

- 03/19/93

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS

WASTE SITE

IDENTIFICATION

State: CERCLIS Number:
IN IND062812870

PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT FORM

CERCLIS Discovery Date: 10-23-89

9. Soil Exposure Pathway

Are People Occupying Residences or Attending School or Daycare on or Within 200 Feet of Areas of Known or Suspected Contamination: No

Number of Workers Onsite: 1 - 100

Have Terrestrial Sensitive Environments Been Identified on or Within 200 Feet of Areas of Known or Suspected Contamination: Yes

Terrestrial Sensitive Environments:

Habitat used by State designated endangered/threatened species

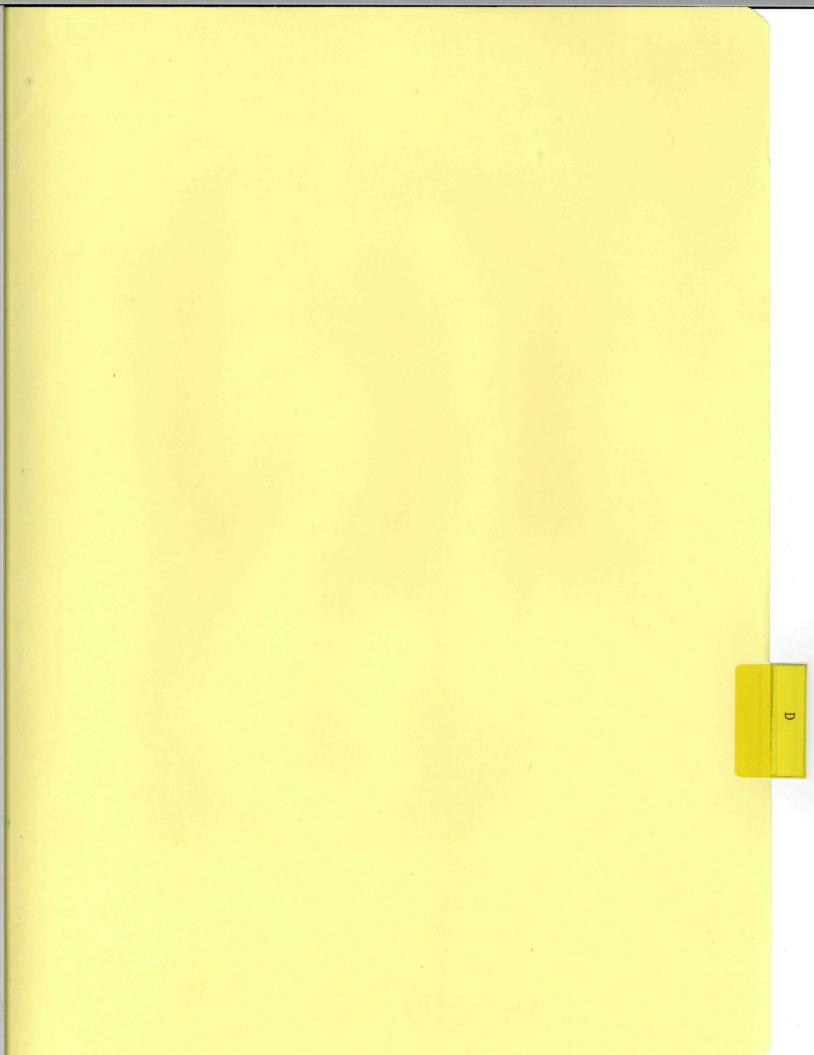
10. Air Pathway

Total Population on or Within: Onsite 35	Is There a Suspected Release to Air: No
0 - 1/4 Mile 74 >1/4 - 1/2 Mile 343 >1/2 - 1 Mile 858	Wetlands Located Within 4 Miles of the Site: No
>1 - 2 Miles 39141 >2 - 3 Miles 39141 >3 - 4 Miles 78283 Total 157875	Other Sensitive Environments Located Within 4 Miles of the Site: Yes

Sensitive Environments Within 1/2 Mile of the Site:

Distance Sensitive Environment Type/Wetlands Area(acres)
0 - 1/4 Habitat for State designated end/thr species

Page: 7



PHOTOGRAPHY LOG SHEET

Page ____

SITE	ALVI	NI	Ndus	Thies

DATE 1-15-93

TIME 9:05 AM

DIRECTION ____

WEATHER MID 40'S.

OUPTCAST

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

MARK JAWORSKI

SAMPLE ID # (IF APPLICABLE)

NA



DESCRIPTION: Picture is facing east. Showing the northern Perimeter of the PLANT building and the northern Parking Lot

SITE Arvin Industries

DATE 1-15-93

TIME 9:10 AM

DIRECTION

WEATHER MID 40'5,

overcast

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

MARK JAWONSKI

SAMPLE ID # (IF APPLICABLE)





DESCRIPTION: PICTURE is facing NorThwest Showing the NorThwest Corner of ARVIN Industries and the Southwest corner of "Grocers SUPPLY" PROPERTY

PHOTOGRAPHY LOG SHEET

Page ____

SITE	Arvi	N	Ind	LUST	Tries	,
			A STATE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN			

DATE 1-15-93

TIME 10:10 AM

DIRECTION

WEATHER MID 405,

Overcast

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

MARK JAWORSKI

SAMPLE ID # (IF APPLICABLE)

NA



#3 Which allegedly was RUN over MONITORING WELL

SITE Arvin Industries

DATE 1-15-93

TIME 10:15 AM

DIRECTION

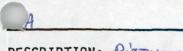
WEATHER MID 40'S,

overcast

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

MARK JAWORSKI

SAMPLE ID # (IF APPLICABLE)





DESCRIPTION: PICTURE PACING WEST Showing the NORTHERN PERIMETER of the PLANT Building and the Northern Parking Lot.

PHOTOGRAPHY	LOG	SHEET
--------------------	-----	-------

Page ____

SITE	Aru	lin	INd	ustr	ies

DATE 1-15-93

TIME 10:00 AM

DIRECTION

WEATHER MID 40'S

Overcast

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

MARK JAWORSKI

SAMPLE ID # (IF APPLICABLE)

NA



OF THE PLANT building and the eastern Parking Lot Area

SITE Arvin Industries

DATE 1-15-93

TIME 9:50 AM

DIRECTION

WEATHER MID 40'S OVERCAST

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

MARK JAWORSKI

SAMPLE ID # (IF APPLICABLE)





PERIMETER OF the former PLANT building

PHOTOGRAPHY	106	SHEET
i iio i o ditti ii i	LUU	JILLI

Page

SITE	ALVIN	Industries

DATE 1-15-93

TIME 9:30 AM

DIRECTION

WEATHER MID 40'S

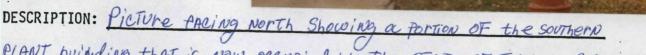
overcast

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

MARK JAWORSKI

SAMPLE ID # (IF APPLICABLE)

NA



PLANT building that is NOW occupied by the STATE OF INDIANA PERSONNEL

SITE ATVIN INDUSTRIES

DATE 1-15-93

TIME 9:20 AM

DIRECTION

WEATHER MID 40'S,

overcast

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

MARK JAWORSKI

SAMPLE ID # (IF APPLICABLE)



DESCRIPTION: PICTURE IS FACING SOUTHWEST SHOWING THE LOCATION OF MONITORING WELL #1 by the bill board



PHOTOGRAPHY LOG SHEET

Page

SITE Arvin Industries

DATE 1-15-93

TIME 9:15 AM

DIRECTION

WEATHER MID 40'S,

overcast

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

MARK JAWORSKI

SAMPLE ID # (IF APPLICABLE)

NA

DESCRIPTION: PICTURE is facing south showing the WESTERN

Perimeter of the former PLANT building



SITE Arvin Industries

DATE 1-15-93

TIME 9:00 AM

DIRECTION

WEATHER MID 40'S;

overcast

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

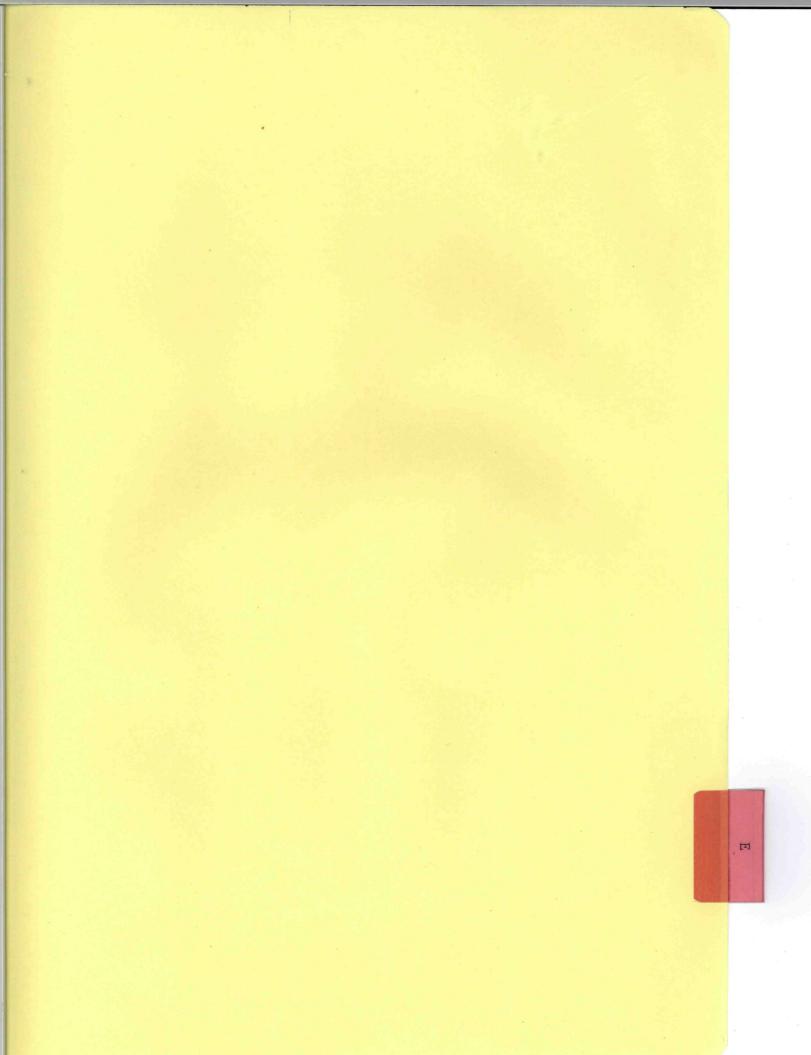
MARK JAWORSKI

SAMPLE ID # (IF APPLICABLE)



the Underground Storage TANKS were removed





Imagery Insert Form

Please see reason(s) indicated below:

Some images in this document may be illegible or unavailable in SDMS.

Unless otherwise not	or RESOLUTION variations. ed, these pages are available in monochrome. The source document primages. The original document is available for viewing at the Superformation Specify Type of Document(s) / Comments:
Confidential Busines	
	ins highly sensitive information. Due to confidentiality, materials with vailable in SDMS. You may contact the EPA Superfund Records Manument. Specify Type of Document(s) / Comments:
Unscannable Materia Oversized orx Due to certain scanni SDMS	
	Specify Type of Document(s) / Comments:
OVERSIZE MAP -	- 4 MILE RADIUS MAP

Imagery Insert Form

Some images in this document may be illegible or unavailable in SDMS.

Please see reason(s) indicated below:

Confidential Business Information (CBI). This document contains highly sensitive information. Due to confidentiality, materia	
information are not available in SDMS. You may contact the EPA Superfund Record wish to view this document. Specify Type of Document(s) / Comments:	
Unscannable Material: Oversized orx_ Format. Due to certain scanning equipment capability limitations, the document page(s) is not	t availa
SDMS Specify Type of Document(s) / Comments: OVERSIZE MAP – 15 mile surface water path map	

Imagery Insert Form

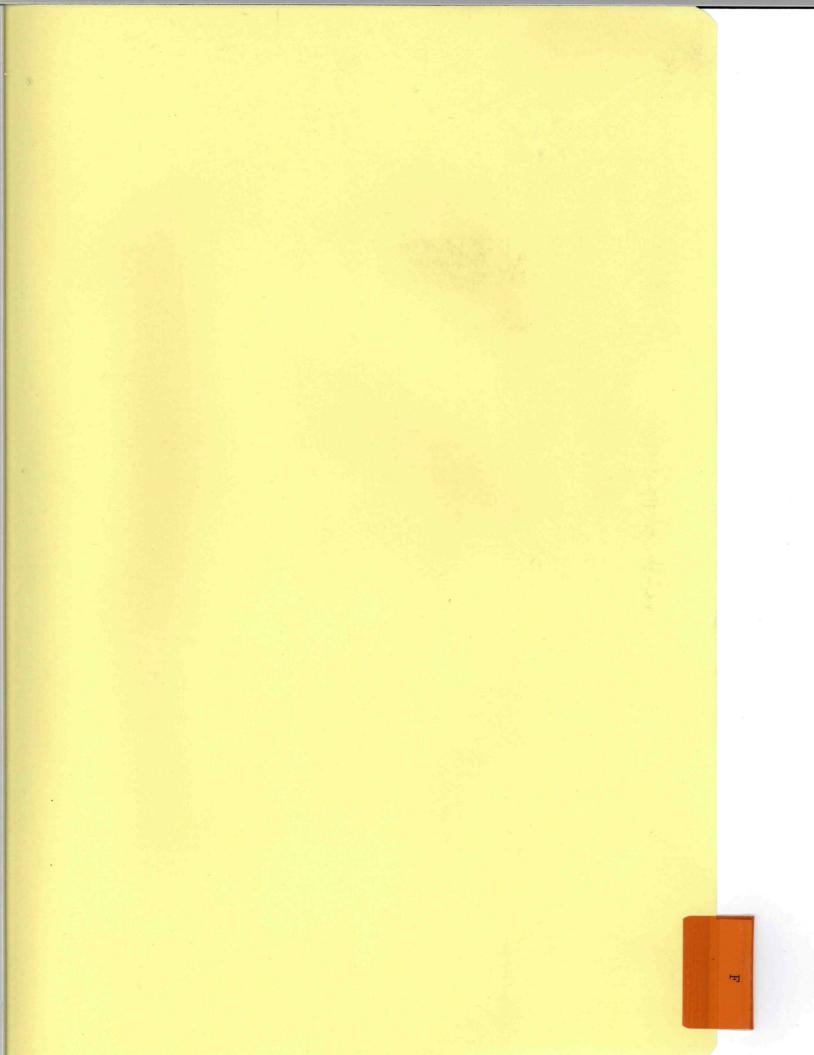
Some images in this document may be illegible or unavailable in SDMS. Please see reason(s) indicated below:

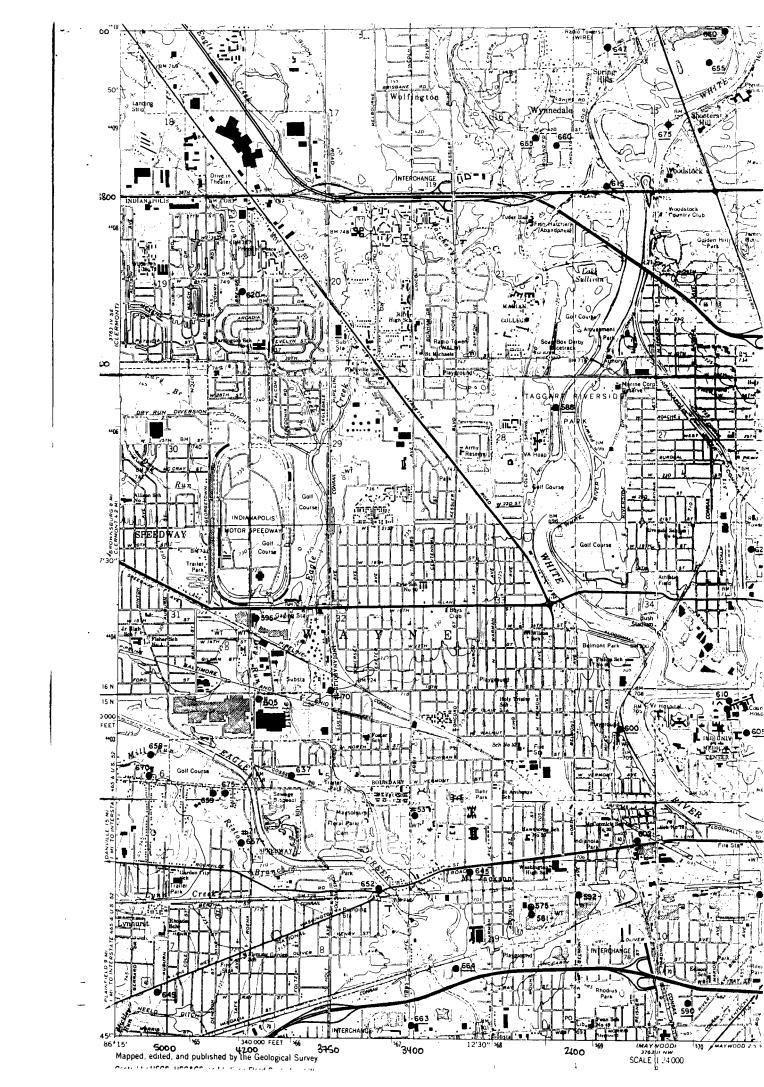
Confidential Business Information (CBI). This document contains highly sensitive information. Due to confidentiality, materials with information are not available in SDMS. You may contact the EPA Superfund Records Manawish to view this document. Specify Type of Document(s) / Comments: Unscannable Material: Oversized orx Format. Due to certain scanning equipment capability limitations, the document page(s) is not available SDMS. Specify Type of Document(s) / Comments:	Unless otherwise not	R or RESOLUTION variations. ted, these pages are available in monochrome. The source document page images. The original document is available for viewing at the Superfur Specify Type of Document(s) / Comments:
Oversized orx Format. Due to certain scanning equipment capability limitations, the document page(s) is not available SDMS. Specify Type of Document(s) / Comments:	This document containformation are not a	ains highly sensitive information. Due to confidentiality, materials with savailable in SDMS. You may contact the EPA Superfund Records Manacument.
		al·

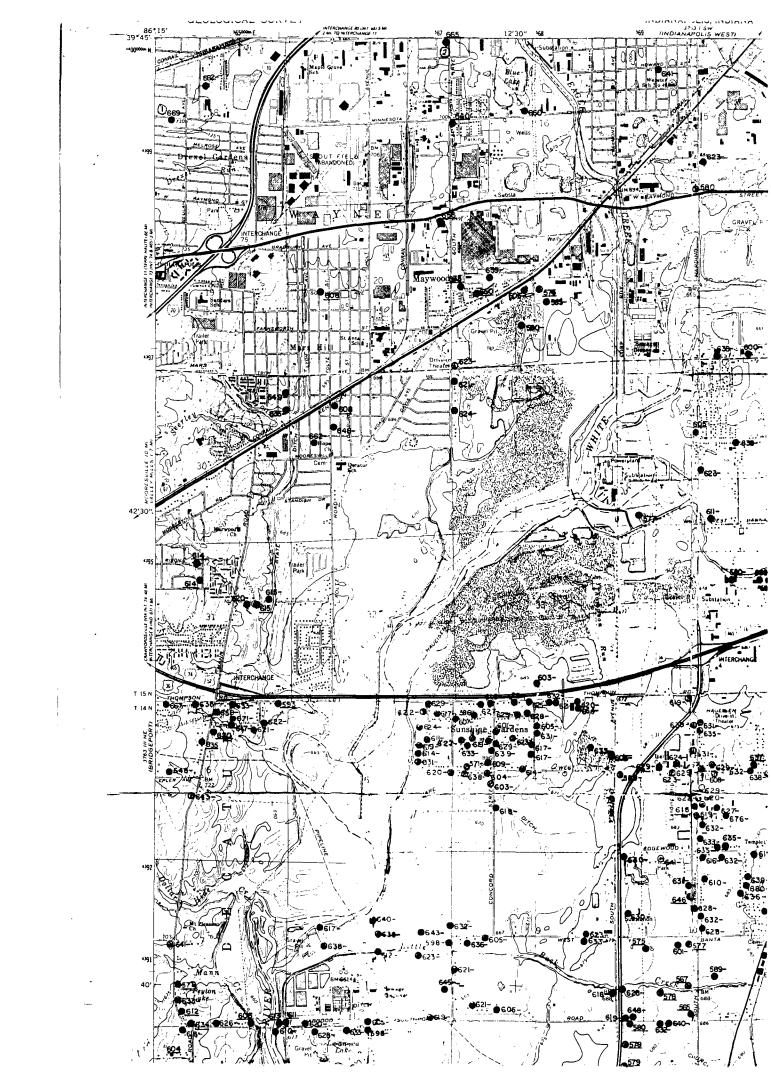
Imagery Insert Form

Some images in this document may be illegible or unavailable in SDMS. Please see reason(s) indicated below:

Confidential Business Information (CBI). This document contains highly sensitive information. Due to confidentiality, materials with information are not available in SDMS. You may contact the EPA Superfund Records Marwish to view this document. Specify Type of Document(s) / Comments: Unscannable Material: Oversized orx Format. Due to certain scanning equipment capability limitations, the document page(s) is not availables. Specify Type of Document(s) / Comments:	Unless otherwise no	OR or RESOLUTION variations. oted, these pages are available in monochrome. The source document pathe images. The original document is available for viewing at the Superful Specify Type of Document(s) / Comments:
Oversized orx Format. Due to certain scanning equipment capability limitations, the document page(s) is not available. Specify Type of Document(s) / Comments:	This document coninformation are not	tains highly sensitive information. Due to confidentiality, materials with available in SDMS. You may contact the EPA Superfund Records Marocument.
Oversized orx Format. Due to certain scanning equipment capability limitations, the document page(s) is not available. Specify Type of Document(s) / Comments:	Unecannoble Mater	
	Oversized or: Due to certain scan SDMS	x Format. Ining equipment capability limitations, the document page(s) is not available Specify Type of Document(s) / Comments:

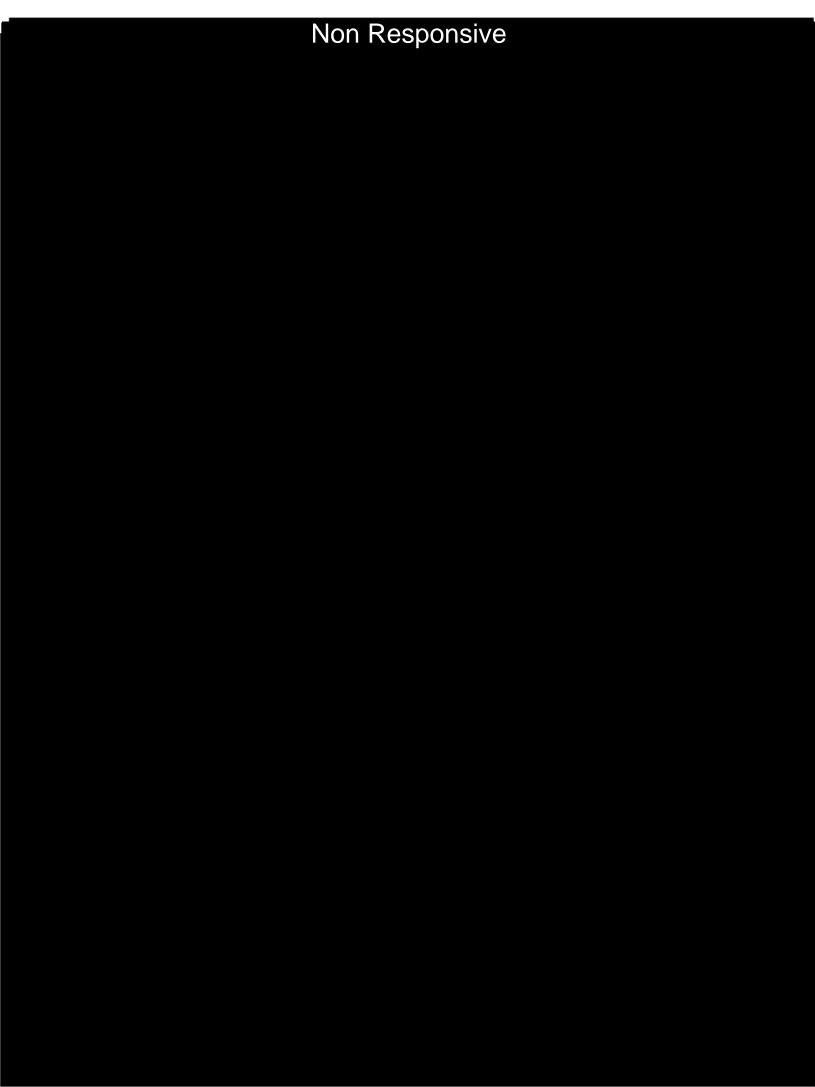






DIVISION OF WATER DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES, STATE OF INDIANA STATE OFFICE BUILDING INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA 46209

Non Responsive



DIVISION OF WATER
DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES, STATE OF INDIANA

STATE OFFICE BUILDING INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA 46209 MElrose 3-6757

WATER WELL RECORD

Non Responsive

Louts!



Non Responsive

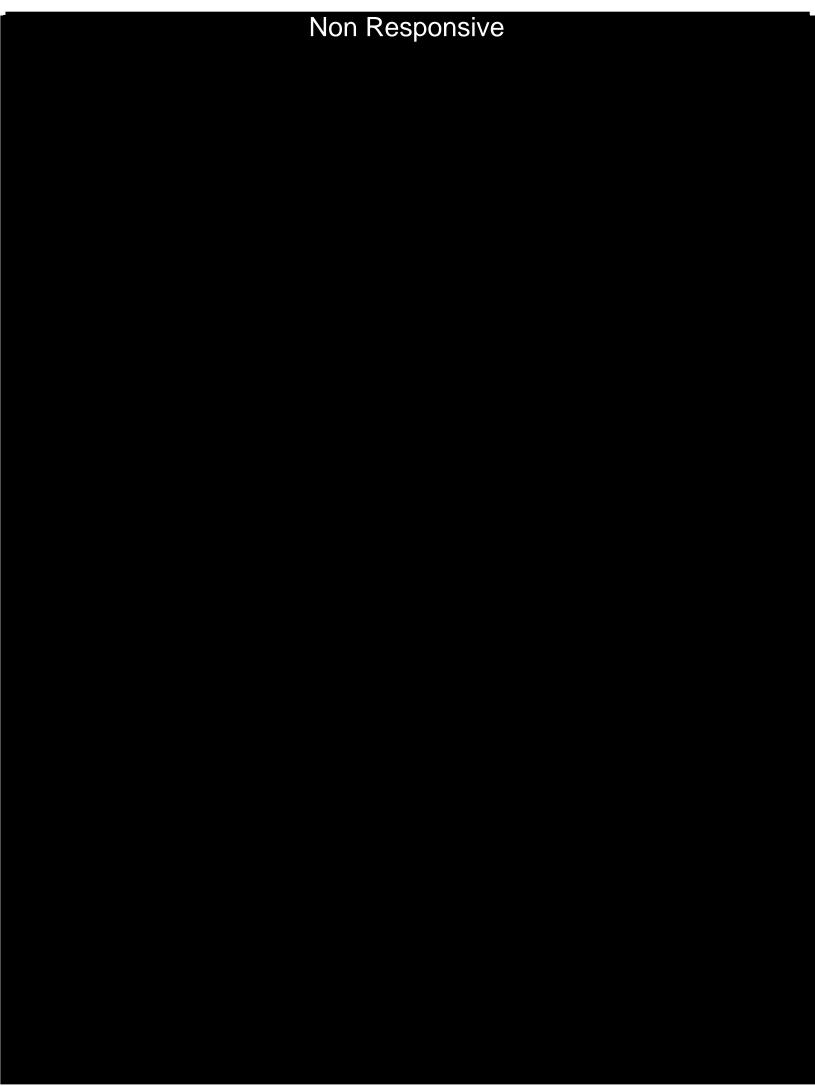
545

DIVISION OF WATER RESOURCES INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION 311 WEST WASHINGTON STREET INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA

WATER WELL RECORD

Non Responsive



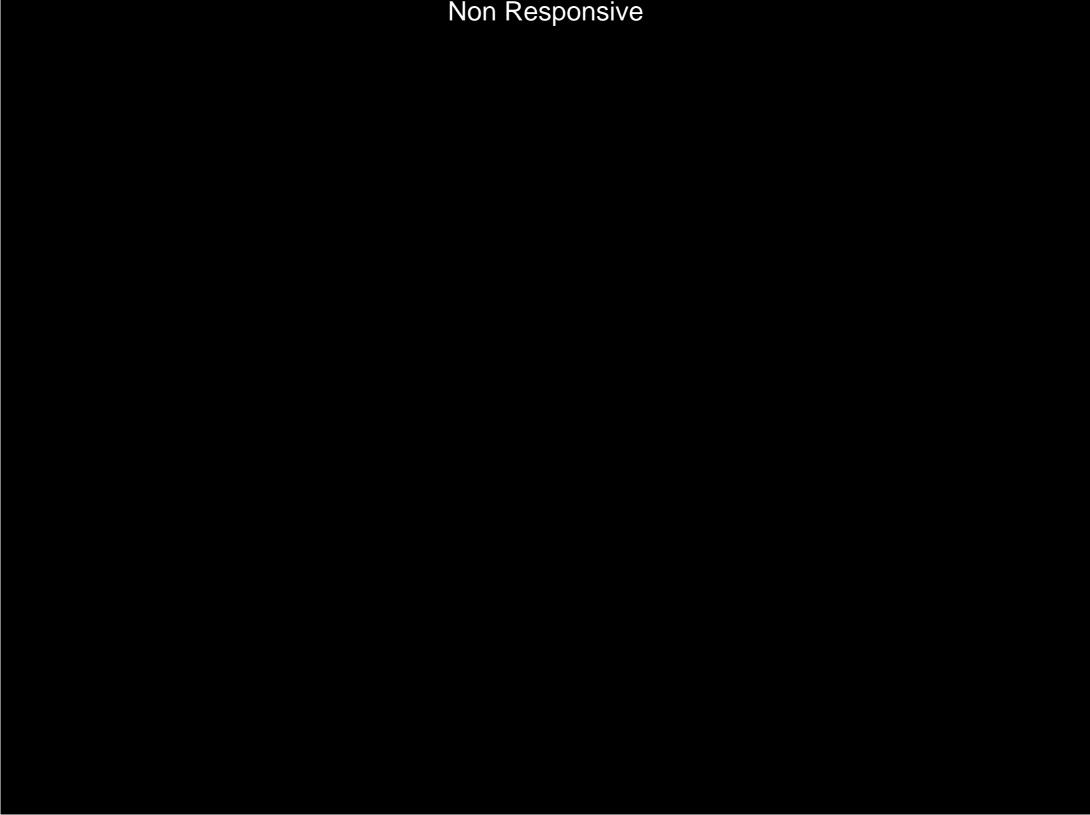






Mail completed record within 30 days to:
DIVISION OF WATER
INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

MATE DIRECTORS BOW



550

DIVISION OF WATER RESOURCES
INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION
311 WEST WASHINGTON STREET
INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA

WATER WELL RECORD

Non Responsive



